NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23154. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 15 cents) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

NOTICE

LUDMILA CHERRY
(LUDMILA LIPOVETSKAYA)
Deceased

All creditors of the above named deceased are hereby requested to furnish the undersigned with particulars of their claims on/or before September 22, 1939.

R. M. CHERRY, *Administrator.*
311 Route Cohen.
-1060

NOTICE

By mutual agreement, Mr. R. J. Maitland has resigned from our firm as from June 30, 1939.

H. OLIVEIRA & SON.
10468

NOTICE

As from June 30, 1939, I have resigned, by mutual agreement, from Messrs. H. Oliveira & Son.

R. J. MAITLAND.
10469

NOTICE

As from July 1, 1939, I have established myself as a merchant under the name of Maitland & Company, Hongkong, with offices at the Hongkong Stock Exchange Building, Room 46.

R. J. MAITLAND.
10470

NOTICE

Owing to the further drop of exchange we are compelled to increase the prices of Twigg's Tip Top Toffee and Twigg's Fruit Syrups as follows:

TIP TOP TOFFEE
1 lb. tin $1.80 per tin
½ lb. tin $0.90 per tin
per bottle
Fruit Syrups, assorted $1.50
Chocolate Syrup $1.80

Obtainable at all Grocers.

MACTAVISH, TWIGG & CO.
1261 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
10471

SHANGHAI TELEPHONE COMPANY

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF COUPON DEBENTURES

FIRST MORTGAGE 6% SILVER DOLLAR DEBENTURES, SERIES B DUE 1957

INTEREST COUPON NO. 13 DUE AUGUST 1, 1939

Holders of Coupon Debentures of the above Series are hereby notified that Coupon No. 13 representing one-half year's interest at the rate of 6% per annum due August 1, 1939 will be payable on or after August 1, 1939 at the offices of the Company, 232 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

Forms for listing coupons may be obtained from the Company at the above address and must be left with the Company two clear days prior to payment.

C. D. LONGHURST,
Comptroller and Assistant Secretary.
Shanghai, July 25, 1939. 10464

SECRETARY

European gentleman, about 40 years of age, with at least 10 years practical and general experience of the Far East/European shipping trade, required for the position of secretary of a Shipping Conference in Manila. Commencing salary P.900, rising to P. 1,200 per month. Only applicants possessing these qualifications need address Box 725, NCDN.
10465

IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIRST SPECIAL AREA IN SHANGHAI

NOTICE
No. 6434

in Re—
APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
of
The Late Franck Vodrazka alias Frantisek Vodrazka

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that:

WHEREAS Mrs. Paraskovia Dormidontovna Konovalova Vodrazka has filed a petition with this Court for issuance to her of letters of administration for the above-mentioned Estate, stating in essence that the petitioner is the relict of the late Franck Vodrazka alias Frantisek Vodrazka, a Czekoslovakian, who died on May 13th, 1939, in Shanghai, China, at the age of 48, leaving a cash deposit with the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China Ltd., Shanghai Branch, (amounting up to May 13, 1939, to CNC$3012.25) which estate is to be administered by the petitioner in accordance with the law.

NOW THEREFORE publication hereof is made in the newspaper to notify the public that whosoever objects to such petition, shall file such objection with this Court within the period commencing from the first day of the publication till the end of another twenty days after stopping the publication. If no objection has been filed within the above specified period of time, this Court will forthwith grant Letters of Administration of the said Estate.

June 28, 1939. -1044

To-day's Events

JULY

26 Shanghai Waterworks strike began (1929)
26 Manchoukuo took over Postal Service (1932)

Coming Events

JULY

27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel. 12.15
29 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30

AUGUST

1 B.U.S.L.C. G'den P'ty., 425 Haig, 5.15
3 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
5 "B" Coy., S.V.C., No. 1 Platoon, Swimming Party, Embankment, 8
10 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

CULTY DAIRY
The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT
10004

PRIVATE SALE

of beautifully cut glassware, porcelain and bronze statues, chinaware, dinner, fruit and coffee sets, miniatures. On view at 95 Joffre Terrace of Avenue Joffre, from 11-1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m. daily. No brokers. -1292

C.P.C. *Blend* **COFFEE**

Santos Blend	$1.60 lb.
Brazil Blend	$1.80 lb.
Kenya Blend	$2.00 lb.
Mocha Blend	$2.20 lb.

The above prices are subject to change.

CROWN PRODUCE CO.
1472 Bubbling Well Road, Tel. 36841
For your favourite mixture apply to our expert.
-1329

THE STUDEBAKER CHAMPION

gives you one of the lowest-priced cars that is manifestly superior in style and quality. This means that you can count on extra years and extra thousands of miles of trouble-free service from your Champion.

METROPOLITAN MOTORS, LTD.
1 Ave. du Roi Albert, Tel. 72658
10139

SUMMER SPECIAL, $1.10
Nut Jelly Toastwich, Vegetable Salad, Pie or Cake, Chocolate Malted Milk
JIMMY'S—11 Rue Montauban
-1321

IF YOU WISH TO BUY A
PHILCO OR LINCOLN RADIO
Call at
S. MOUTRIE & CO.
60 Nanking Road.
or
GALLOP & CO.
320 Szechuen Road
THEY HAVE A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
Prices have only been increased slightly

FOR SALE

Large modern residence on Yu Yuen Road.
Apply
BRANDT & RODGERS LTD.
(Est. 1900)
Tel. 11169 391 Kiangse Road
10279

AUNT'S OINTMENT
positively cures
HONGKONG FOOT
Sold at all leading pharmacies
Sole Agents:
Mactavish, Twigg & Co.
10061

PHOTOGRAPHS

July 14 Celebrations
Spanish National Day Reception
Arrival of Rear-Admiral Hart
Cricket Club Flannel Dance
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH - CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50 each
10 x 12 enlargements	$3 each

Obtainable from Watson's

GRIEF

can take care of itself, but to get the full value of joy you must have somebody to divide it with.—Mark Twain. For a traveller the grief occasioned by the loss of his or her luggage may be not only shared with but entirely passed over to a reliable Baggage Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

NORGE
for refrigeration

1939 MODELS
NOW ON DISPLAY

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865
10009

For MILK
Richest in CREAM
Grade "A" (T.T.)
apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road. Tel. 20470
10002

WANTED TO RENT

Family would take long lease of residence (six to seven bedrooms) with large garden, preferably in French Concession. Address Box 4466, NCDN. 10120

RADIOS REPAIRED
All Makes
FOREIGN ENGINEERS
SAM LAZARO BROS
Authorized RCA Service Station
TELEPHONE 19225 232 NANKING ROAD
10057

EWO CLUB WHISKY
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores
10059

Model Dairy
for
Model Milk
"As standard as sterling on silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
8 TIFENG ROAD, TELEPHONE 21997
10003

Today's News

World Radio Page 2

North-China Daily News

Radio Broadcast over Station XMHD Shanghai is temporarily postponed on account of damage caused by the typhoon.

"North-China Daily News"

Audited Circulation Statement
Average number of paid copies sold Daily in April to June 1939:
10,647

The following is the circulation statement certified by the Company's auditors for April to June 1939.

"The daily average circulation of the 'North-China Daily News' for the months of April, May and June, 1939, was ten thousand six hundred and forty-seven copies, exclusive of 'trees' and vouchers."

THOMSON & CO.
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

July 7, 1939.

The average daily circulation for the first quarter, January to March, 1939, was 10,345 copies.

Refreshing and Delicious!
SIRDIR PASSION FRUIT JUICE
with
AQUARIUS SODA WATER, SILENT WATER or SANUS
The Ideal Summer Drink
CALDBECK'S
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE
CONTINUITY OF SERVICE
EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION
THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department 26 The Bund

SUMMER SHIRTS
Half Sleeves *Made to Measure*
ENGLISH CELLULAR or POPLIN $ 9.50
BEST BROADCLOTH $12.50
RAZON'S, 12 Central Road
10445

Now On Sale
THE
SHANGHAI DIRECTORY
1939
(July Supplement to the China Hong List)

Telephone your order to Hong List Department No. 11055

PRICE $8

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
17 THE BUND

KEEP ABREAST OF THE TIMES

EVERY day's news has some sort feature you do not wish to miss. Be sure of knowing all events by completing the form below and mailing same to us.

A subscription of $4.00 a month *(including postage)* will provide you with the "North-China Daily News" in any holiday resort in China or Japan. Longer or shorter periods in proportion.

ORDER FORM

To the "North-China Daily News,"
17 The Bund, Shanghai.

Please send me your newspaper, including Sunday and other Supplements, addressed as follows:—

Name .....

Address .....

.....

Enclosed is $ ..... *Begin sending* .....

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10756.

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores
10068

There is a
WEALTH OF HEALTH
in pure milk

Our Grade "A" Pasteurised Milk has a wealth of health in it, for it's absolutely pure.

Columbia Dairy Farm
120 Hungjao Road, Telephone 70335

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

HIGH-MILEAGE TRUCKS ON DISPLAY AT FAIRS

A Ford V-8 truck being shown at the New York World's Fair has over 784,000 miles to its credit, accumulated in 56 months of service for the Petroleum Carrier Corp. and its predecessor company of Jacksonville, Fla.

A Ford Truck on display at the Golden Gate Exposition in San Francisco travelled 411,000 miles in 54 months' of service for the S. H. Bacon Materials Co., Huntington Park, Calif.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A
615 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk, for rent or sale, three large buildings in own grounds, tennis court and fine garden, suitable for school, hospital or hotel; fully-equipped with all modern sanitation; well-furnished, but can be taken unfurnished; private well in own garden. Also can be separated into three or four sections; cafe and dancing floor attached. Owner retiring owing to ill-health. Write offers, stating requirements to Post Office Box 221, Tsingtao.
10474

LADY of retiring disposition, desires unfurnished room, in private home. Terms moderate; credentials if required. Address Box 727, NCDN. -1298

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

HARVEY'S WHISKY
At all Compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. Ltd.
(Inc. under the Hongkong Ordinances)
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218
10081

Miscellaneous

This title conveys a miscellany of offers varying from Surveying Instruments to hand-knitted goods and will be found an excellent medium for general advertising.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)

CAPITAL £3,000,000
RESERVE £3,000,000
Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate, London.
London Branches:
117-122 Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3.
14-16 Cockspur Street, S.W. 1.
Manchester Branch: 52 Moseley Street.
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund.
Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star	Hankow	Peiping
Amritsar	Harbin	Penang
Bangkok	Hongkong	Rangoon
Batavia	Iloilo	Saigon
Bombay	Ipoh	Seremban
Calcutta, Clive St.	Karachi	Shanghai
Fairlie Pl.	Klang	Singapore
Calicut	Kobe	Sitiawan
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Sourabaya
Cawnpore	Kuching	Taiping
Cebu	Madras	Tientsin
Colombo	Manila	Tongkah
Delhi	Medan	Tsingtao
Haiphong	New York	Yokohama
Hamburg		

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.

The Bank undertakes to act as Executor and Trustee in approved cases.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for storing valuables, important documents, etc., for rent from $12 per annum upwards according to size.

H. C. HOPKINS, *Acting Manager.*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital: Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves: Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS

Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y138,400,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches

Alexandria	Kobe	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	London	Samarang
Batavia	Los Angeles	San Francisco
Berlin	Manila	Seattle
Bombay	Moji	Shanghai
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Canton	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagoya	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Paris	
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtao
Hsinking	Rangoon	Yingkow
Karachi		

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager.*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager.*

NON—CREASING
DRESS LINEN
In White and 14 Lovely Colours
36 INCHES WIDE $8.95 YARD
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

MARGARINE

Owing to increased costs, we are compelled to increase prices as follows:

	Per lb.
Colonial Margarine	25 cents
Palm Vitamin Plus Margarine	35 cents

HENNINGSEN PRODUCE COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
10466

Good Office Stationery

draws business and brings repeat orders to the business man. Good printing calls for the highest grade of colour and half-tone work. Our printing department will furnish suggestions, lay-outs, dummies, etc., without charge and will be glad to solve your printing problems.

The North-China Daily News
Printing Department
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055, Extension 5

FREE

We shall be glad to send you on application, a copy of Mr. Bob Martin's Dog Book which tells you how to keep your dog always healthy and happy.

We stock the following Bob Martin preparations:—

Antiseptic Fluid	Dog Soap
Antimate	Eye Drops
Aperient Pills	Fit and Hysteria Tablets
Condition Powders	Insect Powder
Cleansfur	Martinmilk
Canker Lotion	Ointment No. 92
Canker Powder	Stomach Powder
Chalk Block	Shampoo Bloom Powder
Cat Powder	Worm Capsules
Diarrhoea Powder	Worm Powders
Distemper Powder	Worm Tablets

WATSON'S
Agents for BOB MARTIN

North-China Daily News
SNAPSHOT COMPETITION

Six Fortnightly Prizes of $10 each and a Special Prize of $40 for the best snapshot of the series

The Second Fortnight Ends Sunday, August 6

RULES

1. A prize of $10 will be paid to the amateur sending in the best snapshots every fortnight ending October 1.
2. A prize of $40 will be given for the best snapshot of the whole series.
3. Photographs must have been taken by the competitor, who must be an amateur, and must not have previously appeared in any other publication.
4. Photographs may be of any size not smaller than 2¼ x 2¼ inches and must be unmounted. They may be developed, printed by a professional photographer, but must not be touched up, double printed, or otherwise manipulated.
5. Any number may be sent in any one fortnight or every fortnight. The entry form at the foot must be filled in and must accompany each photograph submitted. Name or nom de guerre must be written in pencil on the back of the snapshot.
6. The "North-China Daily News" has the right of printing any or every photograph sent in for competition, whether a prize winner or not. No photographs will be returned.
7. The decision of the "North-China Daily News" must be accepted as final. No member of its staff is allowed to compete.
8. Entries must be addressed "Snapshots," North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund.

Glossy prints are preferable but there is no restriction as to paper or printing

SNAPSHOT COMPETITION ENTRY FORM

To "Snapshots," North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund, Shanghai

Name .....

Address .....

Nom de guerre for publication, if preferred .....

Title .....

Camera used ..... *Where taken* .....

..... *Stop* .....

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and, to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Life After Death:

The Analogy of Sleep

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Much has already been written in your columns about this absorbing and profound subject, but I feel that there are one or two points left which will bear further elucidation.

Life and Death, sleep and waking, summer and winter—all are continuous cycles of Nature, and just as waking must follow sleep, to be repeated over and over again, just as winter and summer trace their pattern in every year, so must life follow death, to be followed by another death and then another life. Everything in the universe moves in cycles—nothing is stationary, and the immortal spirit of Man (which is in essence no different from the spirit in a stone, or a tree, or a beast, or a planet) is no exception. The man is the creation of the child, yet he is different; so is the present personality the creation of a former personality in a previous life, yet it is not the same, for it has changed, grown finer and nobler, or, as the case may be, more warped and evil, according to past acts and thoughts.

But, just as the man when asleep is not consciously alive to the world in which he is active during the day but lives in a dream-world of his own fashioning, wherein he is surrounded by familiar people and things through the power of his imagination, so must a man after crossing the great threshold of Death be transferred to a dream-world of his own and lose all actual contact with the physical world. If our Spiritualist friends would reflect seriously over this they would realize that it would be the worst form of Hell for our "dear departed" to live on invisibly around us and take part in all our sufferings and petty joys as actively as ever. I would not wish my worst enemy to live in such a gross "Summerland." Our physical body has certain contacts with material life: is it not logical to think that release from such a body must mean release from the bondage of the entire physical world, exactly as sleep releases the mind from the "reality" of the waking state?

In conclusion, I think it would be well to remember that Life is infinitely grander and loftier and more spiritual than the limited aspect of it which an average human mind can apprehend. Human conceit compels man to view space and time, spirit and matter, according to his limited capacities, but time and space and all the varied states of matter may be viewed differently by a planet, or a sun, or a galaxy, or a god.

POMONA.

Shanghai, July 25.

Generosity:

And High Cost of Living

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—"But, Missie, everything no all same before; coal more dear, water more dear, soap more dear, chow more dear; just now very hardly can live." "Nonsense," she answered, "don't talk such rubbish to me. Chinese can live very cheaply. I won't pay a cent more than I have always paid." She was wearing nicely laundered garments, looking clean and fresh on a hot summer day. As the crestfallen washman left the room having failed in his nervous appeal for a little assistance to meet his increasing expenses, my mind travelled to the sweltering wash-house where sweating people were working for a mere pittance, and to the little over-loaded boy who delivered my washing clean and dry on the day of the heavy typhoon last week. "I know how to deal with these people," she remarked crossly, then, "What about another drink?" "No thank you," I replied. I felt it would be imposing on her generosity, knowing that the increased cost of beverages and other incidentals was making severe inroads into her husband's higher cost of living bonus.

UNCLE TOM.

Shanghai, July 25.

Sabbath Holidays:

A Russian's Enquiry

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—"Disregarding Sabbath holidays, British and French diplomatic representatives here held a 75-minute conference with the Soviet Foreign Commissar" etc., states Havas News Agency in its report from Moscow published in today's issue of the "N.C.D.N."

I would like to make some comments about this statement and should be much obliged if you would kindly permit me to do it. You know, we, the Russian emigrants, have practically no means directly to communicate with our country, our relatives and friends, thus deprived of reliable first-hand information on what is now going on in Russia. It is natural, therefore, that any report about Russian affairs published in the press attracts our keenest interest. Unfortunately the clearness of wording of a report seems not to be a strongest point of Havas News Agency. For instance, what does it exactly mean, this "Disregarding Sabbath holiday" in Russia.

Allow me to explain my anxiety. Russia was always—for 950 years to be exact—a Christian country, therefore Sunday was usually our holiday, not the Sabbath. Well, the Soviet Government, in accordance with the principles professed by them, that "Religion is opium for the people" or that "Communism is incompatible with religion," is persecuting believers and prohibiting religion. All religions, we were told. In order to make it impossible for the believers to worship, the Soviet Government introduced a five-day week, thus eliminating Sunday. In addition to this, every member of a Russian family has a different day of holiday during the week, so they can never assemble together at home. Of course, there are a number of other ways of persecution I would not speak about now.

Now you can understand how surprised we were when we read the Havas report about that "Sabbath Holiday" in Moscow. Does it mean that the Soviet Government has ceased persecuting religion? If it is so, why then a "Sabbath Holiday" instead of Sunday Holiday? Or does it mean that Sunday is still prohibited while Sabbath is permitted? Or does it refer only to the persons engaged in the negotiations? Clarification of all these questions on the part of the Havas News Agency would, therefore, be much appreciated by us.

A RUSSIAN.

Shanghai, July 25.

China's Fate:

Fears of a Chinese

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Young China fell to the path of Old Turkey in 1913. She may become the Czechoslovakia before this year passes away. But what happens to her is more far-reaching, more significant, and more serious in human history. She is unique in civilization, in culture, in ideal, in nationality as well as great in geography, in history, in potentiality. While Tokyo takes the place of Munich of yesterday this verse by Lucile Chandler of Minneapolis, Minn., appears before me in "The American Friend" laid on my desk and my tears simply cannot help coming down. Please let it be read as follows:

SHALL STRICKEN CHINA CALL IN VAIN?

Mutely the world looks on while China moans
Her requiem in echoing overtones
For countless dead—her heart bowed down—forlorn,
Beneath a scourge too heavy to be borne.
A neighbour nation, crazed with greed and lust,
Tramples her womanhood beneath the dust;
The blood of China flows—a crimson stream—
While cities fall, and Chaos reigns supreme.
Scorned and despoiled in ghastly pageantries,
Threatened by flood and famine—dread disease,
She gazes down Destruction's flaming path
And fearfully awaits the aftermath.
Shall Civilization drowse, nor lift a hand
To ease the pain in this beleaguered land,
While China calls, (her homes and fields laid waste)
"O, Nations, Heal our wounds! Make haste! Make haste!"?

A QUAKER.

Shanghai, July 24.

Stray Dog:

An Appeal to Owner

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Through the medium of your widely-read paper, I am appealing to the owner of a dark brown sporting dog to make a special effort to rescue it from its misery. It seems to have been lost for a considerable time, as it is now in a terrible condition, being reduced to just skin and bones. I saw it this morning on Yuen Ming Yuen Road (between Peking and Jinkee Roads) in desperate search for food, and I am sure no owner could bear to see his dog in such a plight.

DOG LOVER.

Shanghai, July 24.

P.S. The S.S.P.C.A. are on the look out for it.

Amherst River:

An Essay in Sarcasm

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Residents who live on the banks of the Amherst River (the bed of which has temporarily run dry) and who wish to sign an illuminated address to the Public Works Department of the S.M.C., thanking that efficient body of public servants for the amenities of the Amherst and Columbia River districts and, in particular, for conniving at, what they have called a "noiseless iron dump" now erecting itself next to my own hut, are requested to communicate by 'phone, motor-boat or sampan with

PAUL KOMOR.
No. 92 Amherst River-Avenue

Shanghai, July 25.

Singapore Chinese Send Protest Against Pact

Anglo-Japanese Agreement Said Loss of Prestige

Singapore, July 24.

Mr. Tan Kah-kee, a leader in the Chinese community here and organizer of several drives netting millions of dollars for relief and war work in China, today addressed telegrams to a number of British leaders voicing strong opposition to any compromise with Japan.

In his messages Mr. Tan declared he was speaking on behalf of 8,000,000 overseas Chinese living under British rule—many of them British subjects.

He asserted that in the opinion of these people, any compromise with Japan would be extremely prejudicial to British prestige and interests in the Far East.

The telegrams were addressed to Mr. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, Mr. Winston Churchill, Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, Sir Archibald Sinclair, Mr. Aurthur Greenwood, Mr. David Lloyd George and Lord Lytton, all leaders regarded as sympathetic to China at this time.

Meanwhile, Chinese vernacular papers here expressed grave misgivings over the British moves at the Anglo-Japanese parleys in Tokyo.—United Press.

PAYING one of his rare visits to London is Sir Aurel Stein, the greatest living scientific explorer, who, at the age of 76, is still planning fresh journeys into the wilds of Asia. He has just returned from the Near East, where he has been studying colloquial Arabic and tracing the old Roman road to Mesopotamia. He has already surveyed most of the old trade route from China to the Near East.

BY SAPAJOU

The Unruly Quadriga

Death of Bishop Molony

Shanghai Receives News of His Passing with Regret; Distinguished Career

The news of the death of the Rt. Rev. Herbert James Molony, D.D., former Bishop of Chekiang, which was reported by the "North-China Daily News" yesterday, has been received in Shanghai with great regret by a great many people who knew him and appreciated his great qualities. Bishop Molony died in London at the age of 74.

Pembroke College Cambridge has had many illustrious sons, but she sent out from her walls none more thoroughly "good" than Herbert James Molony, who took his B.A. degree in 1887, and after a course at Ridley Hall, was ordained Deacon in 1888, and Priest in 1889, at Newcastle-on-Tyne. From 1888 to 1890 he was curate of St. Stephens, Newcastle, but his breadth of vision and longing to extend the kingdom of Jesus Christ, reached out beyond the North of England town in which he was working and in 1890 he was accepted as a missionary of the C.M.S. and sent to North India to work among the Gonds, an aboriginal people living up among the hills of the central provinces within a distance of 100 miles from Jubbulpore.

Work In India

Neither attacks of fever nor the dangers of the track could stop such an ardent soul and for 14 years Mr. Molony made Mandla the centre from which he was constantly itinerating among the villages of the Gonds impelled by a burning desire to deliver his message. Under his ministry the work was extended, two fresh bases among these tribespeople were established at Patpara and Marpha. Dispensary work was begun; schools were started, the most promising of the younger men were trained to be evangelists to their own people, while simple places of worship were established where the gospel of Jesus Christ could be proclaimed.

In 1904, Mr. Molony became C.M.S. Secretary for the Diocese of Nagpur. It was a great grief to him to relinquish his work among the Gonds, but he moved to Jubbalpore and shortly afterwards became examining Chaplain to the Bishop of Nagpur. In 1908 the Bishopric in mid-China became vacant. It was realized that a man of experience was wanted; one who could grasp a complicated situation, who knew the difficulties of up country work, who would not be afraid to move with the times, and who would develop the ministry of those to whom he was sent, and thus it came about that Mr. Molony was offered the Bishopric, and the steps of this good man were ordered to China.

The University of Cambridge conferred upon him the D. D. degree (hon. causâ) and on January 25, 1908, at Westminster, he was consecrated Bishop in the presence of eleven other Bishops of the C. of E. and a great congregation of those who came to pray that God's blessing might rest upon him. In the same year he married one of a family of five sisters, three of whom were already missionaries in China, and Mrs. Molony has throughout the Bishop's episcopacy, by her loving kindness and gracious hospitality, endeared herself to Chinese and foreigners alike.

Progress In Chekiang

Shortly after the Bishop's consecration his title was changed from "Bishop in mid-China" to "Bishop in Chekiang" as it was felt that this more nearly corresponded to his sphere of jurisdiction. It was not easy to take on the responsibility of a large diocese with work mostly among the Chinese, for it meant settling down again to fresh language study, but with characteristic clearness of vision and energy, realizing that Ningpo was the commonest dialect spoken in his diocese, the Bishop decided to make his headquarters in Ningpo city and there tackle that difficult dialect.

Quiet, unostentatious, courageous, optimistic, of a peaceable disposition, full of quiet humour, given to hospitality, in discussion fair, as chairman in conference or committee impartial, always ready to consider the Chinese view point and give it its full value, in other words "a good man.

Little by little the work of the Diocese has been built up and consolidated. Over twenty Chinese had been ordained to the Ministry and in 1918 Bishop Molony had the joy of seeing his dear friend and colleague, Archdeacon Sing, consecrated the first Chinese Anglican Bishop. Important educational work was carried on and further developed in Ningpo, Hangchow and Shaoshing, so that in 1925 the staff of the Mission included 9 foreign and 26 Chinese clergymen, 9 foreign laymen, 16 missionaries, wives, and 25 other foreign women missionaries; 7 of the above were doctors and 6 were nurses engaged at the Mission Hospitals in Hangchow and Ningpo. There were also 102 Chinese Christian lay agents.

In 1925 the Bishop felt that perhaps a younger man would be more fitted to take the lead in the growing work of the diocese and accordingly asked the Archbishop of Canterbury to accept his resignation. Fortunate was it that the Archbishop persuaded the Bishop to return for a further term of service, for in 1927, when the Nationalist made their way North and the anti-Christian movement gathered in strength, the wise counsel and statesmanlike leadership of our Bishop helped the Church in Chekiang to weather the storm, and at the same time his deep spirituality kept reminding all his fellow labourers that the work was not theirs, but Gods, and so could not be overthrown.

On his departure from China in 1929, Bishop Molony took up parochial work at home and up to two years ago he was Rector of Teston, in Kent. His stepson, Dr. Goodwin, is at present on the staff of the Hangchow Hospital.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JULY 26, 1869

A correspondent writing from Chefoo on the 21st instant, says:—We were agreeably surprised yesterday morning, to get the Home mail of June 4, which must have arrived in Shanghai three days before the contract time, and was brought on here by the Tapangnyo in 48 hours from time of leaving Shanghai. She reported having passed the Szechuen at Woosung, and beat her by several hours on the route. I hear the markets are still much depressed, and it is with difficulty small parcels of foreign staples can be moved off at low rates. There is nothing doing in opium, except some few chests forced on the market at Tls. 509. The weather of late has been very sultry with frequent thunderstorms and heavy showers, but I don't think the thermometer has yet ranged over 88 Fahr. in my sitting-room

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-length and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055).

PLACE	P.M. (SHAI. TIME)	METRES	CYCLES
London*	(Trans.2) 6.45-10.00	16.84	17.81
	(Trans.3) 10-12.15	16.84	17.81
	12.15 1 a.m.	16.86	17.79
Paris	7	19.68	15.25
Rome	5.30 9.30 12	25.40	11.81
	7	16.83	17.82
Berlin	3 8 10	16.89	19.63
San Fran.	8.30 10.30	31.48	9.53
Manila	6.30 11	31.35	9.57
Melbourne	5.15 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
Tokyo	1 2 3.30 4.30 10 11	25.42	11.80
Hongkong	1.30 9.15	31.49	9.52
Chungking	7.20 10	31.49	8.52

*Afternoon BBC Programme

7.30 "At the Black Dog," play
8.30 "Pygmalion" part 1, play
9.15 News
9.45 Sports news and markets
11.00 "This is England," talks of summer days
11.30 Shows from the Seaside.
12.00 News

"PYGMALION"

Broadcast Performance of Shaw's Masterpiece

Firm favourite of playgoers all over the world for twenty-five years, subject of one of the greatest screen successes of recent times, George Bernard Shaw's "Pygmalion" is now adapted for broadcasting. It will be presented from Daventry in three parts, the first two being heard on successive nights during this week.

The heartfelt "Not bloody likely!" with which Eliza Doolittle, flower-girl protégé of Henry Higgins, Professor of Phonetics, temporarily lapses from the standard of culture to which Higgins had brought her shocked London playgoers when, in April, 1914, "Pygmalion" was first produced—and helped to pack the Haymarket Theatre for 118 performances, a run that was brought to an end only by the outbreak of war. Mrs. Patrick Campbell played the part of Eliza, and Sir Herbert Tree, who produced the play, that of Higgins.

The absorbing plot, glittering with the sharp icicles of Shavian wit, tells how Higgins transforms a Cockney flower-girl into a self-possessed young woman whom duchesses accept without question, and does so principally by working on her manner of speech. The play, in fact, is a treatise on phonetics, and points eloquently to Shaw's interest in the subject—an interest that has been further shown by the great dramatist's membership of the BBC's Advisory Committee on Spoken English.

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3 LEZGINKA Dun 13-1, A/50, S.R.C. Sub-griffin of 1939. Has been placed 2nd four times and 3rd Three times. Still a maiden. Owner giving up stable.
4 BAY AUSTRALIAN HORSE Quiet to ride, Good condition. Believed sound. Owner leaving Shanghai.
5 BROWN OR BAY PONY J/71, 13-1, "Z" Class.
6 HUNTLEY TIMES late White Emperor Grey 13-1, P/64, "Y" Class, winner and placed many times.
7 HOUDINI Bay 13-0, J/263, Griffin of 1937, Well known race pony, excellent jumper. Guaranteed sound. Owner giving up stable.
8 BLAZINGFOOT Grey 13-1, A/215, Griffin of 1939 started, a very fast pony. Owner giving up stable.
9 BROWN BOMBER Bay 13-1, A/120, 6 yrs. old, date of certificate 7/11/38, winner of two races and placed second once, Owner giving up stable. Guaranteed sound.

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No Unanimity on New Government

Several Military Factions Disagreee on Their Support Of Two Candidates

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, July 15.

In recent months there has been much talk of the formation of a government for the whole of China under Mr. Wang Ching-wei. His latest declarations on the subject have been given so much publicity, not only in the newspapers in Japan, but also in the vernacular press of North China, that one assumed, as a matter of course, that there was complete unanimity on this policy in the directing Japanese circles and that it was only a matter of months, or even weeks, when this government would become an accomplished fact. The interview given to foreign and Japanese correspondents at the old Waichiaopu building on July 13, by Mr. Wang Keh-min, head of the Peiping Provisional government, on his return from the Tsingtao Conference, will therefore be read with much interest. His answers to questions on the subject of the much-advertised new government, put to him chiefly by Japanese newspapermen, showed to pat it mildly, a strange lack of enthusiasm. Here are some of the more relevant questions and answers :—

Q. Was the formation of central government for China discussed at the Tsingtao Conference?

A. No, it was not discussed. It was not even on the agenda; though naturally we had private conversations on the question, when purely personal views were exchanged.

Q. Are the reports correct that you personally support Mr. Wang Ching-wei's stand?

A. No such public statement has ever been made by me.

Q. What do you consider to be the reaction among the Chinese masses to Mr. Wang Ching-wei's peace move?

A. Some are in favour of it; others criticize it.

Q. When will the new central government be formed?

A. It is a very complicated question which I am unable to discuss at present.

Q. Did Mr. Wang Ching-wei attend the Tsingtao Conference?

A. No, he did not.

Q. Is the Peiping provisional government supporting Mr. Wang Ching-wei's peace move?

A. In general yes. But the methods suggested for terminating the conflict and settling the incident will be found to be different from those advocated by Mr. Wang Ching-wei.

Q. Why did not the Peiping provisional government issue a statement on Mr. Wang's recent articles?

A. The Peiping provisional government is not concerned with this question.

Voices of His Masters

Now all this is most imteresting, even startling. Nobody, for a moment, imagines that the above answers represent the views of Mr. Wang Keh-min himself. Neither he nor any of the other Chinese who took part in the Tsingtao Conference would be allowed to have views of their own, or if they had any, would be allowed to express them publicly in this way. If then Mr. Wang-Keh-min disposes of the much-advertised Wang Ching-wei government in this almost contemptuous fashion, it means, of course, that we are hearing the voices of his masters. If that is so, it would appear to indicate that a tense political struggle is going on behind the scenes.

Mr. Wang Keh-min, one gathers from this interview, does not think very highly of the scheme for setting up a central government for the whole of China with Mr. Wang Ching-wei at the head. Now the former is the appointee of Maj.-Gen. Kita, backed by the officers of the North China Command, while the latter, it is said, is sponsored by Gen. Doihara, backed by the Ministry of War in Tokyo.

But, according to certain Japanese circles here, the rift goes even deeper. For it is said that Prince Konoye favours the Kita-Wang Keh-min, and Baron Hiranuma the Doihara-Wang Ching-wei, combination. It has long been known that due to the differences among the various cliques in the Japanese army there has been considerable difficulty in forming a pro-Japanese government for the whole of the conquered territory. This was clear from the constant delays that have ensued, each time that the early formation of such a government had been announced.

Army Colonial Empire

It has been common talk for a long time in Japanese military circles in North China that they were going to create a colonial empire of their own, just as the Kwantung Army had done in Manchoukuo; that they have drawn up a Fifty-Year Plan for north China, which it is their intention to exploit themselves, and not to hand over to the selfish capitalist interests in Japan. What happens to the rest of the war in China is no longer of any great interest to them Let the Japanese government get out of it, as best it can.

The north China Army has got what it set out to get. This attitude of military circles in north China is easily understood, if one compares the glorious existence these Japanese officers are enjoying in the conquered territory these days, with their previous frugal and penurious life at home. Servants and slaves galore, to do their slightest bidding; high-powered limousines at the disposal of the humblest subaltern, who probably could scarcely afford a rickshaw in Japan; money to burn; unlimited cabaret and other night-life pleasures, now forbidden in Japan. Why should they want to stop the war and return to the dull routine of garrison life at home?

It would, therefore, not be so strange, if the officers of the North China army should prefer to support Gen. Kita's candidate and plan for an independent state of north China, rather than a general government over the whole of the conquered territory of China. And if Prince Konoye, now that he is no longer at the head of the administration, favours this plan, it is probably because he believes it to be the only feasible method of getting out of the mess with as little damage and loss of prestige as possible.

Further Heavy Sacrifices

If now the further heavy sacrifices that they have been called on to make during the last two years are to result in nothing more than another puppet state solely for the benefit of a section of the Japanese army, the government in Japan is likely to be faced with more violent criticism than ever. Baron Hiranuma therefore naturally favours the Doihara-Wang Ching-wei combination and a government for the whole of China.

New American Submarine Launched

America's latest submarine, the Sea Raven, is seen on the ways at the Portsmouth Navy Yard, New Hampshire, before being named by Mrs. Cyrus W. Cole, wife of the Commander of the base. The new vessel is 299 feet long and approximately 1,500 tons.

News and Notes from Home

Belief That Herr Hitler not Truthfully Informed By Advisers; Rent Strikes in Stepney

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, June 30.

A CURIOUS story is told by "Londoner" in the "Evening Standard" that Baron Edouard Geyer, an agent of Herr von Ribbentrop, came to London last month to see a group of Englishmen who keep up communications with the German Government. His message was that Hitler is determined to annex Danzig, but is anxious to do so without provoking war.

Not being sure, however, how Parliament would take it, Hitler proposed to do nothing until the recess in August, and that Mr. Chamberlain should then make a speech in the country stating that the British Government proposed to advise Poland to hand Danzig over to the Reich.

"This would still leave ample time for Danzig to be absorbed before the Nuremberg Conference in September."

The response to this impudent proposal was Lord Halifax's great speech at Chatham House, says "Londoner."

Apropos of that speech, was Herr Hitler (who knows no English) informed exactly of what Lord Halifax said? There is a belief in official quarters here that he was not, and that the men about him only tell him as much of what is said and done abroad as suits their own book. (The same it may be recalled, is believed about Signor Mussolini and his advisers). It is said that the men surrounding Hitler flatly refuse to believe that Great Britain would fight, or profess to disbelieve it, as to tell Herr Hitler otherwise would stultify all that they have hitherto told him too badly.

World Impression of Britain

Bearing on this question of what impression the world forms of us, Mr. Lionel Curtis dug up an ancient but apposite bone at the Empire Press Union this week. After the September crisis Mr. Curtis while travelling for several months through Australia, Canada, New Zealand and the United States, found everyone highly critical of the manner in which the British Government had met the crisis, and he found it impossible to reconcile the picture formed in people's minds abroad of conditions in England with those conditions as he knew them.

Then he began to notice that cables of speeches attacking the Government got far greater prominence than anything in its defence. The same held true in other matters, the state of armaments and A.R.P Mr. Curtis suggested that "what a journalist meant by 'news' was less what was true or important than what was arresting."

The charge is too sweeping, but some foundation for it can hardly be denied. No news may be good news, but good news too frequently is no news. The odd thing is that the public apparently "love to have it so." For some months the "Daily Express" and "Evening Standard" have been consistently preaching optimism—there will be no war, trade is going up and employment is increasing—and without disrespect to these lively papers, everyone treats it as a joke.

National Instincts

This attitude is based on certain national instincts: we like to grumble, we like understatement and dislike anything that savours of boasting, and for some inexplicable reason we love to make ourselves out to be the biggest fools ever. To these instincts the newspapers respond.

But after lecturing the Press, Mr. Curtis rather fell under his own condemnation, for he went on to say that he believed we were now on the eve of another crisis. In Europe the harvest would soon be gathered, and what was more, Parliament was shortly to rise, and Hitler was far more frightened of this country when Parliament was sitting and vocal. In August when Parliament rose the world would, he believed, be faced by another and even more dangerous crisis.

If the Reich claimed to annex Danzig as it claimed to annex the Sudeten Deutsch. Poland would fight and then we should fight, as we fought over Belgium in 1914. That was the fact, and the hypnotized German public, which did not want war, was not allowed to know that fact. It was ignorance of that fact in Germany which made the situation so dangerous.

No Motor Car Tax Modification

Having surrendered on the taxing of cinema films and partially on patent medicines, Sir John Simon resisted all attempts to get him to modify the motorcar tax. One suggestion was that cars under two years old should be taxed at the 15s. rate; another was for a graduated tax. But the Chancellor replied that he could not afford it. The film tax is a matter of only £300,000. The car tax is one of considerably more millions. To drop it, the Chancellor said, would necessitate another 3d. on income tax.

After all the money must be raised. A good deal was said about the "poor man's car."

As a matter of personal reaction this leaves one cold. The poor man gets all the fat nowadays. It is the miserabe middle-class who pay for it.

During the debate on the Budget this week the Attorney-General went into the various ways in which rich people dodge income tax, mostly too complicated to describe. But for some years now the Treasury has been after the tax dodgers, and it is clear that as soon as one bolt-hole is stopped, their ingenuity finds another. One simple expedient is to be investigated, that is, the amount allowed for "expenses," it appears to be a common practice to pay a nominal salary and make it up by allowing a bloated expenses account.

Great Rent Strikes

In future histories of England a chapter will certainly have to be given to the Great Rent Strikes of the 1930's. Since last August there have been eighteen in East London. The last and most serious involves 320 families in a small area of Stepney, who have been living for 20 weeks without paying rent. The strikers in one block of flats have surrounded themselves with barbed wire barricades and pickets at the entrance, when the landlords tried to send bailiffs this week there was a free fight and several men were arrested, though nothing happened to them.

In fact today's report is that the landlords have caved in. The strikers' case was the inequality between "controlled" and "decontrolled rents charged for identical premises and the scandalous disrepair of their houses, water coming through roofs, paper peeling from walls, damp floors and skirting boards and bugs innumerable. On both demands the landlords have promised to be good.

Terrible Housing Conditions

Naturally this will only encourage other tenants. A national conference of Tenants' and Residents' Associations takes place a fortnight hence, and the material collected for their discussion is pretty lurid. There are said to be 2,500,000 families in the country who live more than two to a room and 500,000 who live more than three to a room. And what rooms! Apart from the conditions mentioned above, many families live in basements where artificial light has to be used for most if not all the day.

Considering the huge sums spent in recent years on slum clearance and new houses, it is disheartening to think that such conditions can still prevail. Unfortunately they do. There is, of course, something to be said on the landlord's side. There are tenants who would be filthy and make a mess of any premises they were given. Gas company's collector at Southampton said not many years ago, that it almost made him weep to see the state of a large block of excellent flats then very recently built by the Southampton Corporation for the poorest class in the town. But slum surroundings naturally breed slum mentality. It is of the next generation one should think.

"I should go Last"

What fine people there are in our working-class. At the inquest on the first of the three big city fires this week, Mrs. Williams, an office cleaner aged 52, was giving evidence as to how the typists (evidently though she did not say so, under her guidance) got from their room by a ladder on to the roof. "I let the girls go by," she said, "I thought I should go last, because I was older, I suppose."

The last girl became frightened and could not go up the ladder, and Mrs. Williams took her back into the room with the idea of getting out of the window. But the smoke overcame the girl, she fell down and Mrs. Williams, almost overcome herself, could not find her though she groped about holding her handkerchief to her face. She was eventually saved from the window but the girl was brought out dead. But that phrase "I thought I should go last because I was older" sticks in the mind.

Three such fires as we have had on successive days this week, the first in Queen Victoria Street, the second which destroyed the premises of 30 firms in Barbican, the third in Upper Thames Street, cannot but excite suspicion in these days of I.R.A. outrages. In the wreckage of the Barbican fire a small tube has been found on which hang dark suspicions. Now for the chemists to decide what it contained.

Yet how puny is the fight of the I.R.A. against such a city as London. A few people are inconvenienced, some insurance firms draw cheques, with inward groans, the life of the vast city is entirely unaffected, and with each outrage the net closes tighter round the villains. Might it not, in spite of the bloodcurdlers, be much the same even in war? You cannot destroy London.

London Letter

The Far East in London

Anglo-Japanese Relations in Orient Delicate; Chinese Apprentices in British Industry

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, June 30.

IN connection with the Tientsin crisis the attitude of the East Asia News Service, a Japanese propaganda leaflet published every week in London, is particularly interesting. It traverses the history of the quarrel laying emphasis on Lord Halifax's conciliatory statements, and the many points at which British and Japanese interests touch, it concludes with the following summarization :—

There is no one who does not look forward to the day when security and peace will prevail in the world. Definitely no one wants or can afford war in East Asia. There have been many incidents, many of which seem to have been avoidable.

Throughout the British Government has displayed commendable patience and consistently endeavoured to reach a solution by diplomacy, and has not yet taken any steps which would prevent a settlement, although suggestions have been put forward in some quarters which, instead of helping, would only make the loss of British interests in East Asia, including perhaps Hongkong, inevitable. In a delicate situation, which is Oriental not Occidental, the Governments in London, and we believe also Tokyo, are striving for peace and settlement.

Such comments may be explained in various ways but it is obviously desirable to take the best of them, namely, that the Japanese Government is very anxious to avoid a breach with Great Britain.

Comment on Stripping

"Peterborough" in the "Daily Telegraph" has an interesting note on General Homma, who, he says, seems to be trying a policy of appeasement by offering to strip before the journalist at Tientsin in order to show that Japanese see no disgrace in stripping. Lieut-Gen. Homma (says Peterborough)

Knows England and English people well. He was at Cambridge after the war and distinguished himself there as a tennis player. Afterwards he was in Simla, where, I believe, he was a popular figure.

Subsequently he spent some years in London as military attaché. He came again for the Coronation in the suite of Prince Chichibu. His tall and athetic figure everywhere marked him out from his fellow Japanese.

Whatever personal predilections he may have for the English, Gen. Homma is strongly identified with the forward policy in China. It was a speech of his at Harbin some two years ago that warned the Powers what the Japanese were about to do.

China Visitors in London

Mr. H. E. Arnold arrived in London the day before yesterday, has spent a couple of days in London on business and returns to China on July 17. He had hoped to have a brief rest in the country, but told me ruefully today that he may have to make a swift visit to the Continent.

Mr. Dearn Pearson paid a visit to London this week from his sylvan retreat in the New Forest where, he has charge of a lot of A.R.P. work. This has induced in him the belief that there is not enough discipline in England. He looks very well, however, on a course of trying to enforce it.

Another visitor is Mr. J. W. Mackay, formerly of the Shanghai Gas Co., spending a couple of months in England between his periodic wanderings from Tierra del Fuego to the islands of Godere and Javan his hair a little less sable though just as thick as of yore and looking remarkably fit.

Chinese Apprentices Entertained

A very pleasant evening was spent at Grosvenor House this week when the 26 Chinese apprentices, who are now receiving practical training in British engineering workshops under the F.B.I. scholarship scheme were entertained to dinner by the Federation's Committee. There were four other Chinese guests including the Ambassador (Mr. Quo Tai-chi), who in a short speech referred to the scholarships as "a welcome example of enlightened self-interest," and about 25 foreigners. Gen. Sir George Macdonogh, who presided, gave a most satisfactory account of the the Chinese apprentices, who are doing excellent work in the different yards. Since the scholarships were started 30 trained men have been sent back to China, the F.B.I. has kept in continual touch with them, and has received very good reports on the use they are making for China of the years spent in England.

Miss Robin Hyde, the young New Zealander whom some readers no doubt met when she was in Shanghai last year, has just published an absorbing book on her adventures in the war. She contrived to get a pass to go to Hsuchowfu and arrived there just before the Chinese retreat. She cajoled a Chinese general into letting her go out to the front line trenches, and then was caught in Hsuchowfu after the Japanese entered. Her grit and courage are no less wonderful than her vivid descriptions.

In trying to escape from Hsuchowfu she fell down a bank and ran a thorn into her eye, where it remained for three weeks till she got it taken out at Tsingtao. There are no politics in the book and no apparent idea of propaganda, and I have never yet read anything which so vividly brought before me what the war means.

Miss Hyde also has an uncanny knack of catching the peculiar atmosphere of the different places through which she passed, Shanghai Hongkong, Canton, Hankow and above all tragic Hsuchowfu, with the people patiently picking over the ruined heaps of their devastated houses. The book is called "Dragon Rampant."

Dr. Koo's Address

Dr. Wellington Koo had a crowded and most distinguished audience, stiff with diplomats, admirals and generals, when he delivered the Cobden Memorial lecture at the Royal Society on Wednesday. It was a most interesting and polished address, though the wealth of learning which it contained made it almost too much to grasp at one hearing. The subject was "The Open Door and World Peace." It was curious to reflect that in the 19th century, as Dr. Koo showed, colonies were generally considered a nuisance than otherwise. Bismarck, when offered some of France's colonies instead of Alsace and Lorraine replied that "for Germany to possess colonies would be like a poverty stricken Polish nobleman acquiring a sable coat when he needed."

Incidentally I wondered how many of the audience believed in the free trade principles of which Cobden who was being memorialized was the champion. There is however still a free trade Society. A friend of mine told me recenltly that he subscribes one guinea a year to it "although," he added, "I'm sure I don't know what they do for it." Or what they can.

Oriental Art Collection

Mr. Eumorfopoulos, the great collector of Oriental art, has kindly thrown open his collection in his house in Chelsea for the benefit of the Chinese Universities relief fund. The bulk of Mr. Eumorfopoulos's collection went to the British Museum some years ago, but one would hardly know it as one walks through these richly-adorned rooms, since he kept some of his favourite treasures and has collected a great many more to take the places of those that went.

Besides Chinese works of art there are specimens of early Renaissance work, Greek, Roman and Egyptian glass, and a liberal supply of the moderns, Epstein, Picasso, Gaugin and other inconoclasts.

Apropos of the Japanese parrot cry that Great Britain is helping China, the "Daily Express" publishes an interview with a Swiss financier, Baron Gerard de Graffenreid de Villars, who has supplied quantities of arms to China and says that the chief sources are Germany, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Belgium. Germany he said, had several long contracts to supply arms to China, and these are not extinct yet.

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British Scrap Goes For German Arms

Germany Buying Thousands Of Tons Monthly to be Used for Munitions

Germany is buying thousands of old motor-car radiators and accumulators in England through secret agents. White lead, nickel, chromium and other materials are extracted from the automobile parts and are being poured into Germany's furnaces—to be used in the manufacture of munitions.

Agents here arrange for shipment to Continental ports, chiefly Antwerp and Rotterdam, where they are reloaded into barges and shipped to Germany.

Last year Germany bought an average of 10,000 tons of scrap metal every month from Great Britain.

Yet, while this was going on, the International Steel Convention, of which Britain is a member, was buying steel scrap an great quantities from America—and much of it was being brought to this country.

The excuse for this strange state of affairs was that the scrap sold to Germany was of an inferior quality, unsuitable for the steel furnaces of Britain.

An official of the British Iron and Steel Federation said :—

Old Car Parts

"Most of the scrap now sold to Germany is non-ferrous material, not steel scrap. Germany is buying it because she has to take whatever she can get.

Our exports of all kinds of scrap metals have dropped this year. From January to the end of May the average amount sent each month has been about 5,000 tons. From May to June 10 only 514 tons have been sent. sent.

Mr. Charles Robinson, head of a firm of scrap merchants at Greenwich who last year exported large quantities of scrap to Germany, told the "Sunday Express":—

It is quite true that Germany is buying old automobile parts here. I have heard of a lot of car radiators being sent out, and I know who is selling them."

Inquiries in Glasgow revealed that some of the car radiators and accumulators have been shipped from Glasgow and Leith. For every automobile part shipped directly to Hamburg, it is believed that at least ten more are sent to Germany indirectly.

While figures for the export of scrap are well down on last year, there are many people who feel that no scrap should be allowed to go to Germany at all.

A Glasgow merchant who is connected with the scrap trade said: The Germans probably have some method of synthetically treating the materials and getting further valuable extracts from them. They could get autimony from the car accumulators, and I have heard it suggested that an extract to be obtained from antimony can be used in the manufacture of explosives.

Merchants Refuse

Germany is also buying rubber waste here, and 500 tons of zinc ore left Manchester on June 13 in the s.s. Switzerland for Hamburg and Bremen. A quantity of scrap copper left in the same boat.

Some British firms of scrap merchants have refused to export more scrap to Germany. An official of George Cohen, Sons and Coy., Ltd., of Stepney, London, said: We stopped sending scrap to Germany after the crisis last September.

The British Iron and Steel Federation official emphasized: "The scrap would be no use to our furnaces. That is the only reason it goes abroad. But some merchants do not agree.

Kill Kidney Trouble Quick

Thousands of sufferers from Kidney trouble and Bladder weakness have stopped Getting Up Nights, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Swollen Ankles, Nervousness, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Lumbago, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity and Loss of Vigour by a Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Sistex). Gently soothes, tones, cleans, and heals raw, sore kidneys. In 15 minutes Cystex starts purifying your blood. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. Get Cystex at all chemists.

No. 3

British Poll on Japan War Feeling

Considerable Apathy Shown Over Far East Dispute

London, July 25.

Twenty-two per cent. of all British males are ready to fight Japan if such action becomes necessary for the protection of British interests in China, the "News Chronicle" reported yesterday in publishing the results of a recent poll by the British Institute of Public Opinion on Anglo-Japanese relations.

Thirty-seven per cent. of all Britons would forbid all British trade with Japan and the extension of British credits to Japan, the poll indicated.

Seventeen per cent. of those voting favoured the extension of British credits to China. Only nine per cent. favoured the withdrawal of the British Ambassador from Tokyo. Fifteen per cent. of the voters favoured doing nothing in the present Far Eastern conflict.—United Press.

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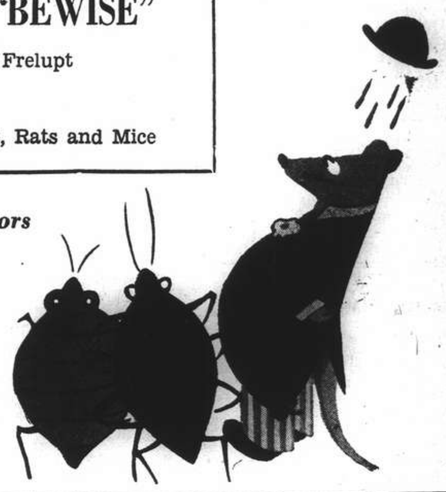

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THE SPORTS PAGE

England Makes Splendid Recovery in Test

West Indies All Out for Only 133 Runs; Bowes' Deliveries Prove Unplayable

Manchester, July 25.

ENGLAND made a splendid recovery in the third day of the second Test match against West Indies here today when they retired the Tourists for only 133 runs. On a wicket made soft by overnight rain, the English attack, nobly shouldered by the two fast bowlers, William Copson of Derbyshire and William Bowes of Yorkshire, met with marked success.

Between them, the two "Williams" retired the West Indies at the expense of only 14 additional runs, leaving England with a margin of 31 runs in hand, as they had declared at 164 runs for seven wickets yesterday.

Bowes was at times unplayable, returning the fine analysis of six wickets for 33 runs for the match. In the morning, his analysis was:—

O.	M.	R.	W.
10.4	4	18	5

Only Headley seemed to be able to cope with the English pace attack. He batted confidently to obtain a half-century, adding 35 runs to his overnight score of 16. he was on the crease for a total of 140 minutes and was the last wicket to fall.

At the luncheon interval, England had scored 11 runs without loss, Hutton (7) and Fagg (4) being unbeaten.

The weather was glorious, but the wicket was soft from last night's rain. The start was delayed for half an hour.

Headley (16) and Sealey (14) then continued for the West Indies, whose overnight score was 85 runs for three wickets. The wicket was drying rapidly under the influence of the sun.

Bowes immediately began to puzzle the batsmen, as his fast deliveries came off the wicket at a great pace. Sealey appeared to be unable to counter the attack and after scoring one run, he played an easy catch off Bowes to Hammond, fielding at first slip. His total was 16 (96 for four).

Cameron, who joined Headley, remained to see his side's total reach three figures, but when he had scored five runs, he was caught out by Hutton at second slip, off Bowes (108 for five).

Williams, next man in, was clean bowled by Copson, the Derbyshire fast bowler, for one run (113 for six).

Constantine fared even worse, having his stumps uprooted by Bowes without opening his account (124 for seven). He managed, however, to keep his end up while Headley, who appeared untroubled by the English attack, added 11 runs.

Martindale also went for a "duck," offering a catch to Hammond off Copson (125 for eight).

There was no stopping the "rot," Hylton scoring only two runs before being dismissed lbw., off Bowes, while Clarke had yet to open his account when Headley was taken behind the wicket by Wood, off Bowes.

West Indies

Grant, c. Fagg, b. Goddard	47
Stollmeyer, c. and b. Goddard	5
Headley, c. Wood, b. Bowes	61
Gomez, c. Wood, b. Bowes	0
Sealey, c. Hammond, b. Bowes	16
Cameron, c. Hutton, b. Bowes	5
Williams, b. Copson	1
Constantine, b. Bowes	0
Martindale, c. Hammond, b. Copson	0
Hylton, l.b.w., Bowes	2
Clarke, not out	0
Extras	6
Total	133

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bowes	17.4	6	33	6
Copson	9	2	31	2
Goddard	4	0	43	2
Wright	5	1	20	0

Fall of wickets:—35-1 (Stollmeyer); 56-2 (Grant); 56-3 (Gomez); 96-4 (Sealey); 108-5 (Cameron); 113-6 (Williams); 124-7 (Constantine); 125-8 (Martindale); 132-9 (Hylton); 133-10 (Headley).—Reuter.

Rain Hampers Play

Manchester, July 24.

To the disappointment of about 10,000 spectators, of whom 6,039 paid at the turnstiles, rain again hampered play in the Second Test match today between England and the West Indies.

England, whose score was 11 runs for no wickets, today brought their total to 164 for seven and then declared, and when rain finally stopped play, the West Indies had made 85 for three.

A sparkling 76 by Hardstaff, the stylish notts bat, saved England from a disastrous collapse. He was at the wicket for 100 minutes.

The wicket today was responsive to spin bowling, forcing batsmen to be on the defensive.

Rot Sets In

Following the dismissal of Fagg for seven (21 for one), Paynter was caught by the wicketkeeper, Sealey, off Clarke for nine (34 for two), and in the next over Hutton was caught by Martindale at short leg off Grant for 13 (24 for three). The Yorkshireman was at the crease for 95 minutes.

The half century appeared on the board after 105 minutes, and shortly afterwards play had to be stopped because of rain.

Upon resumption Compton trod on his wicket in playing back to a ball from Clarke. He made only four (53 for four).

Further disaster followed when Hammond was stumped by Sealey off Clarke for 22 (62 for five).

Hardstaff was the only batsman showing any confidence, and he reached his half century in 50 minutes. His score then included one sixer and seven 4's.

Just before tea, Wood was caught and bowled by Constantine for 26 (150 for six).

Hardstaff's aggressive knock came to an end shortly after tea, when he skied a ball from Grant into the hands of Williams. His contribution of 76 took him exactly 100 minutes to compile, and included one sixer and eight 4's.

Hammond Declares

With the score standing at 164 for seven, Hammond declared.

The West Indies opened with Grant and Stollmeyer, but the latter was caught and bowled after making only five (35 for one).

After 50 had appeared on the board, in only 35 minutes, Grant was caught at longon by Fagg off Goddard. His contribution of 47 included three sixers off Goddard and four 4's (50 for two).

Before the close Gomez was caught by Wood off Bowes for a "duck."

Detailed scores:

England—1st Innings

Hutton, c. Martindale, b. Grant	13
Fagg, b. Hylton	7
Paynter, c. Sealey, b. Clarke	9
Hammond, st. Sealey, b. Clarke	22
Compton, b. Clarke	4
Hardstaff, c. Williams, b. Grant	76
Wood, c. Constantine	26
Wright, not out	1
Bowes, Copson and Goddard did not bat	—
Extras	6
Total for seven wkts. decl.	164

Fall of wickets:—21-1 (Fagg); 34-2 (Paynter); 34-3 (Hutton); 53-4 (Compton); 62-5 (Hammond); 150-6 (Wood); 164-7 (Hardstaff).

Bowling

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Martindale	8	3	10	0
Hylton	11	3	15	1
Clarke	13	1	59	3
Grant	13.2	4	16	2
Cameron	3	0	22	0
Constantine	7	2	36	1

West Indies

Grant, c. Fagg, b. Goddard	47
Stollmeyer, c. and b. Goddard	5
Headley, not out	16
Gomez, c. Wood, b. Bowes	0
Sealey, not out	13
Extras	4
Total for three wickets	85

Fall of wickets:—35-1 (Stollmeyer); 56-2 (Grant); 56-3 (Gomez).—Reuter.

England 104 for Four At Tea Interval

Manchester, July 25.

England had scored 104 runs for four wickets at the tea interval today in the Test Match against the West Indies.—Reuter.

League Tennis Matches This Afternoon

Recs to Meet Japanese In Important Clash

League tennis will be resumed today following two weeks of postponement on account of inclement weather. The First Division calls for four contests among which the tussle between the Japanese Tennis Club and the Shanghai Recreation Club stands out as most interesting.

The Recs have only played two matches so far and the team showed up well by winning both encounters. They should be able to give the Japanese a stiff fight.

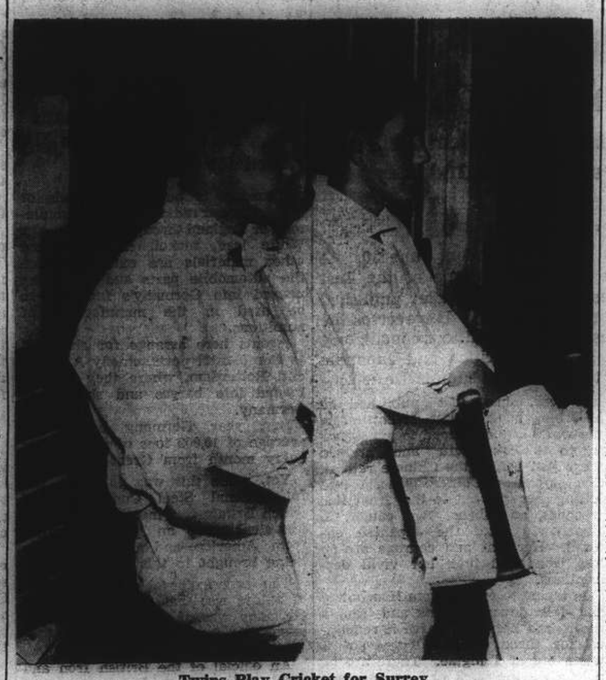
The Clube Lusitano, defending champions who are at present on top of the standing, meet the Bramtoco Tennis Club at home and ought to win by a wide margin and retain their leadership. The Country Club entertains the Shanghai Cricket Club in the third fixture while the Cercle Sportif Francais will take a trip to the Columbia Country Club.

Main Attraction

Headlining the schedule in the Second Division, the Waterworks Tennis Club will tackle the Japanese Tennis Club on home grounds and may surprise the visitors by putting up a close fight so as to rob the Japanese of some valuable points in the team standings.

Clube Lusitano will visit the Cricket Club.

Rounding out this afternoon's programme, the Swiss Club meet the Association Sportive Francaise, the Cercle Sportif Francais plays the Recs and the German Garden Club clashes with the Police "B."



Twins Play Cricket for Surrey

Surrey's twins, making their first appearance for the county, waiting with their pads on at the Oval during the match against Oxford recently. They are Alec and Eric Bedser and are a problem to the scorer.

New Hai Alai Talent Arrives Here

Just Missed Taking Ill-Fated Ship

Laca and Echaniz, two experienced young exponents of the Basque sport of Hai-Alai, were among the passengers who disembarked from the liner Taiyo Maru when the N.Y.K. vessel reached Shanghai late yesterday afternoon. Laca and Echaniz have come from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, to join the Auditorium team.

Contracted by the Shanghai fronton at the end of June, the new arrivals had booked passage aboard the ill-fated N.Y.K. South American liner Bokuyo Maru, whose 209 survivors reached Japan yesterday with harrowing tales of the destruction by fire of their ship at sea and of their rescue by an American tanker.

Luckily for them, Lace and Echaniz were a day late and so missed the Bokuyo Maru, eventually catching the Taiyo Maru at Los Angeles and making the trip to China in that vessel. They were met by a large delegation of Auditorium officials and players at the Wayside Wharf yesterday, when they were the recipients of congratulations on their good fortune in missing the Bokyo Maru.

Players with more than a decade of professional experience in the speedy sport of the bounding Basques, Laca and Echaniz are in their early twenties and come to Shanghai with a considerable reputation as talented, versatile and fast players. They were contracted by the Auditorium from the fronton in the Brazilian capital and are the fourth and fifth additions to the Auditorium team this year, and are expected to make their local debut at the end of this week.

Dog Fancier Wins Golf Title

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 23.

Chick Harbert, 24-year-old dog raiser of Battle Creek, Mich., today won the trans-Mississippi golf title with a 2 and 1 victory over E. Kingsley of Salt Lake city.

Curiously enough, a spaniel dog almost took the title out of Harbert's grasp on the 17th green when it seized Harbert's ball in its mouth from a lie four feet from the pin and dropped it nearly forty feet down the greensward. Officials consulted their rule books and found authority to return the ball to its original lie.—United Press.

Baseball Game to Be Played Today

Two Doubleheaders This Week-end Arranged

Two teams on the extreme ends of the City Baseball League will meet today for the third time this season on the Race Course diamond when the invincible First Battalion plays the U.S. Navy, beginning at 3.30 p.m.

A pair of doubleheaders are listed for this week-end. The Shanghai Amateurs, after having been heavily beaten last Saturday by the powerful First nine, will tackle the league-leaders once more.

Preceding the above game, Headquarters will be opposed by the U.S. Navy again and the "Orphans" are bent on avenging their latest defeat.

On Sunday the programme included the Second Battalion playing Headquarters and the Amateurs meeting the Navy. The opening game on each afternoon starts at 2 p.m.

Present standing:

	Won	Lost	Pct.
First Battalion	10	0	1.000
Second Battalion	4	3	571
Amateurs	4	4	500
Headquarters	2	6	333
U.S. Navy	1	8	111

Frenchman Leading "Tour de France"

Bicycle Marathon Race Still in Progress

Monaco, July 24.

Though not placed among the first three in the 13th lap of the "Tour de France" bicycle marathon today, Vietto still kept his lead in the aggregate standings for the gruelling race with a total time of 86 hours 4 minutes 51 seconds.

Sylvere Maes, Belgium, remains second, while Vlaemynck, his countryman, is third.

In today's lap, from Monaco to Sospel, Gallien, France, was first, followed by Pages, France, and Hendrickx, Belgium.—Havas.

Porpoises Defeat Oarsmen

Big Crowd Sees Y.M.C.A. Win Deciding Match of First Round of Water Polo League; Logan Outstanding

THE Foreign Y.M.C.A. Porpoises scored a notable victory over the Rowing Club Strokeside team by five goals to one in the deciding match in the first round of the water polo league and now by virtue of their decisive win last night, are favoured to win the championship, although there is yet the replay of the second round which takes place towards the middle of August at the Rowing Club pool.

In the other league encounters of the day, the Association Sportif Francais defeated the East Surreys "A" by three goals to one after a good struggle wherein the victors led by two goals to nil at the interval and added to their advantage in the second half only to see the Army team reduce the deficit by one goal. The third match of the day took place at the Army pool at Tifeng Road Camp where the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Walrusses defeated the East Surreys "B" team by seven goals to nil, the Imcas having play in their favour for the better part of the match.

A large crowd turned out for the senior match of the day which took place at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. pool and practically every inch of space in the upper gallery was utilised. The Foreign Y.M.C.A. won the toss and elected to defend the deep end in the first half, and immediately from the whistle were the aggressors. Gavriloff, swimming for the ball obtained it every time and hence gave his team the advantage of the attacking move from the start. Here the defence put up long passes to the three fast forwards and a movement saw Gavriloff swimming through, but his parting shot at goal was smothered by Ernie Smith so that Eardley saved easily.

Logan Scores

Play continued to hover in the Oarsmen's half and Logan took a long lobbing shot from some distance but that Eardley deflected for a corner, but the pass from this play went to Oliviera who was smothered and Turner cleared. From a Rowing Club attacking movement, McAllister received and passed up to Gavriloff who flicked the ball back to Logan, the latter steadying himself and taking a long shot which Eardley failed to judge right and the ball entered the top righthand corner of the goal, giving the Y.M.C.A. their first point.

Upon resumption the Oarsmen were again pressed back and Cyril Smith did well to pass back to Eardley to save. Play went in favour of the Oarsmen but Beattie was smothered before he could shoot effectively and Brandt saved easily. The ball was passed up to Dudley who swam all the way up the pool followed by Muir, but the latter could not keep up with his opponent and Dudley went right through with C. Smith endeavouring to smother him and Eardley coming out of his goal to assist. Dudley was able to elude the defence and scored, with a lob shot into an empty goal.

Not disheartened the Rowing Club took up the attack from the swim off and E. Smith's pass to Muir saw the latter reducing the deficit with a long shot into the top right hand corner of the Y.M.C.A. goal. Just before the interval, the Foreign Y.M.C.A. forwards went up again and Gavriloff was able to come close in to score with a hard shot.

Porpoises Aggressive

In the sesond half, the Porpoises were again the aggressors, although the Rowing Club forwards had more chances of shooting than they had in the earlier half. Beattie went away with the ball and swam through to be in a position where he might have scored, but his shot was weak and easily saved by Brandt. Muir similarly had a shot which he failed to make the most of, and play was taken to the other end where Gavriloff swam through to the right side of the pool and put in a backhand shot that Eardley failed to stop.

The Y.M.C.A. continued to attack and Dudley again swam through from the defence, but Muir followed him on this occasion and stopped his shot with a good tackle. The last goal came from Logan who was left unmarked and his clever shot completely beat Eardley. The Rowing Club goalkeeper thereafter distinguished himself by saving some very difficult shots and gave a very good performance.

The Porpoises thoroughly deserved their victory being the faster and fitter team. They were always up on the ball, and their defence made use of every opportunity of coming up into the attack as evidenced by Dudley's swimming through. Their defence smothered the Rowing Club attack, and Brandt had little or nothing difficult to save.

Porpoises:—F. Brandt, D. McAllister, J. Dudley, A. Vernck, L. Oliviera, A. Gavriloff, A. Logan.

Strokeside:—H. Eardley, C. Smith, Y. J. Turner, E. Smith, E. J. Muir, L. D. Beattie, W. Wagner. Referee: J. Huxley.

Service Water Polo Reaches Final

A. Details to Meet East Surreys for Trophy

The semi-finals of the Inter-Company Water Polo Competition were completed on Monday July 24 and resulted as follows.

Area Details beat H.Q. Coy. 2nd Bn. East Surrey Regt. by 5 goals to 3.

"B" Coy. 2nd Bn. E. S. Regt. beat "D" Coy. 2nd Bn. E. S. Regt. by 3 goals to 1.

The competition which has been run on the knock out system has been contested very keenly by teams from all Companies of the British Forces stationed in Shanghai.

The final will take place in the Tifeng Road Swimming Bath at 2.30 p.m. on Wednesday July 26 when the prizes for the winning team will be presented by Maj.-Gen. F. Keith Simmons, M.V.O., O.B.E., M.C.

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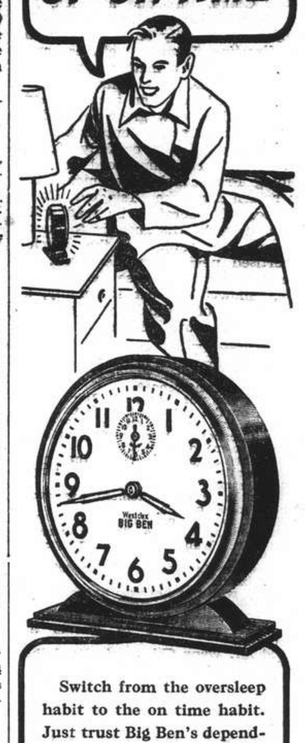

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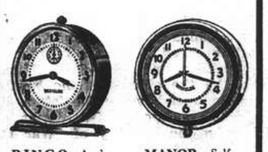

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Swimmers Racing Across Baltic

Sally Bauer Favoured To Defeat Outstanding Rivals

Copenhagen, July 25.

A long-distance swimming race from the Danish harbour town of Gjedser on Falster Island across the Baltic Sea to Warnemuende in Germany, a distance of 42 kilometres, began last night with outstanding long-distance men and women swimmers participating.

The seven competitors who entered the water included the Swedish swimmer, Sally Bauer, who last year swam across Kattegatt and the Aland Sea, and the Danish long-distance champion, Jenny Kammersgaard. The arrival at Warnemuende will probably take place this evening. Each of the swimmers is accompanied by a cutter, and the control committee is accompanying the race in a motor-boat.

The favourite is Sally Bauer who swims with the crawl stroke and is much faster than the others.—Trans-Ocean.

Steward's Cup Won by Knight's Caprice

London, July 25.

The Steward's Cup, run today at Goodwood over a distance of six furlongs, was won by Col. Clarke's Knight's Caprice. Mrs. C. Jones' Fast Step were second, while Mr. Saunder's Linklater was third. There were 23 runners.

Knight's Caprice was ridden by Canty and won by three lengths, while a head separated the second horse, Fast Step (Gethin), from Linklater (Perryman).

The winner's starting price was 100 to 8. Fast Step was quoted at 33 to 1 and Linklater at 25 to 1.

The also rans were:—

Caerloptic (Beaty), Shalfleet (Carslake), Carnival Boy (Simpson), Neuvy (Smirke), Roulade (Harry Wragg), Davy Dolittle (Nevett), Antecedent (Gordon Richards), Lynedoch (Sirrett), Mixture (Sam Wragg), Harmachis (P. Evans), Quartier-Maitre (Cliff Richards), Scotland Forever (Weston), Cosaque (Richardson), Gunter (Lynch), Genesis (D. Smith), Gold And Blue (Littlewood), Rue De La Paix (Lowrey), Serelia (Sibbritt), Ethland (Bartlam), Mind Your Step (Mullins).—Reuter.

Clavering Sails to Success in Zuleika

"C" Class Yachting Race On Whangpoo River

Owing to six boats being under repair due to damage sustained in the typhoon of July 12, it was decided to substitute the 3rd Ordinary Race for the Vice-Commodore's Cup.

Four boats got away punctually at 9.40 a.m., Eileen getting the best start, Leda, Zuleika and Bridget following. This order was maintained until off Gough Island where Leda and Zuleika passed Eileen to windward. Almost from the start Zuleika had been battling to pass Leda and made the most of an opportunity before Woosung was reached, the finishing order therefore being Zuleika, Leda, Eileen and Bridget.

The race back started at 2.30 p.m., Eileen again getting the lead. Off Gough Island, another battle for position took place and by the time the Astrea Channel was cleared, the order was Zuleika, Leda, Bridget and Eileen. Eileen kept to the Shanghai side and managed to work up to second place but had bad luck to sail into a calm spot off the Power Company and was passed by Leda. The finishing order was the same as in the morning's race.

The final results were as follows:—

Zuleika	J. C. Clavering
Leda	J. C. Boldero
Eileen	J. Berents
Bridget	W. D. Pearson

Champion Jockey's Wins Reach 100

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 25.

The champion jockey, Gordon Richards, rode three winners at Worcester yesterday to bring his total of successes for the season to 100.—Reuter.

Polo Matches Today

By "The Chaser"

Weather and ground conditions permitting, the following polo matches, postponed from last night owing to rain, will be played this afternoon:

5—Strays *v.* Seahorses. Remaining portion of Sunday's Tyro Cup Match, two and a half minutes.

5.10—Army Cup Match.—Invincibles *v.* Braves.

5.50—Tyro Cup Match.—Etceteras *v.* Merry-go-round.

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P.W.D. Party Still Detained By Mayor Fu Siao-en

Negotiations Proceeding to Effect Release; Demand for Dumping Fees Believed Reason

ALTHOUGH strong representations were lodged with the Japanese authorities yesterday by British and Shanghai Municipal Council officials in connection with the seizure on Monday afternoon of two foreign employees of the Public Works Dept., S.M.C., together with about 100 Chinese workmen and 28 trucks, the whole party was still under detention at the Civic Centre, Kiangwan, yesterday. Acting upon the orders of Mr. Fu Siao-en, Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipality, the seizure was carried out while refuse from the Settlement was being dumped, at the request of the Japanese naval authorities, in Chapei.

This fact was revealed to a "North-China Daily News" reporter yesterday by an S.M.C. official, who pointed out that negotiations for the release of the party and trucks were being conducted with the Japanese authorities. Included in the party, he said, were Mr. H. Rose, Briton, and Mr. Blaut, a German. The former is Chief Inspector of the Cleansing and Watering Dept., P.W.D. Also detained was a Russian truck driver.

On Monday afternoon the trucks, loaded with refuse from the Settlement, proceeded to Chapei where the Japanese Navy had asked the S.M.C. to dump rubbish in order to raise lowlying parts of the town. At the time of the seizure by Special Municipality Police the refuse was being dumped into Dune's Pond, opposite the railway line at the Kiangwan Road entrance to Hongkew Park.

The truck convoy was then taken to Eight Character Bridge where the ignition keys were confiscated and the whole party detained at the police station there. As soon as news of the arrest of the foreigners and Chinese became known in Shanghai negotiations were opened with the Japanese authorities by the S.M.C. and these continued until a late hour on Monday night and throughout yesterday.

Demand for Fees

Behind the whole affair is believed to be a demand for fees for the "privilege" of dumping refuse in the area controlled by the Special Municipality. Mayor Fu, despite the official Japanese request that rubbish be dumped in Chapei, has demanded that the S.M.C. pay if this arrangement is to continue.

His latest action in seizing P.W.D. property and employees follows a dispute over the dumping of refuse into the Whangpoo River in territory controlled by his government. Prior to the dispute part of Shanghai's refuse was being dumped into the river for which the S.M.C. paid the former City Government $120,000 a year. Since the Japanese occupation of the area no fees have been paid.

Two weeks ago Mayor Fu demanded that the fees be paid by the S.M.C. and that all arrears be settled. To settle the dispute negotiations are proceeding but no refuse is being dumped in the river. This, and the seizure of the trucks, constitute a serious problem for the Settlement authorities, a P.W.D. official pointed out. If the refuse is allowed to accumulate, he said, there would exist a menace to the health of everybody in the Settlement, foreigners, Japanese and Chinese alike. It was imperative, he added, that the trucks should be returned to continue their work of removing the rubbish.

"Gross Ignorance"

Coming at the worst season of the year the action of the Special Municipality authorities, he emphasized, either showed gross indifference to the problem of health or gross ignorance of the effects of such action. The seizure of Mr. Rose and his party seemed to be a deliberate attempt to extort money from the S.M.C., he concluded.

The filling-in of low-lying parts of land has been continuing for 15 years. Carried out at the request of private landowners who would otherwise have to pay for mud, an example of stands in Jessfield Park where an artificial mound has been created by the dumping of rubbish.

One of the systems used by the P.W.D. is to cover the refuse used for filling in with a strong plaster composed of mud and the sweepings from cotton mills. This plaster prevents the escape of insects and larvae and after the dump has been standing for a considerable time the heat inside the mass not only kills all insects and larvae but bacteria as well.

Mayor Not Approached

A check with official quarters late last night revealed that Mr. Harry Rose and the more than 100 P.W.D. workers under him who were detained in Chapei on Monday by order of Mayor Fu Hsiao-en were still being detained late last night and that in order to settle the problem many difficulties will have to be overcome. There were indications that Chinese authorities wished that direct negotiations be conducted with them.

"I have been approached for the release of them and my letter to the Shanghai Municipal Council asking it to pay the arrears due for the right to dump refuse in the Chinese areas had not been answered for many days," Mayor Fu stated late last night when asked whether or not he had issued an order for the release of the party. It was hinted that although he had not received a reply an offer indirectly made to him was too small to satisfy him. The sum was too small, he said.

Mr. G. V. Kitson, Consul in charge of the British Consulate-General stated last night that to his knowledge the party was not released. He confirmed the report that he had sent a protest to the Japanese Consul-General against the detention of Mr. Rose. He said that the protest was in writing.

Confusion in Local Rice Market

Dealers Sell Second Grade At First Grade Prices

Manipulation again exists in the local rice market. No first grade rice can be obtained from the market while second grade rice is sold at around $20 per picul which is the officially fixed price for the first grade rice. During the past few days, utter confusion reigned in the rice market and usually informed Chinese circles revealed yesterday that manipulators, who have a large ready stock, would not sell at the officially fixed price.

As a result of the abnormal situation, the Chinese community has suffered a great deal and there have been numerous cases of misunderstandings between buyers and rice shops which have been forced to sell the second grade rice at the price of the first grade grain as they themselves cannot buy the first grade rice from the market. The Rice Shops Association has tried to rectify the situation by advising member shops not to offer prices beyond the official price mark. The shops have also been asked to report cases of manipulation or secret increases of price to proper authorities.

The public here had been relieved for a short period as a result of the official intervention in the rice market. The first official price fixed by the Shanghai Municipal Council was $21 for a picul of the first grade rice, and owing to the improvement noted later in the supply of the grain the official price was reduced to $20. The Chinese here breathed a sigh of relief but suddenly there came the foreign exchange changes. Manipulation in the rice market soon set in for manipulators realized that no more Saigon rice could be brought here to offset the native rice price. They would not sell their stock and the price went steadily up.

There was great confusion in the market on Monday and official supervisors would not allow any increase in prices. Rice shop representatives could not get their quota from sellers at the official price and for a time it looked as though suspension would be the order of the day. The same condition prevailed yesterday and hope was expressed by the Chinese press that the authorities should force manipulators to take out their cargo from godowns and to sell it at the official price.

U.S. Navy Blames Japanese Sentry

Incident in Hankow May Bring "Serious Consequences"

Washington, July 25.

The attack on R. A. Baker, acting pay clerk of the U.S.S. Guam, by a Japanese sentry in Hankow Saturday night was "entirely the fault of the Japanese sentry," the commander of the Guam reported to the Navy Department here yesterday. He said he had informed the Japanese Navy in Hankow that the incident was being viewed by the United States Government "with grave concern and serious consequences" might result from the unprovoked attack.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, meanwhile expressed the increasing concern of the United States Government over the growing number of incidents in China where Japanese soldiers and police have been assaulting Americans.

Mr. Hull said he lacked complete details of the Baker incident, but said the Japanese authorities in China had taken suitable action in previous incidents, indicating that Japan was expected to take appropriate steps in the Baker case to prevent a recurrence.

The American Consul-General in Shanghai, Mr. C. E. Gauss, recently reported that the Japanese Army had disciplined a Japanese sentry and commanding officer involved in the slapping of an American woman and boy in Wuhu, Mr. Hull announced.

Hankow Incident Described

The Japanese sentry in Hankow, without evident provocation, attacked Baker with his bayonetted rifle and later detained the American at Japanese headquarters for four hours. Baker was not released until American Navy officials in Hankow lodged vigorous representations with Japanese headquarters.

Baker was struck by the sentry's rifle and instinctively grasped the rifle to protect himself. A scuffle ensued in which Baker suffered abrasions on the arms and face. The American later was escorted to Japanese headquarters by a Landing Party guard which the sentry summoned after attacking the American.

The Japanese sentry was understood to have become enraged because the American walked on the sidewalk. Earlier a Japanese staff car had swerved up onto the sidewalk and nearly struck Baker as he was approaching the entrance to Special Administrative District No. 2.

Removal of Hats Demanded

The Japanese sentry involved in the incident recently had been tapping foreigners, including Americans, on the head and demanding they remove their hats when passing him.

Government circles here were understood to be concerned over the growing number of attacks upon Americans in China and the refusal of Japanese authorities to co-operate with American officials in guaranteeing the safety of Americans.

Observers recalled the recent incident in Wuhu where a Japanese sentry slapped an American woman, an American boy and a Canadian woman. Similar incidents, involving Japanese sentries and American women, have occurred in Hankow and Canton in the past month.

Attention also was drawn here to the continued refusal of Japanese authorities in Hankow to provide American consular officials with the facilities to visit Nanchang where the Rev. W. L. Holland of the American Methodist Episcopal Mission was reported by a Japanese news agency to have been detained by Japanese military authorities for alleged co-operation with Chinese guerillas.

Washington observers pointed out that unless the Japanese have something to hide from the United States Government, they should be anxious to facilitate an American investigation. The Tinkler case in Shanghai has been recalled as an instance in which Japanese authorities withheld information regarding the extent of injuries inflicted upon a Third Power national until the Briton's wounds proved fatal.—United Press.

Japanese Cameraman Loses Camera

During the ceremony on board the U.S.S. August yesterday morning, an over-zealous Japanese cameraman had his camera and film confiscated by a naval officer. Before boarding the flagship all photographers had been warned by Lieut. J. A. Williams, who was in charge of the press arrangements, to remain still and not move about during the ceremony. The Japanese, evidently forgetting himself, darted across the quarterdeck just as Admiral Yarnell was reading his farewell message, and squatted down to get a frontal view. He was motioned away by Lieut. Williams, his camera confiscated, and he was ordered to stand aside until the ceremony was over.

The Shanghai Directory

July Edition of Hong List Shows Continued Growth

The Shanghai Directory (July edition of the China Hong List) has just made its appearance, and copies (price $8) are now obtainable at the offices of the publishers ("North-China Daily News & Herald," Ltd.) and at local booksellers.

Compared with the issue of last July, the present edition shows an increase of 58 pages, and a close scrutiny of the various sections testifies to the overhauling the whole work has received in the effort to bring it well up-to-date. The Who's Who Section, which lists the names of all foreigners and many Chinese employed in the various firms and professional offices, shows an increase of 1,800 names as compared with the volume of a year ago, and similar expansion is shown in other sections of the work. More than ever in its history, Shanghai today may rightly be termed a city of change. Whether the changes now in operation will mean real progress is for the future to decide; but the business man and the resident interested in the whereabouts of his fellow citizens will find in the Shanghai Directory an invaluable reference book.

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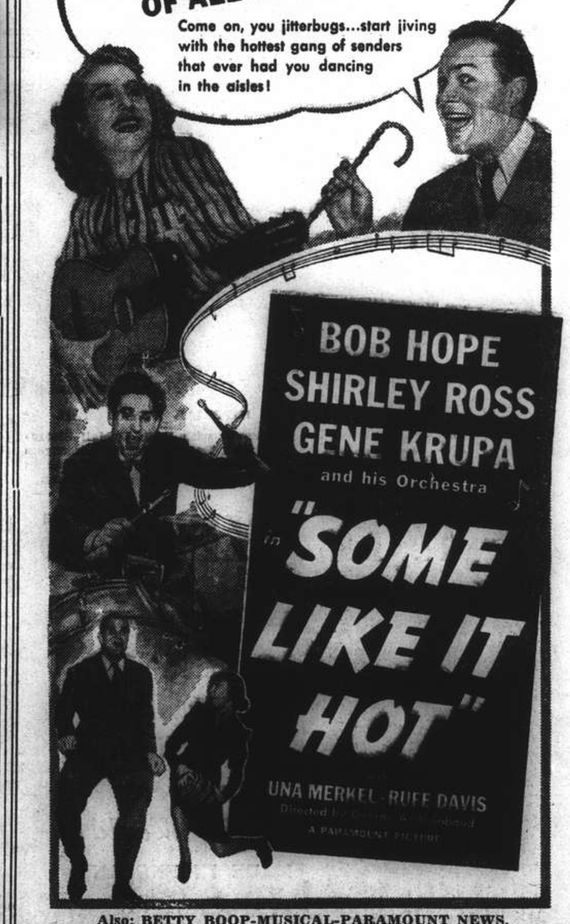

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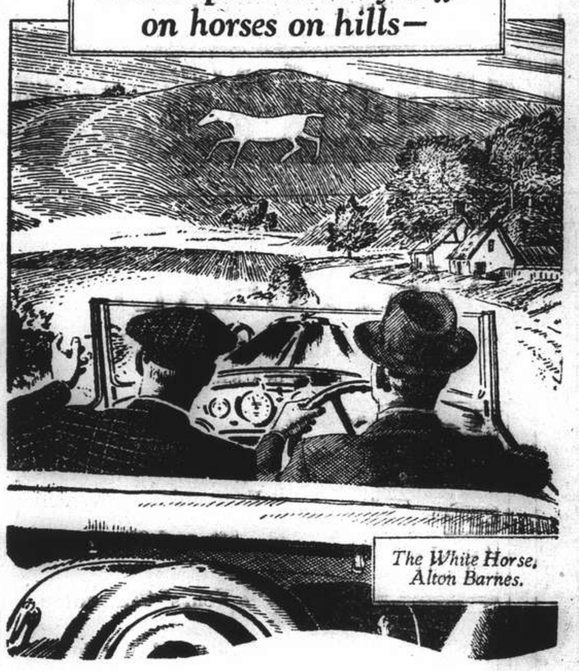

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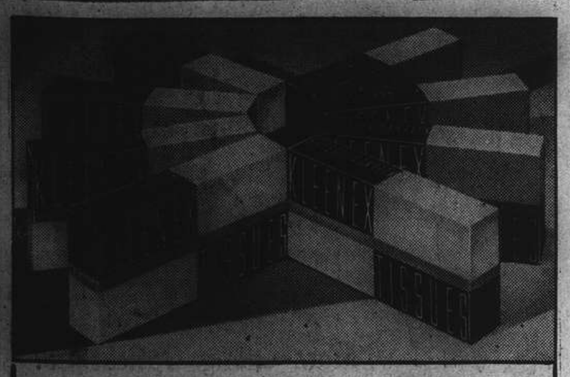

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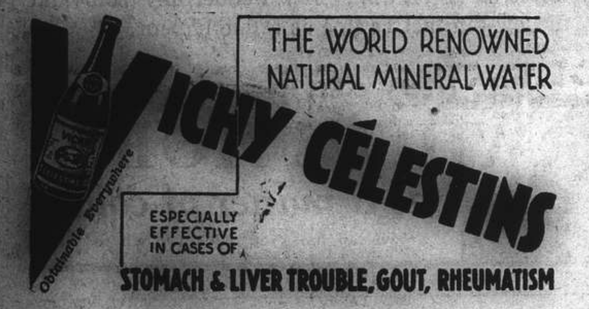

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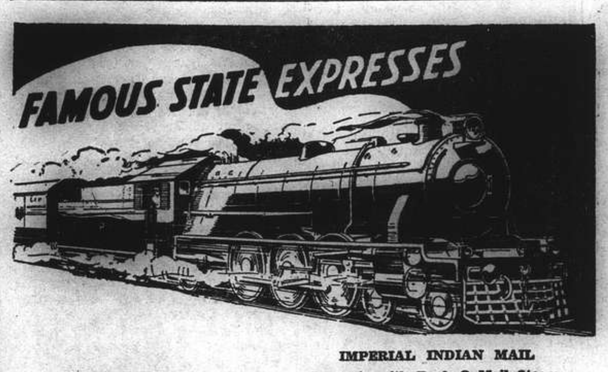

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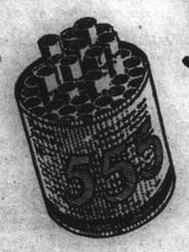

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BIRTH

DIESTEL.—On July 24, 1939, at the War Memorial Nursing Home, Hongkong, to Mr. and Mrs. HANS DIESTEL (née Kammerling), a daughter.

MARRIAGE

BILLON—WHITCHER.—On July 24, 1939, at the British Consulate-General, Shanghai, before G. V. Kitson, Esq.; ELSIE, daughter of the late Mr. H. Whitcher and Mrs. B. M. Whitcher, of London, to VICTOR ALBERT, son of the late Mr. P. Billon and Mrs. C. Billon, of London. 10306

DEATHS

McLOUGHLIN.—On June 13, 1939, at Shimohara, Hijikura-mura, Minami-Takagi Gun, Nagasaki Ken, ALFRED GEORGE McLOUGHLIN, aged 60 years, retired, late of the Chinese Maritime Customs.—Misu.

GLEBOFF.—Suddenly on July 21, 1939, at his home, OLEG GLEBOFF, aged 26 years. Funeral services today, Wednesday, July 26, 1939, at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road at 5.30 p.m. 10473

LIVHSHITZ-MITT.—Suddenly at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, on July 25, 1939, ZINAITA A. LIVHSHITZ-MITT, the dearly-beloved wife of Mr. M. Livhshitz of the Municipal Orchestra. Funeral services today, Wednesday, at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, at 1 p.m., to be followed by interment at the Hungjao Road Cemetery at 2 p.m. 10472

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A GOOD RESULT

The terms of the formula, agreed upon between Great Britain, and Japan, as a result of negotiations at Tokyo, having now been published, it is possible to make that comment, which, if made earlier, would, in view of the facts as they are now known, have been premature. In brief Great Britain has recognized the existence of a state of affairs which has been patent for the last two years. Opinion in Washington sums up the situation clearly, holding that the agreement clarifies the status of Anglo-Japanese relations in a specific local instance, and yet frees British diplomacy to act on a more positive basis in connection with the entire Anglo-Japanese situation as the Japanese military authorities are themselves now bound by a specific formula. That opinion is strengthened in the view of legal experts, who state that Britain has now merely accepted a position acknowledged long ago by the United States, though the latter had been in a better tactical position to confine the liberties of Japan under this status. There can in the circumstances be nothing in the nature of a diplomatic victory for either side, but a compromise, which, faithfully adhered to by both parties, may have the effect of bettering relations between them, while at the same time doing the Chinese Government no disservice. Once recognition is admitted of the existence of large scale hostilities in China the rest of the provisions to be found in the formula logically follow. Obviously the Japanese have special requirements for the protection of their own security in the regions under their control, and the right to suppress or remove any such acts or causes as will benefit their enemy, while as for the rest of the formula it is nothing but a reaffirmation of that neutrality upon which Great Britain has insisted ever since the outbreak of the "China Incident," and constitutes no departure from the attitude regarding neutrality which has been adopted by the United States and other Powers. By achieving this moderate settlement there has been no letting down of China, nor has there been any impairment of foreign rights in China.

If, consequently, the Tokyo formula is regarded as merely regularising an irregular situation full justice will be done not only to its real meaning but the statesmanship of the two countries which negotiated it. Viewed in that light the comment which has been appearing in the Press of the Axis Powers falls into its true perspective; a British defeat is claimed in order to cover up the disappointment over the fact that it was possible for Britain and Japan to reach an understanding so quickly. If there has been any defeat at all, it has been of those who wished to embroil the two countries in the Far East for the furtherance of their own schemes in Europe. To the terms of the formula need to be added the four points made clear by Lord Halifax in the House of Lords: (1) It is not, he said, part of Japan's intentions to preclude the British Government from making representations on any cases which might arise; (2) the British Government expressed the view that nothing in the formula affected the position of other Powers; (3) Sir Robert Craigie represented to the Japanese Government the great importance of discouraging Press recriminations, and (4) had made strong representations regarding the Anti-British agitation. The last two points are of the greatest importance for upon them largely depend the future of Anglo-Japanese relations. It has been stated by Japanese spokesmen that while Japan did not actually inspire the anti-British agitation, it could and would control it. That view is not wholly acceptable, and the fact that Sir Robert Craigie has made representations to Japan on the subject clearly indicates the British view of where responsibility lies. In this connection it needs to be strongly emphasized that a continuance of recriminations in the Japanese Press and the controlled Press in territories at present occupied by the Japanese forces is not conducive of the maintenance of the best relations between the two countries, and whatever ultimate settlement is reached will be largely nullified if there is to be a continuance of that vituperation which has appeared so persistently of late.

Great Britain, in the words of Lord Halifax, has every reason to expect that the anti-British agitation in China will cease as a result of the settlement which has been reached, and if it does not, then the good work which has been done at Tokyo will have been brought to naught, and the resultant situation rendered infinitely worse than it was at the commencement of the talks at Tokyo. Press recriminations and the continuance of the anti-British agitation may in themselves prove the best and most immediate test of Japanese bona fides, and it is devoutly to be hoped that by putting a stop to both of them Japan will make an important contribution to a general betterment of the situation. For the rest it must be emphasized that there can be no change of British policy towards China. Mr. Chamberlain has made that point quite clear, when he said last week that it was impossible for Britain to reverse her policy at the dictation of any other foreign Power, and it was underlined on Monday afternoon in the House of Lords by Lord Halifax when he said "To that position the British Government unhesitatingly adhere." There is nothing in the formula to suggest that there has been any departure from that position. British policy in China remains intact; it contemplates the maintenance of that neutrality which it has always sought to observe in this present struggle, and there is nothing whatever to suggest that any modification of that neutrality has been, is, or will be contemplated. Accepted in this light the agreement reached in Tokyo should be regarded as satisfactory from every point of view. The rights of none are prejudiced, no principle has been sacrificed, and nothing done which could not have been done with propriety at any time during the last two years. It is, therefore, to be hoped that this agreement will mark a turning point in the situation in the Far East, and lead to a better Anglo-Japanese understanding than has existed for an uncomfortably long time past.

Japan's Public Enemy

One of the most singular features of the agitation, which is being carried on in the Japanese Press, is the reiterated charge that Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, H.M. Ambassador to China, is something in the nature of Japan's Public Enemy No. 1, and that the agreement reached at Tokyo constitutes something in the nature of a personal reverse for him. Sir Archibald is nothing of the sort, and has sustained no such reverse as his critics profess to see. For some reason or other those responsible for the outcry against him seem to believe that he is pursuing a personal policy in China. That, of course, is hopelessly wrong. An ambassador is not responsible for the formulation of policy, but is nothing more than the personal instrument through which his Government's policy is made clear to the country to which he is accredited, and through whom negotiations are carried out. Ambassadors nowadays hardly come within the definition of diplomats as given by a famous writer,—was it Lord Chesterfield?—as persons sent to lie abroad for the good of their country, for nowadays they do not even have to do that. Sir Robert Craigie, H.M. Ambassador to Japan, does not come in for the criticisms levelled against Sir Archibald, and yet he also is merely the instrument of the British Government's policy. He has not yet been dubbed Japan's Public Friend No. 1, and if he were it would be equally as untrue as the appellation given the British Ambassador to China. It seems a "bit hard" that Sir Archibald should be picked out for these unwelcome attentions, for if the British policy had been different, and more acceptable to the Japanese it is quite possible he might be occupying the position of Japan's Curly-Headed-Boy No. 2, though even that pleasanter rôle might not be without its embarrassments.

Arms and the Gangster

Chinese sources claim Saturday's sensational shooting was perpetrated by gangsters attached to the pro-Wang Ching-wei party operating from the "badlands" in an attempt to remove opposition to Mr. Wang's political campaign in Shanghai. Japanese official sources claim it was done by pro-Chungking gangsters with the intention of involving Japan and discrediting the Anglo-Japanese negotiations in Tokyo, although there was little success in explaining the fact that the gangsters started out from a base in the Japanese-controlled "Ta Tao" area in western Shanghai. One important fact deserving of the strictest official investigation, irrespective of the political inspiration of the affair, is the source of arms used not only by Saturday's party but by other gangsters in the unusual period of terrorism experienced in Shanghai this year. Every civil war waged around Shanghai left its flotsam and jetsam in the presence of hundreds of deserters and semi-bandits who indulged in criminal careers in the foreign areas, and large quantities of arms and ammunition became available, making arms smuggling an unprofitable and unnecessary occupation. The recent Sino-Japanese hostilities have apparently inundated this area with incredibly large supplies, and among them enormous quantities of hand grenades of the military type. References to Mauser pistols, with virtual machine gun attachments as far as rapid fire is concerned, are too common nowadays to deserve comment. Anybody might as well refer to the large numbers of radios or electric refrigerators in use, so familiar is the term. The hand grenades present another problem and the indications are there must be huge stores of these missiles somewhere because the terrorists do not seem to lack supplies. The type in general use corresponds with a German "potato masher" type shipped in large consignments to Shanghai before the hostilities. Conceivably, the thorough searches made by the police of the two foreign areas at the behest of the Japanese to prevent the spread of anti-Japanese terrorist acts prove that they are not stored in the foreign areas. They must be outside within easy reach of the gangsters. If the Japanese are sincere in their professions o complete control of the area within their jurisdiction — and the situation in that criminal enclave known as the "badlands" is no compliment to the efficiency of this control—then they must possess some knowledge of this store of weapons which are used so regularly in this district. If these grenades and other weapons are freely at the disposal of enemies of the Japanese authorities then the appropriate action would be to immunize this form of danger by seizing them.

A Country Diary

Weihaiwei, July 13.—Some time ago I began to watch Carpenter Ants with a view to testing the findings of the University professors who classified the workers as Large, Intermediate and Small (Note: the difference in size is not due to growth—each is a separate type) and gave the main duties of the Small as foraging, carrying, building, milking aphids and tending young: my results agree almost entirely with the professors, except that I find the Small are seldom, if ever, permitted to "carry" in the sense of bringing in food, and so I exclude from their duties that of foraging. I agree that the Large (soldiers) forage, fight, guard and regurgitate (to feed others) but I find that their special duties, outside soldiering, are to cut up large carcasses and to carry heavy loads (of food): I find that the Intermediates are the main carriers of food and should be given at least "three stars" in the foraging department. Having placed deceased flies (victims of the domestic swatter) near the nest-hole, I found the Large would ignore them, even if they ran into them; Intermediates carried the bodies off and returned from the hole within a few seconds to dump the discarded wings; Smalls were chased away every time they attempted to carry a fly. In the case of larger carcases such as bees, beetles, stink-bugs etc., Large were called in to remove wings and hard parts and to assist the Intermediates in carrying—also to tear off and carry portions of the body to lighten the load. Smalls were kept working the whole time carrying out mud from the nest to enlarge the subterranean galleries. While conducting these experiments I watched the ants as they wandered round the fruit trees and flowers in search of small prey, and I cannot see that they do any harm to fruit or flowers. Their powers of destruction seem to be reserved for fighting other ants who come to steal or destroy....and they cannot really be blamed for that.

IN PARENTHESIS

All Happy

BOBBY had been taken up to see his new twin sisters.

"Aren't you glad now," said his father, "that you prayed for a baby sister?"

"Yes," replied Bobby, grinning, "and aren't you glad I stopped when I did?"

* * *

Blushing

HE was a strict teetotaller, but, unfortunately, had a very red nose. One day a customer said to him: "I say, old man, what is wrong with your nose?"

"Nothing at all," replied the red-nosed one. "It is simply blushing with pride because it does not stick itself into other people's affairs."

* * *

"You Can't Print That"

A NEW reporter had been sent along to interview a famous boxer. Presently he staggered into the editor's office.

"Well," snapped the chief, "did you get anything?"

"Yes, sir," moaned the other, pointing to two black eyes, "these!"

"We can't print those!" said the editor. "What did he say to you?"

"You can't print that, either," was the reply.

* * *

Charity

PAT arrived in New York, and on his way from the docks, up on the Bowery, he saw a ten-dollar gold piece lying on the ground. Picking it up, he said, "They used to tell me back home in Dublin that I could pick up gold in the streets of New York. I didn't believe it, but it's true."

A little farther on he saw a blind man begging. Going up to him he pushed the gold piece into his open hand, saying:

"Here you are, you poor critter. I can see to pick 'em up, and you can't."

* * *

Conscientious

MIKE was dawling along on his way to work, looking half-asleep. Pat overtook him, and slapped him heartily on the back.

"What's wrong wid ye this fine morning?" he cried. "It's half-asleep that ye're looking."

Mike turned a bleary eye on his friend. "And it's tired I am after feeling," he said. "Wasn't I up half the night?"

"What was the trouble?" Pat asked anxiously.

"It was the cat," replied Mike. "Wasn't I sitting there till gone two waiting for her to come in so I could put her out for the night?"

* * *

Poacher

A CHURCH worker called at a small cottage where the occupants were lax in the matter of church attendance.

To her delight, she was asked if she could supply the wife with a certain church magazine. As she did not have one with her she trudged a considerable distance to get a copy, finally arriving back breathlessly at the cottage with the magazine.

"Oh, thank you so much," gushed the woman. "You see, my man wants to do a bit of poaching to-night, and he wants to know when the moon is up."

* * *

More Cakes Wanted

TOMMY came home from school with a black eye.

"What have you been up to?" his mother demanded.

"I've been fighting Johnny Briggs," Tommy confessed.

"Well, you take this cake and make friends."

Tommy did so, but later he came home with a black eye.

"Good gracious!" his mother exclaimed. "What's happened now?"

"He did it again," said Tommy sadly, "and he wants more cake to-morrow."

* * *

So Beautiful

AN advertising concern commissioned a skywriter to take his plane over New York City. He was to write the name of a certain brand of soup in smoke above the city.

It was a very clear day when the pilot started out. When he reached the desired altitude he pressed a button, but instead of the name of the soup, all that came was "Ah! Ah! Ah!"

When he returned to the field the advertising agent was waiting for him.

"What the thunder do you think you've been doing?" he shrieked. "We instructed you to write the name of the soup—and you go and write 'Ah! Ah! Ah!' all over the sky! What's wrong with you?"

The pilot sighed deeply. "I just couldn't help myself," he murmured. "The sky was so beautiful up there."

* * *

Blockade

"In spite of negotiations in Tokyo the blockade of Britons by Japanese in Tientsin, which has now lasted weeks, may be intensified."—Reuter and British United Press.

In spite of conversations round
Our Tientsin problem and its trade,
No hope, they say, has yet been found
Of any rift in the blockade:
Indeed, it cannot be denied
That it may be intensified.

"Intolerable" was the word
Employed by Mr. Chamberlain
Regarding insults we incurred
From Japanese: so once again
Let him proclaim this rumour more
"Intolerable" than before.

—By F. G. H. Salusbury in the "Daily Herald."

THE WEATHER

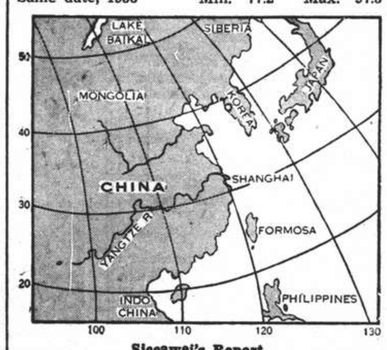
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	71.0	Max.	84.5
Same date, 1938	Min.	79.0	Max.	—

Rainfall 1.48

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	71.8	Max.	89.2
Same date, 1938	Min.	77.2	Max.	97.3



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 24th:—Normal and steady pressure over Japan. Typhoon to the east-south-east of Tsingtao moving west-north-west: other typhoon to the east of Naha moving north-north-eastward. Variable winds along the Coast. Thundery weather in our regions.

State on the morning of the 25th:—Overcast weather. Calm of wind. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy, fine and hot weather with thundery and variable winds over Shantung, our regions and to the south of the Saddles. The typhoon to the east of the Loochoos is stationary but could start again more northward. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 60 miles, latitude 29, longitude 131, stationary, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

To THE ALEXANDRA HOSTEL

The Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai $500.00

Delegates Prepare Way For Tientsin Talks

Policing of British Concession Discussed In Informal Meeting in Tokyo; Question May Be Prelude to Settlement of Other Issues

Tokyo, July 25.

THE policing of the British Concession at Tientsin and the maintenance of peace and order there are understood to have been discussed here this morning by a Committee composed of two British representatives, Major-General F.S.C. Piggott, Military Attaché, and Major G. A. Herbert, Superintending Consul at Tientsin, and two Japanese representatives, Mr. Hikozo Tanaka, Consul in Tientsin, and Colonel Ohta.

No minutes were taken at the meeting, but a "free and frank exchange of views is said to have taken place" in a conciliatory atmosphere and in accordance with the agreement reached between Mr. Hachiro Arita, the Foreign Minister, and Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador, on the general questions forming the background of the situation at Tientsin."

The Committee is understood to have discussed:—

1. Control and joint search for general law breakers:

2. Control and general search for anti-Japanese and communist elements:

3. Establishment of an Anglo-Japanese liason organ in connection with the maintenance of peace and order.

The Committee is expected to make a report this afternoon or tomorrow morning to a full meeting of British and Japanese delegates.

Solution Foreseen

Well-informed Japanese circles believe that if an agreement in views is reached between Great Britain and Japan regarding this question, the settlement of other individual questions in the Tientsin situation will also be favourably affected, including economic problems.

Following the Committee meeting this morning, all the British and Japanese delegates and their staffs attended a luncheon party given by Mr. Arita at his official residence.

The guests included Sir Robert Craigie, Major-General Piggott, Major G. A. Herbert, Mr. Sawada, Vice Minister for Foreign Affairs, Major-General Muto, Japanese Army representative in North China, and Mr. Sotomatsu Kato, Counsellor in the Japanese Embassy at Changchun.

Official Communique

Regarding today's Committee meeting of the Anglo-Japanese Round Table Conference, the following communiqué was issued by the Information Bureau of the Foreign Office at 6.05 p.m.:—

"The Committee of four appointed to examine certain details in connection with the situation in Tientsin met at the official residence of the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs at 9 a.m. and finished their work at 5.45 p.m.

"The full delegations will meet at 10.30 a.m. tomorrow."—Reuter.

Navy Minister's Warning

Tokyo, July 25.

The Minister of the Navy, Admiral Yonai, referring to the talks between Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, and Mr. H. Arita, Japanene Foreign Minister, Admiral Yonai, the Minister of the Navy, warns the nation against assuming that British policy in the Far East "has changed entirely as a result of the talks."

He says it is necessary to watch the British attitude towards individual questions, including currency.—Reuter.

British Policy "Changed"

Tientsin, July 25.

Britain's recognition of the actual situation in China, where hostilities on a large scale are in progress, constituted a "vast change" in British policy in the opinion of Mr. Shigenori Tashiro, Japanese Consul-General here.

The British Government, he said, had hitherto maintained a "mistaken conception" of the state of affairs in China.

"However, the discussion of actual basic questions have only just begun. We must increase our attention to the matter and maintain our strong attitude," he commented.—Domei.

Diplomats Praised

Tokyo, July 25.

Congratulations were extended to the Foreign Minister, Mr. Hachiro Arita, by the Japanese Press today for his success in reaching an agreement with the British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie, on general questions forming the background of the Tientsin situation.

The newspapers also pay tribute to Great Britain for the statemanship displayed in Tokyo.—Reuter.

Credits to China Not Affected

Scope of Tokyo Agreement Explained to Chinese Envoy in London

London, July 25.

The British Government yesterday gave assurances to China that the Arita-Craigie agreement reached in Tokyo last week did not condone the presence of Japanese troops in China and does not represent a change in British policy in the Far East.

The assurances were given to the Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Quo Tai-chi, by the British Foreign Secretary, Viscount Halifax. Dr. Quo earlier had requested an elucidation of Britain's agreement with Japan and made strong representations against the Tokyo formula for Anglo-Japanese understanding.

Diplomatic quarters said last night that the assurances given by Viscount Halifax, in the presence of a number of high British Foreign Office officials, appeared to have assuaged the worst Chinese fears regarding the Arita-Craigie agreement.

Inconsistency Alleged

The Chinese Ambassador, in his representations, said that the Tokyo agreement was inconsistent with Britain's undertaking under the Nine Power Treaty, the Brussels Conference declaration, and a series of League of Nations resolutions.

The British commitments to which Dr. Quo alluded concerned respect for China's territorial integrity, the obligations of League of Nations members to aid China and avoid weakening her resistance, and the optional enforcement of article sixteen of the League Covenant against Japan.

Viscount Halifax was understood to have replied that the new agreement with Japan involves recognition of the presence of Japan troops on Chinese soil, but refrains from condoning this invasion. He is further stated to have declared that the Nine Power Treaty, the Brussels declaration and the League of Nations resolutions remain unaffected by the Tokyo agreement which he said involved neither recognition of Japan's belligerent rights nor any change in Britain's foreign policy.

Currency a Broad Problem

Viscount Halifax was reported to have admitted that further Arita-Craigie negotiations may touch on the question of Chinese currency. But Britain's view was reaffirmed last night as being that the currency problem cannot be settled without the concurrence of the United States and other interested Powers.

A British Government spokesman disclosed last night that the British Ambassador to Tokyo, Sir Robert Craigie, succeeded only after stubborn insistence in persuading the Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Hachiro Arita, to drop Japan's demand for a provision banning further British commercial credits for China.

In this connection, it appeared probable yesterday that an agreement granting China £3,000,000 in British exports credits would be signed here soon.

On the other hand, the prospect of Britain replenishing the Chinese stabilization fund seems most improbable. The Chinese dollar, it is believed, will be left to its dreary fate.—United Press.

Col. Spear's Trial Not Yet Started

Preliminary Investigations Still Continuing

London, July 24.

No formal trial of Lt.-Colonel C. R. Spear, British Military Attache in China, had started, and preliminary investigations were still proceeding, according to information given by a Japanese official to the officer in charge of the British Embassy in Peiping, declared Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons today.

Sir Robert Craigie (British Ambassador in Tokyo), he added, was maintaining the closest touch with the Japanese Government, and Lord Halifax (Foreign Secretary) trusted that, in view of the improved atmosphere, this question would soon be settled.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, Labour member for the Kingswinford division of Staffordshire, asked if it had been made clear to the Japanese Government that the British Government would hold them responsible for Colonel Spear's safety.

Mr. Butler: "Yes."—Reuter.

Over 14,000 Join R.A.F. Since April 1

London, July 24.

The Air Ministry announces that 597 recruits joined the Royal Air Force during the week ending July 22, as compared with 594 in the corresponding period of last year. This brings the total entry of pilots, observers, airmen, and boys since April 1, 1939 to 14,252, as compared with 6,488 for the corresponding period of last year.—Wireless through Reuter.

Restrictions Enforced In Tientsin

Gen. Homma Warns Against Premature Optimism

Tientsin, July 25.

Japanese "traffic restrictions" against the British and French Concessions here will not be lifted until the objectives of such measures are achieved, Lieut.-Gen. Masaharu Homma, commander of the Japanese Defence Force here, told newspapermen last night.

"Depending upon the good or ill faith of the British, the agreement reached in Tokyo may become but a scrap of paper," the 300-pound Japanese general declared.

"The outlook on the discussions concerning specific questions that led up to the dispute involving the British Concession is still obscure," he pointed out. "There are no grounds for optimism, nor for a relaxation of our spirit. It may be even said that the fight, insofar as the military authorities here are concerned, has not yet begun."

Satisfaction Expressed

Lieut.-Gen. Homma, however, expressed his satisfaction at the acceptance by the British "of almost all our demands" made at the first meeting between Mr. Hachiro Arita, Japanese Foreign Minister, and Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, in Tokyo on July 15.

He attributed the Japanese success to the power of public opinion. The effects of the agreement, Lieut.-Gen. Homma declared, would become evident in a few weeks.

"According to reports from Chungking, the officials of the régime of

(Continued on page 8)

Japanese Air Force Over Chungking

Foreign Property Has Narrow Escapes

Chungking, July 25.

After leaving Chungking alone for 20 days, Japanese aeroplanes, numbering 27, again raided China's wartime capital yesterday evening. They were greeted with heavy anti-aircdaft fire, and engaged in furious fights by Chinese pursuit 'planes.

The main localities bombed were the western suburbs of the city, and an area near the north bank of the Chialing Rived. Several bombs landed in the vicinity of the French Embassy, the nearest one only 100 yards distant.

Big fires were started near the Chialing River. Several bombs landup the waterfront with a lurid glare. Several bombs landed in the river itself.

Reuters temporary office in the western suburbs had a close escape from destruction when three bombs landed within 20 yards. Luckily, however, they were duds. One of them fell in a tennnis-court, and the other two in a narrow lane leading to a house occupied by correspondents of other foreign news agencies.

Plaster fell to the floor of the house, but there were no casualties among the correpondents.

The alarm was sounded here at 6.30 p.m., when the Japanese machines crossed the Szechuen border in the direction of Hochwan, as if to head for some other point than Chungking.

Making a sharp turn to the northwest of Chungking, the raiders suddenly headed for the city, flying overhead at 7.30 p.m., and dropping bombs on the north bank of the Chialing River.

They then turned south-eastwards, and bombed the western suburbs of the city.—Reuter.

British Government to Watch China Trade

Commons Questions on Dollar Stabilization

London, July 25.

This afternoon's session in the House of Commons was devoted mostly to financial and economic problems, with Poland and the Far East occupying the spotlight.

Sir John Simon, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that the British Government has offered the Polish economic delegation export credit guarantees amounting to £8,000,000.

Replying to Mr. Thomas Kennedy, Labour member for Kirkcaldy, Mr. Oliver Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, stated:

"I am aware that imports from China in the first six months of this year were less by about £760,000 than the corresponding period of last year. Our exports and re-exports, however, were slightly greater. His Majesty's Government will continue to watch the situation closely with a view to taking any appropriate step as may be necessary and practicable to protect this country's trade with China."

Mr. Frederick Bellenger, Labour member for the Bassetlaw Division of Nottinghamshire, drew the attention of the Government to the new depreciation in the value of the Chinese Dollar on the exchange market and asked whether the resources of the Exchange Stabilization Fund were now exhausted.

"I think the Honourable Member will appreciate that secrecy must be observed with regard to the currency position of the Chinese currency stabilization account just as in the case of our own and other countries' accounts," Sir John Simon replied. "I can add nothing to the reply I gave to the question on July 11."—Havas.

Danzig Gauleiter Takes Command

Nazi Head of Senate Superceded

Berlin, July 24.

Gauleiter Albert Foerster was the leader "responsible for Danzig's policy," official D.N.B. news agency asserted today, completely ignoring Herr Arthur Greiser, President of the Free City's Senate.

Herr Greiser's name was not mentioned at all. However, it was denied that he had been arrested.

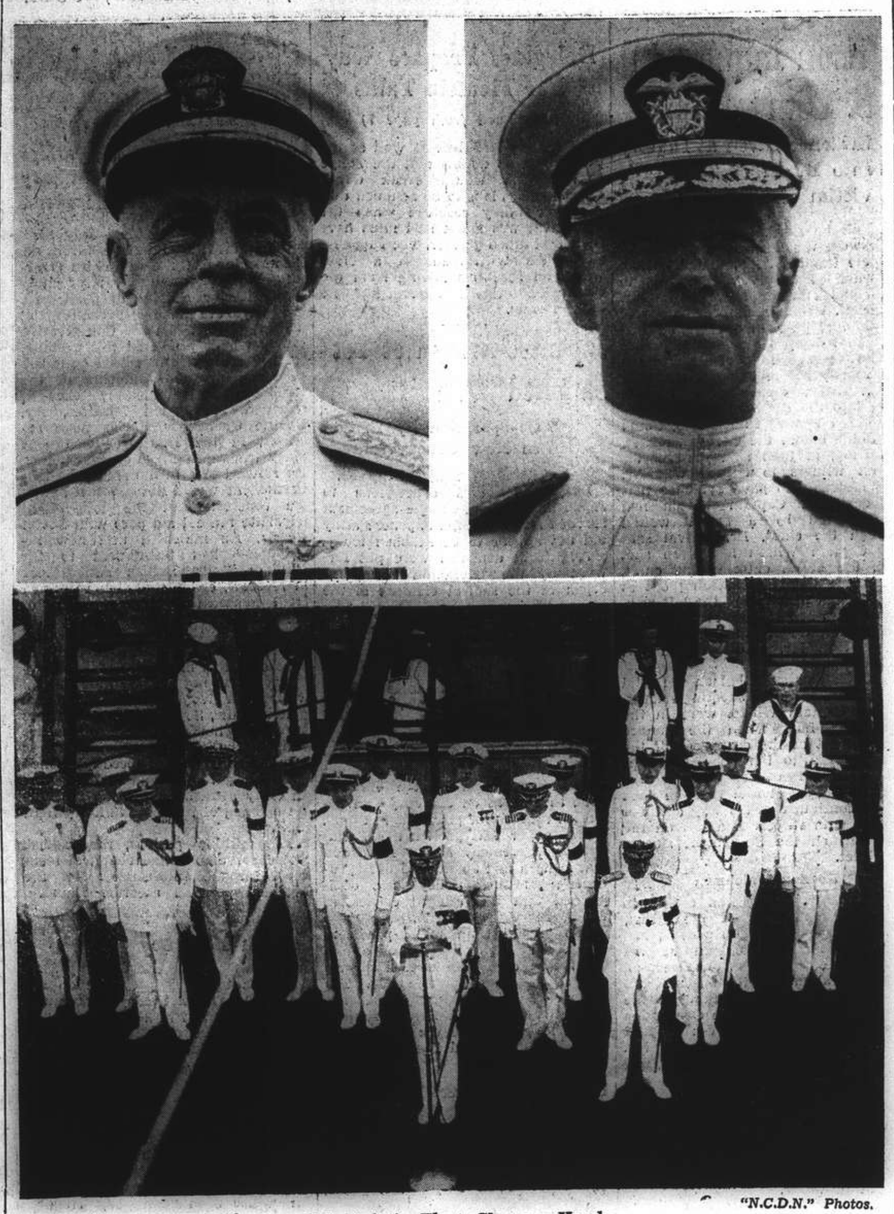
D.N.B. included its commentary in an article dealing with an editorial written by Herr Foerster for the "Voelkische Beobachter," official Nazi newspaper.—Havas.

Methodists Refuse Women Ministers

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Liverpool, July 25.

The Methodists conference at Liverpool has rejected a motion for considering the ordination of women to the ministry.—Reuter.



"N.C.D.N." Photos.

U.S. Asiatic Fleet Changes Hands

The U.S.S. Augusta, flagship of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, was the scene of an impressive ceremony yesterday morning when Admiral Harry E. Yarnell (upper left) turned over his command to Admiral Thomas Charles Hart (upper right). The lower picture shows both Admirals and their Chiefs of Staff and Flag Lieutenants lined up on the quarterdeck during the ceremony.

Britain Must Support China Currency to Prove Faith

London Press Emphasizes Need for Clearing Away Misinterpretation of Tokyo Accord

London, July 25.

THE Japanese interpretation of the Anglo-Japanese Agreement is questioned today by several British newspapers, many of whom urge continued British support of the Chinese currency. It is to be feared, says the "News-Chronicle," that Russia and the United States may feel that there is more truth in the Japanese version of the talks. Inasmuch as actions speak louder than words, the journal continues, let the Government back up its interpretation by arranging forthwith for a substantial credit to China.

This is one specific way in which the British Government can express its recognition of the fact that China is fighting its battle in the East. More important than safeguarding British rights in this or that Concession, the "News-Chronicle" adds, is appreciation of this central fact, and action which should support it.

Reaction in both Berlin and Rome to the Anglo-Japanese Agreement follows the assumption that Great Britain has capitulated, while a mixed reception is accorded the settlement in the Paris press.

The German newspaper, "Nachtausgabe," declares that in all future negotiations, Britain will have to yield step by step, unless she wants to have recourse to warlike action. Political circles in Rome are of the opinion that if the negotiations continue as they have begun, it will mean the start of a British withdrawal from the Far East.

In Paris, while Left Wing newspapers strongly attack the agreement, Right Wing organs support it, but consider it necessary to produce arguments to justify it. For example, "'Le Temps" declares that it has been the strategy of the totalitarian Powers to obtain the adherence of Japan to the Rome-Berlin Axis so as to paralyse the Democratic Powers in the West. This menace, it asserts, has been definitely set aside by the friendly settlement in Tokyo. The newspaper adds that to prevent Japan falling into a military alliance with the totalitarian Powers justifies sacrifices of principles.

"Manchester Guardian" View

The "Manchester Guardian" says a charitable view is that the British Government has deliberately accepted a vague formula in the hope that it will lead to an early settlement of the Tientsin dispute.

"If the Japanese are going to interpret the agreement as applying to the whole of China and amounting to a guarantee of British co-operation in the conquest, and if this interpretation is wholly mistaken, it would be best to undo the harm which has already been done in China, the United States and this country as soon as possible.

"We hould make it clear that it is as essential for us today as it has ever been, to support the Chinese dollar, and there can be no restriction by us on the export to China of any materials which we can supply and which may help her to carry on the war.

Neutrality Impossible, Undesirable

"It may be correct for us to aim at neutrality in the Concessions, but in the wider struggle between Japan and China cold-blooded neutrality is neither possible for us nor desirable."

The "Daily Mail" says that Sir Robert Craigie in Tokyo is doing well in a very difficult task. He has, it declares, "successfully surmounted the first hurdle of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations. From the Japanese press now comes a series of eleven 'demands' affecting the whole British position in China. But Mr. Chamberlain has assured Parliament that the conversations will be confined strictly to local issues.

"In particular, this country should do nothing likely to impair the Chinese currency. We should not listen to the louder of Japan's two voices. The milder tones are slow in coming, but they appear to carry authority."

The "Daily Express" says that the talks in Tokyo are to open on a basis, facing facts, that "we are to recognize Japan's position in China today. And recognizing facts is the beginning of political wisdom. We should have been saved the humiliation of trouble if we had not refused to face unpleasant truths in Abyssinia. We cannot prevent Japanese aggression in China by shutting our eyes to it, nor help the Chinese by looking the other way."

New Diplomatic Technique

Claims have been made in Tokyo that a resounding triumph has been scored for the "new order in Asia," and the press in Berlin has gleefully emphasized the supposed humiliation of Great Britain, declares the "Daily Telegraph" today. These are unfortunate but inevitable examples, he adds, of the new technique in diplomacy by tirade overlapping sober negotiation.

Though there have been certain misgivings lest perhaps these tales of British "surrender" might be true, the newspaper asserts, there is no justification for them in the official statement or in Mr. Chamberlain's brief commentary on it.

Abandonment of the Chinese currency, withdrawal of the British Ambassador to China, stoppage of supplies sent through Burma, and recognition of "puppet" administrations

(Continued on page 8)

Lord Kemsley Goes to Germany to See Reichsfuehrer at Berchtesgaden

Noted British Press Magnate Seeks to Improve Relationships; Mission for Mr. Chamberlain

London, July 24.

Understood to be on a special mission for the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Baron Kemsley left this evening for Germany where, it was said, he would meet Fuehrer Adolf Hitler in person.

Lord Kemsley, owner of the "Sunday Times" and the "Daily Sketch," would confer with Herr Hitler on Thursday, July 27, at Berchtesgaden to convey to him Mr. Chamberlain's views on the European situation. He would be in a position to give Herr Hitler first-hand information on Mr. Chamberlain's opinions because he was received by the Premier several times towards the end of last week, it was pointed out.

The official reason for his trip to Germany was said to be an invitation from Dr. Otto Dietrich, head of the German press relationships.

Lord Kemsley, 56 years old, is one of Britain's great press lords, owning several newspapers and holding directorial positions and interests in many publishing houses. He holds the Order of St. John and is an Officer of the Legion of Honour.—Havas.

Uncensored Articles Exchange

London, July 25.

Lord Kemsley's visit to Germany is the latest development in the initiative by the British press magnate who has been seeking an exchange of uncensored articles for publication in the British and German newspapers, giving the respective views of the two countries.—Reuter.

Biggest R.A.F. Mass Flight Held

London, July 25.

Over 200 bombers participated in a R.A.F. mass training flight over France today. It was the biggest yet held. The distances covered ranged from 800 miles to nearly 1,600 miles for non-stop flights from English bases, with speeds of up to 300 miles per hour.

Over 60 Bristol Blenheim bombers crossed the coast between 7.30 and 8.15 a.m., and over 50 battle bombers crossed between 8.30 and 9 a.m. Other flights were also undertaken, the destinations of the British war-planes including Paris, Lyons and the southern end of the Bay of Biscay.

The first wave of Blenheims which made a 800 miles flight, were intercepted by French aircraft, while the second wave of battle-bombers flew over northern and central France over a total distance of 800 to 900 miles. Heights of between 3,000 and 5,000 feet were maintained, except over cities.—Reuter.

British Asked to Leave Tsinan

Agitation Increases in Many Parts of N. China; Shameen Seen Menaced

Peiping, July 25.

The anti-British movement in North China is being steadily intensified by the Japanese authorities.

The Hsin Min Hui Party has instructed all its branches in North China to intensify the spread of the movement by propaganda and anti-British acts in theatres, including the showing of anti-British films and the display of posters and cartoons urging a boycott of British goods.

Japanese reports from Tsinan state that the "anti-British committee" there has notified 30 British firms that they must withdraw from Tsinan within 15 days.—Reuter.

Shameen Blockade Planned?

Hongkong, July 25.

Japanese authorities in South China today were believed to be planning a blockade of Shameen, foreign settlement in Canton.

The Japanese navy announced that effectively today the Pearl River would be closed to all foreign shipping.

The announcement said the river would be closed "for approximately a fortnight because of military operations on the river delta."

The blockade, it was understood, does not affect the movements of foreign warships at present.

The announcement said the Japanese intend to institute a blockade of Shameen, including the searching of foreigners and Chinese leaving the foreign area.—United Press.

German Census Shows Big Increase

Berlin, July 25.

The population of Greater Germany is 79,730,000, according to the official returns of a census taken last May, in addition to the protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia, which contains 6,800,000 people. It is stated that four-fifths of the German race now live within the Third Reich. When the Nazis took power, the German population was 65,000,000.—Reuter.

Soviets Emphatically Reject Tokyo Note on Saghalien

Long-Delayed Reply Declares Demarche Sought To Hide Illegal Activities; Violations Listed

Moscow, July 24.

IN no uncertain terms, Soviet Russia today rejected a Japanese Note protesting against the alleged irregular activities of Soviet organizations in Japanese oil and coal concessions on Saghalien. The Note was lodged with the Foreign Commissariat nearly three months ago, on April 27. Japan was given her reply when M.A.S. Lozovsky, Vice-Commissar for Foreign Affairs, summoned M. Shigenori Togo, Japanese Ambassador, this afternoon.

The Soviet reply emphasizes that the Japanese Note sought to cover up illegal activities which contravened contracts concluded by Japanese firms with Soviet workers. It claims that the firms concerned also broke Soviet laws, and it enumerates such violations in a long list. The Japanese firms, it stresses, have systematically violated regulations providing for the concessions' safety against fire and have failed to take measures recommended by labour inspectors for the prevention of fire.

Several fires were caused by 457 violations of such rules during 1938-1939. For example, two derricks of the O. H. A. oilfields were burnt down on November 2, 1935, owing to the poor electrical equipment used. Another derrick was burnt down on November 21, 1937, and a hangar was razed on July 19, 1939.

The Soviet Government, the Note adds, cannot tolerate Japanese violations which endanger neighbouring Russian concerns as well as the workers' population on the spot. Such violations have to date resulted in many accidents, it alleges.

Ninety-six accidents occurred on Japanese concessions during 1937. During the first three months of this year, seven accidents were reported although there was very little activity.

Annulment Right Claimed

Finally, the Soviet Note declares, Japan violated her contracts by slowing down the development of her concessions since 1937, thereby giving Moscow the right to annul Japanese rights to the leased areas.

In the earlier part of the Note, the Soviet Government asserts that Japanese concession operators had not paid royalties for hired materials since December 14, 1925, and that the Japanese debt to Moscow now amounts to 892,487 roubles.

The Soviet Memo also complains that Japanese firms have stocked various goods and have sold other products, imported from Japan, to people outside the concessions whereas to the workers they sold goods of inferior quality.

Moreover, prohibited articles such as Bordan rifles have allegedly been discovered in Japanese godowns.

Starvation of Workers Alleged

The Soviet Government accuses the Japanese concerns of having reduced, in December last and this January, supplies of foodstuffs to the workers by a full 25 per cent. although they had large quantities of supplies in their warehouses.

It also recalls Japanese violations of Soviet laws governing the sojourns of foreign warships in Russian ports. The alleged violations occurred when Japanese war vessels anchored in Saghalien ports at the time that the Nipponese concessions' products were being exported. Commanders of the ships in question, it is said, indulged in provocative actions which called forth several Soviet protests.

The Note also recalls other Japanese violations of the pledged word, such as the refusal of Matsui Dockyards to deliver warships ordered by Moscow and their rejection of requests for indemnification.

It also brings up the fact that Japan failed to pay the last instalment of the purchase price for the East Chinese Railway, "whereas the Soviet Government always fulfilled its commitments."

The Note denies alleged Soviet intentions to put an end to development of Japanese concessions on Saghalien, and asserts that Moscow intends to stand by its commitments. But, at the same time, it demands full respect of Soviet laws by the Japanese and complete fulfillment of Japanese obligations.—Havas.

Japanese Naval Demonstration

Tokyo, July 25.

The Japanese fleet will shortly stage a demonstration under conditions approximating those which would prevail in war time in order to intimate clearly Japan's readiness to protect her vital oil and coal concessions in North Sakhalin, it was announced last night by Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, the Navy Minister.—Trans-Ocean.

Reconstruction Loan Planned in Chungking

Effort to Check Misuse of Northern Banknotes

Chungking, July 25.

On hearing a week ago that the Japanese intended to convert large amounts of North China bank notes into foreign exchange, the Shanghai note-issuing banks on their own responsibility refused to accept such notes any further. Thereupon the Chungking Government instructed these banks yesterday to accept such notes in Shanghai against payment of the counter-value in Chungking or other places under the control of the Chungking Government. In this way the Chungking Government aims at blocking banknotes in the hands of the Japanese.

This measure is connected with the announcement that the second half of the $600,000,000 reconstruction loan will be issued on August 1 which, it is maintained, shows the determination of the Chungking Government to continue the fight.—Trans-Ocean.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 4 11/32d. U.S.$ 8 27/32c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, July 25.

Considerably lower prices for silver were fixed in London today, with quotations being recorded as follows:—

	July 24	July 25
London spot	16 13/16d.	16 5/8d.
" forward	16 3/8d.	16 1/4d.
" gold	148/5 1/2d.	148/6d.
London/New York:		
One pound	U.S.$4.6828	$4.6822
One U.S. dollar	51.251d.	51.258d.

—Reuter.

Another 58 Soviet Planes Downed

Japanese-Manchoukuo Counter-Offensive Said Progressing

Changchun, July 25.

Continued border warfare along Manchoukuo's western frontier yesterday resulted in the downing of 41 Soviet aeroplanes, the Kwantung Army headquarters claimed in a communiqué issued today.

Japanese losses were given as three killed, two wounded and one machine, with crew, missing.

Twenty-six out of about 100 Soviet combat craft and 15 out of 60 bombers were shot down, the communiqué asserted.

Japanese bombers carried out operations against Soviet artillery positions along the Khalka River in the face of intensive anti-aircraft fire, according to the announcement.

Seventeen More Claimed

Japanese aircraft shot down seventeen Soviet planes of the I-16 type in two clashes with more than 70 craft over the western border of Manchoukuo today, the headquarters of the Kwantung Army claimed in a communique released this evening.

A Japanese aerial squadron encountered more than 30 Outer Mongolian combat planes of Soviet manufacture over the Nomonhan area at 9.30 o'clock this morning. At 12.30 o'clock Japanese planes clashed with 40 more hostile craft. One Japanese plane had not returned to its base at the time the statement was issued.—Reuter.

Japanese Counter-Offensive

Tokyo, July 25.

The Japanese and Manchoukuo counter-offensive against combined Soviet and Outer Mongol troops which crossed the Khalha River is "developing favourably," according to a communiqué issued at 11.35 a.m. yesterday by the headquarters of the Kwantung Army at Changchun.

The Japanese and Manchoukuo forces, the communiqué says, "successfully repulsed" the Soviet and Outer Mongol troops to a point beyond the border on July 11, and since then have been watching their movements while dealing with remnants of Soviet and Outer Mongol troops in the Nomonhan area.

Soviet-Outer Mongol forces, however, it continues, "have persisted in maintaining a provocative attitude" by establishing strong artillery positions on the western bank of the Khalha River and reinforcing their tank units and artillery forces. Watching for an opportunity to cross the border again, the communiqué states, they attempted repeated, small-scale attacks on Japanese positions, but were successfully repulsed.

Some 2,000 Soviet and Outer Mongol troops, armed with about 100 tanks, are said to have crossed the border and attacked the Japanese-Manchoukuo forces at 7 a.m. on Sunday, "whereupon the Japanese-Manchoukuo forces launched a general counter-attack of them."—Reuter.

Japanese Cabinet Review China Situation

Slump in Chinese Dollar Factors Discussed

Tokyo, July 25.

The Nomonhan incident, the slump of the Chinese dollar and the situation in China were discussed at this morning's Cabinet meeting.

The War Minister, Lieut.-General Seishiro Itagaki, reported on a fresh clash between Manchoukuo and Outer Mongol forces on the border.

Mr. Sotaro Ishiwata, the Finance Minister, after describing the causes for the slump of the Chinese national currency, said that the major cause for the devaluation of the Chinese dollar was due to a withdrawal of support on the part of the Exchange stabilization Fund. He predicted a further fall in the Chinese dollar "if the present situation continues," and urged the necessity of formulating an independent currency policy by Japan to deal with the slump.

A free and frank exchange of views is said then to have followed among the Cabinet Ministers regarding the "China Incident," although Lieut.-General Itagaki is reported to have "refrained from voicing his own opinion."

The Minister for Home Affairs, the Marquis Koichi Kido, is reported to have suggested formulating a new plan "for the disposal of the China Incident in keeping with the new situation in China, and its execution with firm determination on the part of Japan."—Reuter.

Peruvian Plans Long Flight

Rome, July 25.

The Peruvian air commander, Pedro Canga, announced last night that he and two technicians of the Peruvian Air Force would take off from the military airport here in a Caproni bomber, type 310, on July 31 on a flight to Lima, Peru.—United Press.

Commons Fully Assured Over Loan to Reich Rumour

British Government Has No Intention to Offer Credits; Mr. R. S. Hudson's Talks Explained

London, July 24.

IN statements in Parliament today on the recent conversations between Mr. R. S. Hudson, Secretary to the Overseas Trade Department, and Herr Helmuth Wohltat, German economic expert, both the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, and Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, made it clear that no proposal for a loan to Germany had ever been made. Mr. Hudson is alleged to have discussed with the German official a scheme involving a huge loan to Germany in return for Germany undertaking to limit her armaments.

Mr. Hudson was present in the House of Commons today to answer overseas trade questions as usual. He was received with some ironical Opposition cheers. Reuter's Lobby Correspondent understands that there is no question of Mr. Hudson resigning. Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Deputy- Leader of the Labour Opposition, asked Mr. Chamberlain if he had any statement to make regarding the alleged proposals to Herr Wohltat, and the Prime Minister replied: "There is no proposal for a German loan."

Mr. Greenwood: "May I take it that the Cabinet had no knowledge whatever of the possibility of discussions of this kind, nor had prompted them in any way? May I also take it from what the Prime Minister has said that there is no intention on the part of His Majesty's Government to begin discussions which might look like bribery to Herr Hitler in order to buy peace?"

Mr. Chamberlain: "Yes, I can give an affirmative answer to both questions. We knew nothing about these conversations, nor did any other Minister other than the Minister concerned. It is not the intention of the British Government to initiate any discussion of the kind.

What Premier Wished to Know

Asked who was responsible for disclosing the conversations, the Prime Minister replied: "That is a question to which I should like very much to know the answer myself."

Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, Labour member for the Seaham division of Durham, asked if Mr. Chamberlain thought it desirable that a member of the Government, although not in the Cabinet, should engage in conversations without some preliminary guidance from the Government. He also asked for a categorical denial that no highly placed official had had conversations with Herr Wohltat.

Mr. Chamberlain replied: "I do not see any particular harm done in this particular conversation. It was a personal conversation between Mr. Hudson and a German official.

"The mischief, if mischief there was, was in the disclosure of what took place to newspapers.

"As to the second part of the question, I suppose this is a repetition of the usual attacks on Sir Horace Wilson (Chief Industrial Adviser to the British Government). Sir Horace has frequently seen Herr Wohltat, but he did not discuss with him any of the matters to which I have alluded."

Full Statement to Lords

In reply to a question in the House of Lords, Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, said:

"I assume that the noble Lord is referring to reports that have been in circulation during the last few days arising out of a conversation between the Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade and Herr Wohltat, economic advisor to Field-Marshal Goering, Minister in charge of Germany's four-year plan.

"Herr Wohltat was on visit to this country as German representative on the Whaling Conference. It is also part of his responsibilities to discuss matters arising out of the refugee question. So far as I am aware, Herr Wohltat's mission did not extend beyond these matters. In the course of other visits in recent years to this country, Herr Wohltat has met a number of officials and others who are concerned with trade and economic questions affecting the two countries, consideration of these matters forming part of Herr Wohltat's normal duties.

Foreign Trade Improvements

"It was accordingly in no sense unusual that the Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade and Herr Wohltat should meet and should discuss subjects in which they are mutually interested, and for which they are respectively responsible in their official capacities.

"The Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade has reported to me that the conversation turned to steps that might be taken to produce improvements in the foreign trade of the principal manufacturing countries. In this connection the Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade, pointing out that a solution of political questions was a necessary preliminary—by which, of course, he meant the restoration of international confidence—discussed what might be done to remove existing barriers to the development of international trade, including barter agreements, exchange restrictions, import quotas and so forth.

Entirely Personal View

"Discussion of economic questions of this character led on to a discussion of the financial steps that might have to be taken to overcome initiate difficulties, and the Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade—who throughout emphasized that he was only expressing his personal views—said he thought that, assuming that international confidence had been restored, there should be scope for co-operation on this matter on the part of the principal countries concerned.

"It will be seen from this account that there is no justification whatever for stating or for assuming that these remarks, arising in the course of unofficial conversation, constitute a proposal for a loan by this country to Germany."

London Press Comments

Less harm has been done than might perhaps nave been feared by the conversations concerning future relations between Great Britain and Germany, declares an editorial published today in the "Daily Telegraph." In newspapers on the Continent, it adds, what Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, termed as 'impersonal conversations between the Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade and a German official,' were given significance as diplomatic approaches. When, by misfortune of the disclosure, the purpose of the conversations and suggestions made by Mr. Hudson had thus become a subject for discussion and gossip in nearly every capital in Europe, it was an easy step to attach to them the exaggerated claim that they sprang from official sources.

"What led to the leakage, we do not know, but once suggestions have been attributed to official sources, it becomes essential that the matter should be brought into the open and given its true proportions by an authoritative statement without loss of time."

"Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax," the "Daily Telegraph" concludes, "have removed any doubts on the matter, and Mr. Hudson must feel not a little relieved at the way in which he has been rescued from his predicament."—Reuter.

Official German Statement

Berlin, July 25.

An official statement issued by a German news agency says: "The British press has published alleged declarations by Mr. R. S. Hudson, British Secretary for Overseas Trade, about his talk with Herr Wohltat, economic expert, at which a plan transmitted by Herr Wohltat is said to have been discussed. We are empowered to state that such a plan was not discussed at all. In actual fact, the talks, which did not take place on Herr Wohltat's initiative, consisted of a mere private exchange of views on economic questions."—Reuter.

Convicted Killer Again Sentenced

Man Freed by Chinese in 1937 to Aid Army Caught In Armed Robbery

A man who was sentenced six years ago to life imprisonment by the Second Special District Court charged with murdering Tang Kapong, late manager of the Great World Amusement resort in Avenue Edward VII and who regained his freedom when the Chinese authorities released him and sent him to Chapei to help the Chinese troops there during the early stage of hostilities in Shanghai, has returned to the criminal world again. He is Chao Kwang-fu.

He has just been charged with robbery in the First Special District Court and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. He has now also made a round trip to the Second Special District Court which once sentenced him to life imprisonment. Although it cannot be ascertained at present whether or not he will be sentenced to serve out his life imprisonment term, the French police have applied for his extradition to the Concession court.

The main purpose of extraditing the man to the Concession tribunal is to have him testify against Koo Tsu-hsien, former well-known Chinese theatre manager in the French Concession who was once charged with instigating the murder and sentenced to 16 years' imprisonment but who, however, was released on bail shortly before the hostilities started here because the Supreme Court reversed the judgment. The Third Kiangsu High Court in the Concession had also reversed the judgment passed by the Second Special District Court.

Trial to Be Heard Again

Throughout the long legal battle, the French police have repeatedly showed dissatisfaction over the acquittal of Koo and referred the matter to the Supreme Court. Pending instructions or judgment from the highest court, the Third Kiangsu High Court released Koo on $20,000 bail so that he might be summoned to court at any time. Now the Supreme Court has ordered a re-trial of the case.

For a long time, the latest Supreme Court order has embarrassed the judicial authorities in the Concession because the murderer, whose accusation that Koo was the instigator of the crime led the police to arrest the latter, was freed during the hostilities. And so when Chao recently committed the robbery in the Settlement he walked into the trap of the French Concession authorities again. The sensational trial of the theatre manager, who has great influence among the Kiangpeh people in Shanghai, will soon be resumed.

The Great World Amusement resort murder, it will be recalled, was committed at about midnight on June 18, 1933 when the manager of the resort was boarding his motor car. In the best Chicago fashion, several gunmen rushed up to him, shot him dead and quickly left in a motor car. Later, the French police arrested Chao, who was subsequently sentenced to life imprisonment together with Chang Hsiao Shi-tze, who drew 20 years. During his imprisonment Chao named the theatre manager as the chief instigator who, he alleged, wanted to kill the resort manager because of business rivalry.

U.S. Steel Mill Operations

New York, July 24.

The American Iron and Steel Institute, in its weekly report, places steel mill activity for the week commencing July 24 at 60.6 per cent. of capacity. This represents a gain of 4.2 per cent. over the previous week and of 23.6 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year.—Reuter.

Wilson Inquest in U.S. Court

Evidence Given at Inquiry Into Death of Saturday's Victim of Terrorists

"Monk be good, and tell Dean—" these were the last words uttered by the late Captain A. F. "Tug" Wilson, co-owner of the New Ritz Bar, to his friend and manager of the bar, Mr. R. Y. Williams, before the heroic one-time skipper died after he had been shot down by armed terrorists in the outrage in Avenue Edward VII, shortly before 8.30 last Saturday night. This was revealed at the inquest into the death of Captain Wilson which opened in the U.S. Court for China before the Coroner, Mr. N. E. Lurton, at 10.30 a.m. yesterday.

First witness to appear was Dr. Jean Malval who gave evidence that the death of Captain Wilson had been caused by a bullet wound through the chest. Dr. Malval said that Captain Wilson had been shot once, the bullet entering the chest, just above the heart, coming out at the side and penetrating the left arm. Wilson died at 9.15 p.m. at the Sainte Marie Hospital in the presence of Dr. Malval, Mr. Williams and Mr. H. Hausman.

Mr. Williams said that on the fatal night, just before the shooting started, he and Captain Wilson were in the New Ritz Bar. When the gunfire started most of the occupants of the place ducked to the floor, but Captain Wilson ran across the street. Friends shouted at him to come back but he continued on his way and was then seen to stagger and fall on the pavement on the Settlement side of the street.

Russian Watchmen

After the shooting had ceased in that particular part of the street, Mr. Williams and two Russians, Mr. D. L. Dzeboff, watchman at the Frisco Café, and Mr. F. M. Looshpin, watchman at the Charleston Café, ran across the street and brought the wounded man back to the Concession side. He was taken to the hospital in a French police ambulance, Mr. Hausman and Mr. Williams going along with him. Captain Wilson was conscious when they picked him up and tried to get on his feet, saying that he was all right. He was dissuaded in this attempt by his friends and was put into the ambulance. On the way to the hospital he asked for a glass of water.

Other witnesses who gave evidence at the inquest yesterday morning were Chief Inspector R. H. Berthier of the French Police, who identified Captain Wilson's body at the mortuary, and Detective Inspector W. Duncan of the Shanghai Municipal Police. No verdict was arrived at during yesterday's hearing.

Tokyo Agreement For All China

Sir Robert Craigie Says Understanding Covers All Occupied Areas

Tokyo, July 25.

The agreement reached between himself and Japanese Foreign Minister Hachiro Arita applied not only to Tientsin but to all other parts of China under Japanese occupation, Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, told Japanese and foreign correspondents here last night.

"However, the agreement represents no change in the policy of the British Government which has never had any intention of obstructing operations of the Japanese forces in China or jeopardizing the security of the Japanese forces and disturbing public order in Japanese-controlled areas in China.

"I hope that the Japanese nation will dispel any misunderstanding on that point."

The basic principles of his agreement with Mr. Arita, the British Ambassador said, applied to all China under Japanese occupation including not only Tientsin but Shanghai and Kulangsu as well.

One correspondent then drew the attention of the British envoy to the fact that the International Settlements of Shanghai and Kulangsu were not being occupied by the Japanese forces.

Sir Robert reminded his questioner that all the territory surrounding those two areas were now under Japanese control.

Other Powers Not Affected

The British Ambassador said that his agreement, however, applied to Britain and did not involve the rights and interests of other foreign nationals.

Sir Robert admitted that a difficulty existed in the transition from old to new machinery for the maintenance of public peace in China. He said he was referring specifically to the relations existing between the authorities of the foreign-administered areas and the de facto Chinese authorities and the Japanese military, who constituted the "new machinery."

The Tokyo conversations, Sir Robert declared, were progressing "as smoothly as expected."—Domei.

Japanese Resident Hurt By Morning Intruders

Struck With Iron Bars by Couple After Brave Act

After surprising three robbers and seizing one of them as they attempted to enter his home yesterday morning a Japanese resident of Hongkew paid for his bravery a short time later when two of them returned to free their associate and beat him severely with iron bars.

Believed to have been a Mr. E. Fukano, the Japanese resident heard the three men prowling about at Lane 743, House 80 Chemulpo Road. Ignoring the risk of being shot—fortunately the men were not armed—he rushed to the scene and grappled with one of the intruders while the other two fled.

Still holding the robber he then started to drag him towards the street but before he could reach it the other two, evidently plucking up their courage, ran to the spot and commenced to lay about the householder with iron bars. As he let go of the robber to guard himself all three then fled.

After an alarm had been raised the victim was treated for injuries, which will not prove serious. Nothing was stolen by the three men and Yulin Road detectives have the case in hand.

Delegates Prepare Way For Tientsin Talks

(Continued from page 7)

Gen. Chiang Kai-shek as well as the people had no doubts that the Tokyo conversations would break down. Consequently, it is to be assumed that the shock they received when the agreement was announced must have been that much greater. The Japanese authorities will maintain a close watch on reactions arising from the conclusion of the agreement," he said.—Domei.

Japanese Army Not Yet Satisfied

Co-operation by Britain In New Order Wanted

Tokyo, July 25.

Despite Britain's concessions to Japan in the Arita-Craigie agreement reached last week, the Japanese army did not appear to be satisfied today.

Additional demands were put forward by the "Kokumin Shimbun," organ of the radical element in the army. The paper said the new Anglo-Japanese agreement "lacks a positive or constructive nature" and pointed out that no mention was made in the agreement regarding Britain's co-operation in the "establishment of a new order in East Asia."

"In order to make the agreement more effective and significant," the paper said, "Britain must fully cooperate with Japan for the settlement of detailed points in the Tientsin issue as well as on currency and the foreign concessions problems in China.

The paper interpreted the Arita-Craigie agreement as an indication that Britain had abandoned her "pro-Chiang Kai-shek policy" but complained that this alleged concession would not satisfy Japan.

The "Asahi Shimbun" predicted that the new Anglo-Japanese agreement would contribute to an early end of the Sino-Japanese war. The paper said China's military resistance would collapse, once British support is withdrawn from the Chungking Government.—United Press.

Chungking Resentful Of Compromise

Wording of Agreement Not Considered Important

Chungking, July 25.

While Chinese circles anxiously awaited, and also at present are carefully studying the official statement on the Anglo-Japanese agreement, Chinese circles generally do not attach much importance to the statement.

They argue that whatever may be the phrasing of the agreement, the fact remains that Britain has compromised with Japan.

They declare that the fact that General Chiang Kai-shek delivered a speech yesterday morning enunciating China's attitude before the time of the release of the official statement clearly shows that Britain has made a compromise.

It is everywhere apparent in Chungking that Chinese feeling against Britain is rising. One typical comment is:—

"If brute force and violence is the only language that Mr. Chamberlain understands, we will act accordingly hereafter."

More conservative elements suggest that China must from now on completely ignore the possibility of foreign assistance, and "fight her own battle in her own way."—Reuter.

Chinese Extremists Impatient

British Compromise With Tokyo Resented

Chungking, July 25.

While the Chinese authorities are maintaining a cautious attitude towards the reported agreement reached in the course of the Anglo-Japanese conversations in Tokyo, the younger extremists are showing signs of impatience. One typical comment of this group is:—"If Japan can wage an anti-British campaign, why cannot China?"

Another is:—"If Britain refuses help to China, and compromises with Japan, hoping to preserve her interests by sacrificing China, we must warn Britain that if China is destroyed, there will not be much left for Britain to preserve."

These extremists complain that China has been "betrayed," alleging that when the British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Kerr, and the French Ambassador, M. Henri Cosme, last visited Chungking, the Chinese Government, to show China's sincere desire to co-operate with Britain and France, ordered the cessation of all anti-Japanese activities in the foreign concessions.

"But," they state, "look what has happened. Anti-Chinese activities have increased in the foreign concessions."

They intimate that, if the worst comes to the worst, "the Chinese can embark on a wholesale withdrawal from the foreign concessions, at the same time launching counter-measures which will make the owners sit up and reconsider their attitude."—Reuter.

General Ironside Due in Moscow

Tripartite Parleys Progress; Military Staff Talks Impend

London, July 24.

General Sir Edmund Ironside, Commander-in-Chief of British Overseas Forces, would most probably visit Moscow shortly to participate in tripartite Anglo-French-Soviet military discussions, Conservative quarters here predicted this evening.

These same circles voiced optimism over the probable outcome of the parleys being pursued in Moscow, although the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, was most reserved in the House of Commons today when questioned on the subject. He refused to give the assurance that Parliament would not adjourn before the conclusion of the long-sought tripartite mutual aid pact with Soviet Russia. He indicated that new instructions had been sent to Sir William Seeds, British Ambassador in Moscow, on July 21, but refrained from commenting on the results, of the latest conference in Moscow, held yesterday.

Sir William's report was received here only this morning and the Government had not had the time to give it thorough study as yet, he explained.

Meanwhile, Soviet political quarters here said that the main difficulties still obstructing Anglo-Soviet parleys would probably be speedily ironed out "owing to the mutual desire for an early settlement and the immediate opening of tripartite military Staff talks."

The military parleys, they added, would serve to define technical measures for the enforcement of the eventual political accords.—Havas.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, July 24.

A firm tendency prevailed on the Berlin share market today. Akkumulatoren gained 2.25 at 215, Daimler 2.12 at 121.67, Rheinische Braunkohlen 1.75 at 212 and Ruetgerswerke 1.62 at 141.5. Buderus, Junghans, Bemberg and Hansa Dampf advanced one per cent. each.—Trans-Ocean.

U.S. Not Pleased with Compromise

Japan's Special Position Not Recognized

Washington, July 25.

The present "parallel courses" of Great Britain and the United States in matters of policy in the Far East may soon drift apart because of the British recognition of Japan's special position in China, Administration officials indicated today.

The United States does not intend to recognize that Japan occupies a "special position" in the Far East, the officials intimated.

Some officials anxiously anticipated that Americans in China may be the next objects of the displeasure of the Japanese militarists. They based their belief on the increasing number of incibents involving Americans in China, especially in recent weeks.

Meanwhile, diplomatic observers believed that the Arita-Craigie agreement reached in Tokyo last week would place Britain in a better position to act more positively toward the entire Sino-Japanese situation.—United Press.

Britain Must Support China Currency to Prove Faith

(Continued from page 7)

are among the proposals which some of Japan's military politicians seemed to have wished Mr. Arita to import into the negotiations on Tientsin.

From Mr. Chamberlain's statement, that the forthcoming discussions will be confined to local issues at Tientsin, it may be assumed that if such schemes have been brought forward they have been dropped, and will not be revived.

Local Invasion Recognized

There is no new feature in the military situation in the Far East, and certainly there is no ground in the recent attitude of the Japanese army to British subjects, which would warrant so complete a reversal of British policy, continues the "Daily Telegraph."

The settlement of the Tientsin dispute is presumably desired by the Japanese Government as well as by the British Government, and as a preliminary to further talks it has been agreed to make explicit British recognition of the Japanese invasion.

This recognition, however, the newspaper adds, implies as an important component the realization of the strength of Chinese resistance.—Reuter.

Nothing Has Been Given Away

London, July 25.

"Last night, many of the shrewdest foreign observers in London agreed that second thoughts on the Anglo-Japanese were best," writes the Diplomatic Correspondent of "The Times" today, in an article on the Anglo-Japanese formula. "Nothing has been given away in the formula. It does no more than codify the state of affairs that already exists, and offers a basis, if used with restraint, for a modus vivendi in the future. Certainly it does not mean that Britain has committed in advance to agree to every demand that any Japanese commander in China may care to make."—Reuter.

Japanese Divisions Withdrawn

Depleted Force Holding Long Defence Line

Chungking, July 25.

A number of Japanese army divisions was withdrawn from the Yangtze Valley on the "spur of the moment," the Chinese military spokesman asserted today.

One Japanese division was withdrawn from the south bank of the Yangtze River between the Poyang and Tungting Lakes, he added. Altogether, four divisions from sectors north of the Yangtze river have been withdrawn. Some of these divisions moved away along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway line while others departed for Japan, the spokesman continued.

Nevertheless, there has been "no pulling in of the Japanese lines," the spokesman said. He added that the depleted Japanese garrisons were still holding all the lines but that recent Chinese campaigns north of the Yangtze River had resulted in the recapture of Tsaiyang, Tsaoyang, Tungpai and Tangho, all west of the Ping-han Railway, Chinese line.

East of the Ping-han Railway, Chinese troops have recaptured Loshan, Huangchuan and Kushih, towns approximately in line with Hsinyang, the Chinese spokesman claimed.—United Press.

Broadway Mansions Rent In Hua Hsing Notes

Adoption of Hua Hsing Commercial Bank notes, officially pegged at 6d. for Yuan 1, as its recognized currency was announced yesterday by the Shanghai Real Estate Company, owners of the Broadway Mansions. Rents and other services will hereafter be collected in Hua Hsing notes, thereby automatically placing a 35 per cent. surcharge on such accounts hitherto quoted in Chinese national dollars.

The rates, company officials said, would not be raised.

VITAMINS IN THE TREATMENT OF NIGHT BLINDNESS

Extremely favourable results have followed the extensive use of vitamin A in ophthalmology, which were gratifying not only in affections of the cornea but also in other diseases of the eye. The usefulness of this vitamin has, however, also been demonstrated in a somewhat different manner. The most recent investigations have shown that the curious phenomena of night blindness are due to a deficiency of vitamin A. In this connection it is interesting to note that in ancient Egypt the curative effect of liver in this condition—undoubtedly due to its vitamin A content—was well recognised.

Detailed experiments have been performed in the medico-technical institute in Cleveland, where American research workers have tried to determine the significance of night blindness with regard to the safety of traffic at night. They started from the assumption that the formation of the visual purple, the substance on which visual perception by the eye depends, is disturbed if the supplies of vitamin A are inadequate. They also had to consider whether an improvement in night vision, especially for those travelling long distances, was attainable. Such improvement was considered possible even in persons who suffered from no vitamin A deficiency. The results of their work are of great interest since they were able to show that motor drivers receiving additional amounts of vitamin A over and above their normal requirements were greatly benefited. During the hours of darkness these men were not only able to see more easily but were spared the normal degree of fatigue.

In a certain industry the workmen regularly received a quantity of synthetic vitamin A and it was shown that their power to differentiate between colours was improved by 75% or more.

The investigators are certain that many accidents at night, which are traceable to fatigue of the eye, could be avoided. The time may yet be distant when every driver of a motor vehicle, preparing for a journey by night, takes a dose of vitamin A before setting off. It is, however, appropriate to point out here that vitamin A occurs in a considerable quantity in cod liver oil.

Many persons, unfortunately, find, that cod liver oil has certain disagreeable effects and therefore, the chemical industry has been searching for a more agreeable substitute. Their efforts have culminated in the discovery of "Vogan," a preparation completely free from cod liver oil, but on the other hand containing vitamin A in a concentration one hundred times greater than ever found in cod liver oil. "Vogan" thus provides adequate supplies of vitamin A for medical as well as such purposes as described above, at no discomfort to the person concerned. A series of investigations will, however, undoubtedly be needed in order to make certain that the theories described above can be translated into facts. For the problem of the prevention of road accidents is one of the most pressing with which we have to deal.—ADVT.

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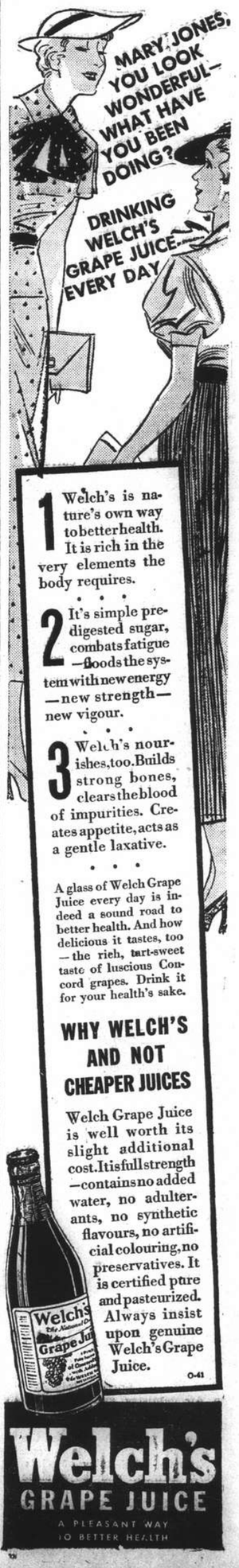

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money & Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

Tuesday, July 25, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4½	$ 53.33
U.S. $100 @ 8¾	$1,142.86

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅝	$ 51.89
U.S. $100 @ 9	$1,111.11
London—demand	4⅝
4 months' sight credits	4 11/16
4 months' sight docts	4¾
6 months' sight credits	4 23/32
6 months' sight docts	4 25/32
New York—demand	U.S. $9
4 months' sight credits	9 3/16
4 months' sight docts	9 3/16

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling .... 4 17/32 U.S. $8 27/32
Hongkong/London 1/2 25/32

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 8¾	$1,142.86
Hongkong $30½	$100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders	Buying	16¾
Java Guilders	„	16¾
Netherlands Guilders	Selling	16¼
Java Guilders	„	16¼

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,088.43	£1=$51.20
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,142.86	£1=$53.333

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.66=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.38¾=$1
Tourist Lire 1.84 .... $1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 9.51=$1 Belgas 27.45=£1

Other Quotations

Berlin/Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 21¼
$100=U. Mark 47½
$100=Reisemark 39¾
incl. License fee

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest		Lowest	
£		4 17/32		4 17/32
U.S. G.$		9		8⅞
Yen		—		—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash	Selling		Buying July
£ T.T.	4½	4 m/s. l.c.	4 19/32
G.$ T.T.	8¾	4 m/s. l.c.	8 15/16
Fcs. T.T.	331	4 m/s.	340
Rs. T.T.	25⅛	15 d/s.	25¾

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	16 13/16	16⅝
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. er 100 tolas	45.10	—
Bombay offtake 150 bars.		

London silver was 1/16 down for ready and unchanged forward, being 16 13/16 for ready and 16⅝ forward. New York was unchanged at 34¾ and Bombay was 2 annas down at 45.10.

It was reported speculators sold. India bought. Market quietly steady. After the official fixing Indian demand for "forward" was not entirely satisfied. The cash market ruled quiet.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4½ sterling and 8¾ U.S.$.

The Interbank market showed a measure of steadiness, there being a considerable amount of profit taking by overboughts for July. The market opened uncertain with sellers at 4½ sterling and 8¾ U.S.$ for cash, but improved after the opening and business was done at 4 17/32 sterling and 8 13/16 U.S.$ for July. In the afternoon the market was slightly lower, but closed steady with sellers at:—

4 17/32	sterling	8 13/16	U.S.$	Cash/July
4 9/32	„	7 13/16	„	Aug.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: July 24.

Japan	78¾	London	1/5⅞
New York	286¾	2 mths	
Shanghai	29½	„ (sellers)	1/5⅞
Hongkong	84	„ (buyers)	1/5 29/32

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	468.25	Shanghai	4 13/16d N
Paris	176.71	Bombay	1/5 29/32
Berlin	11.66¾	Hongkong	1/2 31/32
Amsterdam	8.73¼	Singapore	2/4 3/32
Brussels	27.55¾	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	42.25	„ (buying)	Unq.
Milan	89.03	C'slovakia	137.12
Berne	20.73¾		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.13	Japan	27.32
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	9.05
Holland	53.62	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.65	C'slovakia	Unq.
Brussels	16.99¼	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26¼	Rumania	0.72
S'zerland	22.58	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24.12½	Greece	0.85⅞
Norway	23.53	Bulgaria	1.20
Denmark	20.90½	Finland	2.07
Montreal	99.900	Poland	18.84
Brazil	5.10		

London	4.68¼
„ Demand	4.68⅛
„ Bankers' 60 days bills	4.67 23/32
„ Commercial 60 days bills	4.67 13/32
Buenos Aires paper	29.04
Buenos Aires paper, market rate	23.15
Montreal on London	4.68⅝

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: July 24.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0¾%
Bank Bills	6 months	1¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¾%
Call Money		0½%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B / 0⅜%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅝%B / 0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

July 25.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Antamok	.215	.225
Atok	.215	.215
Balatoc	7.20	7.50
Batong Buhay	.013	.013
Benguet Consolidated	10.80	10.60
Big Wedge	.21	.215
Coco Grove	.25	.255
Demonstration	.10	.105
I X L	.43	.43
Masbate	.125	.12
North Camarines	.26	.26
Sam Mauricio	.93	.92
Surigao Consol., Com.	.225	.22
Surigao Con. Voting T.	.22	.22
Suyoc	.15	.15
United Paracale	.435	.435

Turnover 263,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (Closing prices) 87.14.—Reuter.

Germany Buys Oil From Rumania

Bucharest, July 25.

Rumania's exports of oil products show an increase of one fifth for the last three months as compared with the same period last year. The total amounted to 1,130,000 tons as against 950,000. Greater Germany including the Protectorate was the best customer and bought 264,000 tons, followed by England with 221,000 Italy with 172,000. Belgium with 68,000 and France with 59,000.—Trans-Ocean.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Official Averages

1939 High	Low		Today's Averages	Change
179.23	105.32	General	161.33	+0.32
186.93	95.55	Rubbers	182.16	+0.66

Total 120,882 shares, 186 bonds.

Morning Session

$1,000 Anglo French Land Debs.	$ 94.00
$1,000 S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	80.00
$4,000 Metro Land 6% Debs.	70.00
$5,000 China Realty 8% Debs.	60.00
$4,000 S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	81.00
10 Union Insurance	Hk.$400.00 *
500 S'hai Loan	6.15
1,000 S'hai Land	9.30
500 S'hai Land	9.25
100 Wheelock	33.00
300 C. G. Omnibus	28.75
3,000 S'hai Telephone	13.00
300 S'hai Telephone	13.10
400 Tram (Bearer) £1	44.00
300 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.75
100 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.50
200 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.75
300 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.50
20 S. W. W. "A" £20	730.00
500 Kaiping	40.00
300 Kaiping	40.25
1,000 Kaiping	41.00
200 Kaiping	40.50
500 Exploration	6.20
200 S'hai Power (Pref)	120.75
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
300 Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
2,800 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
175 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.10 *
1,300 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
200 Anglo Java	21.75
700 Anglo Java	22.00
2,500 Bute	6.00
2,000 Chemor	1.53
6,000 Cheng	0.49
1,000 Consolidated	5.50
1,000 Java Consolidated	3.30
2,000 Kota	3.55
1,000 Kota	3.52½
4,000 Kota	3.55
100 Langkat	13.20
4,000 Padang	1.45
1,000 Rubber Trust	5.90
1,000 Semambu	0.90
2,000 Semambu	0.91
1,000 Kedah	7.00
6,000 Seremban	1.30
3,000 Sua Manggis	1.80
5,000 Tanah Meran	2.60
7,000 Tebong	1.12
500 Ziangbe	15.80
200 Ziangbe	16.00
1,000 S. W. W. "C"	29.00
100 S. W. W. "B"	29.00

ODD LOTS

50 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 19.80
100 S'hai Land	9.10
200 Exploration	6.15
100 Exploration	6.25
2 S'hai Power (Pref)	120.75
5 S. W. W. "A" £20	735.00
25 Anglo Java	21.75
10 S'hai Dock	114.25
100 Exploration	6.00
100 Exploration	6.10
30 Wheelock	32.75
200 S'hai Loan	6.15
5 S'hai Power (Pref)	121.00
100 Bute	6.10
475 Seremban	1.77½
108 Bute	6.05

*—Outport Business.

Afternoon Session

$3,000 S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 81.25
500 S'hai Loan	6.10
200 Wheelock	33.25
200 Wheelock	33.00
100 C. G. Omnibus	28.25
200 C. G. Omnibus	28.00
300 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.50
15 S. W. W. "A" £20	745.00
500 Kaiping	41.25
300 Kaiping	41.00
1,000 Exploration	6.05
40 S'hai Power (Pref)	121.00
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
1,600 Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.80
500 Anglo Dutch	12.60
600 Anglo Java	22.00
7,000 Batu Anam	1.06
4,000 Chemor	1.53
1,000 Cheng	0.49
6,000 Cheng	0.48
6,000 Consolidated	5.50
4,000 Kota	3.55
3,000 Kroewoek	1.58
2,000 Kelantan	0.48
3,000 Kelantan	0.44
1,500 Sungala	6.25
1,000 Tanah Merah	2.60
1,000 Tanah Merah	2.62½
1,000 Tanah Merah	2.60
200 Ziangbe	16.00
200 S. W. W. "C"	29.00
100 S. W. W. "B"	29.50

ODD LOTS

$600 S. M. C. 5% Debs.	$ 79.50
20 S'hai Telephone	13.20
4 S'hai Power (Pref)	121.00
100 Exploration	6.20
500 Tanah Merah	2.65
200 Exploration	6.15
8 Anglo Lutch	12.40
300 Tanah Merah	2.60
50 Tram (Bearer) £1	43.75
200 Dominion	6.45
25 Dominion	6.45
100 S'hai Loan	6.15

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 24.

The cotton market early advanced on the export subsidy announcement of 1½ cents, new buying and covering. Later, prices further hardened on firm Southern advices, the rise in spot prices and unfavourable weather reports. However, some profit taking was noticeable at the advance. At the close, gains ranging from 6 to 10 points were recorded.

Trading in the rubber market was dull and featureless. Prices early advanced on buying and covering, but later partially eased on some profit taking. Operators generally kept to the sidelines pending the outcome of the quota meeting. Final quotations ruled from 1 to 4 points above the previous close.

Wheat prices in Chicago slumped on bearish Canadian crop estimates, together with the weakness of Winnipeg and Liverpool advices. At the final bell, losses ranged from 2⅞ to 3 cents from Saturday's closing levels.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Oct.	8.74-74	+10	Sept.	16.68-68	+03
Dec.	8.62-62	+08	Dec.	16.74-75 B/A	+03
Jan.	8.50-50	+10			
Mar.	8.41-41	+09	Mar.	16.76-79 B/A	+01
May	8.31-32	+03			
July	8.21-21	+06	May	16.81-84 B/A	+04

New York Sugar No. 4			New York Silk	
Sept	1.21-21½ B/A	+½	July (No. 1 Con.)	
Mar.	1.17½-18 B/A	+1	2.72½-73	+4½

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Sept	60⅝-60½	—3	Sept.	38⅞-39	—1
Dec.	62¼-62⅛	—⅞	Dec	40⅛-40¼	—1¼

Winnipeg Wheat

Oct.	50⅛-50¼	—1⅝
Dec.	51⅞-51⅞	—1⅝

B.—Bid A.—Asked.—Reuter.

British Rubber Stocks

London, July 24.

Stocks of rubber in Great Britain on July 22 were estimated at 58,306 tons, showing a decrease of 1,775 tons from the previous week. The stock of rubber in London on July 22 totalled 39,074 tons, showing a decrease of 954 tons, while the stock at Liverpool was listed at 19,232 tons, representing a decrease of 821 tons.

British rubber deliveries during the week ended July 22 totalled 3,702 tons, compared with 1,631 tons during the previous week. Deliveries in London during this period amounted to 2,493 tons, compared with 1,056 tons during the previous week—an increase of 1,437 tons. Liverpool deliveries, with a total of 1,209 tons, revealed an increase of 634 tons over the previous week.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 24.

Stock prices on Wall Street today closed with losses ranging mostly from fractions to 1 point. The market, however, finished slightly above the earlier low levels as quiet profit taking and the little short-selling were well absorbed. Bright business news as well as less apprehension over developments abroad were seemingly partly offset by the continued weakness of grains. Meanwhile, today's moderate setback is viewed as a healthy development for the market. The volume of trading today amounted to 1,070,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	144.89	144.38	144.18	—0.53
20 Rails	30.22	29.60	29.68	—0.52
15 Utilities	26.17	25.58	25.83	—0.08
40 Bonds	—	—	90.08	+0.02
11 Commod.	—	—	47.03	—

	July 22	24
Adams Express	8½	8⅝
Allegheny Ludlum Steel	19¾	19½
Allied Stores	9⅞	9¾
Allis Chalmers	38⅜	37½
Aluminium Ltd	130½	131¼
Amerada Corp.	64¾	64
Amer. Can	96	*96½
Amer. & For. Power	2½	2½
„ $7 pfd.	20½	19⅝
Amer. Gas & Elec.	38	37¼
Amer. Locomotive	20¼	19⅜
Amer. Metal	30½	30½
Amer. Radiator	13⅜	12⅞
Amer. Rolling Mill	16¼	15⅝
Amer. Smelting	47⅜	46⅝
Amer. Sugar Refining	16⅝	16¾
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	167⅜	166¾
Amer. Tobacco "B"	85	85¼
Amer. Waterworks	11¼	11⅛
Anaconda Copper	27⅝	26¾
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	30¾	29¾
Auburn	—	—
Baltimore & Ohio	5½	5⅜
Barber Asphalt Corp.	14¼	14⅛
Barnsdall Oil Co.	14⅛	14
Bendix Aviation	26¼	25⅛
Bethlehem Steel	65	63½
Bliss (E.W.)	10⅝	10¾
Boeing Airplane	24⅛	23⅝
Borg Warner	26¼	26
Briggs Mfg. Co.	23¼	23¼
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	13	13⅜
„ $6 cum. pfd.	43	44¼
Can. Pacific Rly.	4⅜	4⅛
Case, J.I.	77	77⅛
Celanese Corp.	26¼	26
Chase Nat. Bank	B 33	B 32¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	35¾	36
Chrysler	84	83¼
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	B 80	81
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6⅞	7
„ 6% "A" pfd.	86	*86
Coml. Credit	49⅜	49
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1½	1½
„ $6 cum. pfd.	68	68⅝
Consolid. Edison	32⅞	32¾
Consolid. Oil	7⅝	7⅞
Continental Can	38½	*38⅜
Continental Oil	22⅞	21¾
Corn Products	62⅛	62¾
Curtiss Wright (com.)	5½	5⅜
„ „ "A"	25¾	25⅜
Deere & Co.	21	20¾
Distillers Corp.	18½	18¼
Douglas Aircraft	73½	72½
Du Pont de Nemours	158½	158½
Eagle Picher Lead	9½	9⅜
Eaton Mfg. Co.	25⅝	25½
Elec. Auto Lite	38⅜	35½
Elec. Bond & Share	9½	9¾
„ $5 pfd.	—	58½
„ $6 pfd.	68	69
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	30	30
Flintkote	22½	21⅞
Food Machinery Corp.	B 33	34⅝
Gen. Amer. Trans.	52¼	54
Gen. Elec.	38⅞	38¾
Gen. Motors	48⅜	47⅜
Gen. Rly. Signal	19	19
Gen. Tire & Rubber	24⅛	23½
Glidden Co.	19	18¾
Goodrich (B.F.)	19⅞	19¼
„ $5 pfd.	68¼	68
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	32	31¼
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	B 14¾	15
Great Nthrn. Rly.	27¼	26⅞
Great Western Sugar	—	26
Greyhound Corp	19⅛	18⅞
Hecker Products	12⅜	12¾
Hercules Powder	73¾	74
Homestake Min.	64	63⅛
Indus. Rayon	27½	27
Int. Harvester	58¼	58⅛
Int. Nickel	50¼	49¾
Int. Tel. & Tel.	7	7¼
Johns Manville	80¾	81⅞
Jones & Laughlin	B 46	B 46⅜
Kennecott	37⅜	37⅜
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	52¼	51¾
Lockheed Aircraft	27½	27
Loew's Inc.	45¾	45¾
Manhattan Shirt Co.	13½	13¾
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	35¼	35⅝
McKesson & Robbins	B 18	B 17¾
Monsanto Chemical	103⅞	103⅞
Montgomery Ward	55⅜	54¼
Nat. Cash Register	20⅝	20⅛
Nat. City Bank	B 25¾	B 25½
Nat. Dairy Prducts	17⅝	17½
Nat. Distillers	26	26
Nat. Gypsum	13½	13⅝
Nat. Lead	23½	23
Nat. Power & Lt.	9⅛	9⅛
Nat. Steel Corp.	66	66¼
Nat. Supply Co.	9	9
New York Central	16⅛	15⅞
Niagara Hudson Power	7	7
North Amer. Aviation	16¼	16⅛
North Amer. Co.	24⅛	23⅞
Northern Pacific	9⅞	9⅝
Owens Illinois-Glass	67¾	67¾
Pacific Gas & Elec.	33½	32¾
Pacific Lighting	49½	49⅜
Packard Motors	3¾	3⅝
Paramount Pictures Ins.	10¼	10
Pennsylvania R.R.	19⅝	19⅛
Phelps Dodge	40¾	40⅛
Phillips Petroleum	36⅝	36¾
Public Serv. of N.J.	39⅜	39¼
Pullman, Inc.	29⅞	29¼
Pure Oil	7⅜	7⅜
Radio Corp.	6¼	6⅜
Reading Co	B 23	B 23
Remington Arms Co	B 2¾	B 2¾
Republic Steel Co.	18¾	18¼
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	40	*39¼
Richfield Corp.	7⅞	7⅞
Safeway Stores	46	45¾
Schenley	13½	13⅝
„ 5½% cum. pfd.	—	—
Sears Roebuck	80⅛	79¾
Seversky Aircraft	3¾	3⅜
Shell Union Oil	11½	11¼
Socony-Vacuum	12	11⅝
Sthrn. Pacific	15½	15⅛
Sthrn. Rly.	26¼	25¼
Sperry Corp.	45⅜	44⅝
Stand. Brands	6⅞	6¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	2⅞	3
Stand. Oil of Calif.	26⅝	26¾
Stand. Oil of N.J.	43¾	43½
Stone & Webster	12¾	12⅞
Swift International	27⅜	27⅜
Technicolor	16	16
Texas Corp.	37½	37½
Texas Gulf Sulphur	30	30
Transamerica	5⅝	5⅝
Tw. Century Fox	20¾	20⅝
„ „ pfd.	30	30½
Un. Carbide & Carbon	83½	82¼
Un. Pacific	99¾	100¼
Un. Aircraft	38⅞	38¾
Un. Air Lines Trans.	12⅞	13⅛
Un. Corp.	2⅞	3
„ $3 cum. pfd.	37¼	37
Un. Gas Corp.	2	2
Un. Gas Improvement	13¼	13⅛
U. S. Rubber	48⅛	46½
„ 8% pfd.	110½	110
U. S. Steel	53⅞	53¼
Vanadium	24⅜	24⅜
Warner Bros. Picts.	5	5½
Westinghouse Elec.	110	109⅞
Woodward Iron	20	B 19½
BONDS		
Amer. & For. Power	62½	62⅛
Brazil	B 14¾	14¾
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	B 19½	20¼
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	87⅜	85¾
Erie R.R.	10¼	10½
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	67½	67½
Minas Geraes	9⅛	9⅛
New England Gas	B 70½	71⅞
Peru	B 8½	B 9
Rio Grande do Sul	B 9⅛	B 9⅛
Sao Paulo	B 7¾	B 7¾
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	47	47
Stand. Gas & Elec.	66¼	66⅝

B—Bid *—Ex dividend.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices retreated today on profit taking, as a result of last week's advance to new high levels since March 16. However, market news continued to be favourable and foreign markets ruled firm. European news proved to be less disturbing. The Street was impressed by the following factors: expert statements to the effect that war does not appear probable in 1939; the spurt in steel operations; rise in automobile sales; and, the advance in the Federal Reserve Board's Production Index for June, compared with April and May.

Foreign Organizations Foster I.R.A. Terror in Britain

Home Secretary Gives Facts on Police Raids Resulting in Vast Stores of Explosives

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 24.

DETAILS of Irish Republican Army terrorist activities were given by Sir Samuel Hoare, the Home Secretary, in the House of Commons today in moving the second reading of the Prevention of Violence Bill, which was passed by 218 votes to 17. Sir Samuel revealed that the police had seized 1,500 sticks of gelignite, 1,000 detonators, two tons of potassium chlorate and oxide iron, seven gallons of sulphuric acid, and four hundredweight of aluminium powder—enough to cause millions of pounds worth of damage and, what was even more important, the loss of at least 1,000 men and women.

The fact that more lives had not been lost, the Home Secretary said, was due to Providence and the courageous action of the police. Time after time, he declared, the police had been baulked by the absence of power to search and control suspects whom they were convinced were terrorist leaders. He added that he had reliable information that the I.R.A. campaign was being closely watched and actively stimulated by foreign organizations.

"Nothing is less likely than these outrages," continued Sir Samuel, "to bring about a reconciliation, without which a united Ireland is impossible. Since January there have been 127 outrages, of which 57 were in London and 70 in the provinces."

The Minister mentioned the preparation of a plan to blow up the Houses of Parliament, and quoted from a notorious plan which aimed at organized terrorism from general headquarters, particularly against public services.

He hoped that the Bill would be only necessary as a temporary measure. Hence its currency was limited to two years.

Limits on Search Rights

A search warrant could only be obtained under the Bill if there was evidence to convince a Magistrate that a suspect had explosives or firearms in his possession.

The emergency powers given to the Superintendent of Police to make a search without a search warrant were based upon actual police experience of the astuteness of terrorists in rapidly changing residences.

Drastic action was necessary, Sir Samuel Hoare said, and the Bill must be passed quickly, but the Government was prepared to consider impartially any proposal to improve it provided final form gave executive and police effective powers to deal, in a grave emergency, with cases of suspicion to which legal proceedings were not applicable.

"Veiled, Indirect Aggression"

Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Deputy Labour Leader, expressed regret over the events which had called for the new executive powers. He thought there was serious danger of sabotage in factories manufacturing means of defence, and asked whether there was the probability that this technique might not be used in wartime.

Turning to the Home Secretary's guarded reference to foreign powers, Mr. Greenwood said if this be veiled, indirect aggression, the situation became even more serious.

Labour members, he declared, would not oppose the second reading of the Bill, though in some respects they were not satisfied with it. Some of its proposals were somewhat alarming.

They had had experience of the operation of the Official Secrets Act, which was passed for one purpose and later shamefully used for other purposes. He thought it was wrong to give powers of detention without a charge being made in an unspecified period.

Safeguards Required

Mr. Greenwood said he realized the need for further executive powers, but they would watch to see that the Executive did not get authority for itself which should not be exercised, and that injustice should not be done to innocent subjects because of interference with the liberty of subjects.

Sir Hugh O'Neill, Unionist member for Antrim, declared that the Eire Government had recently enacted more drastic legislation than this Bill.

Mr. Dingle Foot, Liberal member for Dundee, thought that nobody would quarrel with the aim of the bill, but even the gravity of circumstances, he said, could not altogether justify some of the provisions. He complained that it removed safeguards for innocent persons.—Reuter.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, July 24.

The early improvement on the Stock Exchange today was not fully maintained, owing to the absence of sustained demand, but final levels mostly represented small net gains apart from British gilt-edged securities which finished easier.—Reuter.

	July 21	24
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£92 11/16	92⅜
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	29½	33½
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	23½	37

Osaka, July 25.
Kogo 5% Y.104.75

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	17/6	17/6
Armstrong Stevens	5/9	5/9
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	40/-	40/4½
Austin Motors, ord.	28/9	30/-
Bristol Aeroplane	18/3	18/3
British American Tob.	92/6	91/10½
Cable & W., new form	50½	50½
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/1½	7/1½
Courtaulds	30/-	30/3
Distillers	94/10½	95/3
Dunlop Rubber	27/3	27/6
General Elec. (Eng.)	74/3	74/1½
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	106/6	106/1
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	16/9	76/9
Imp. Chem. Indus.	28/7½	28/7½
Imp. Tobacco	131/3	131/10½
Leyland Motors	92/9	93/9
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	58/4½	55/10½
Pressed Steel, com.	18/6	18/6
Rolls-Royce	101/10½	101/10½
Smethwick Drop Forgings	14/9	14/9
Tate & Lyle	62/7½	62/10½
Turner & Newall	78/4½	79/4½
United Steel	23/-	23/3
Vickers, ord.	18/4½	18/6
Woolworths	64/-	64/6
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	22/1½	22/4½
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	26/4½	26/9
MINES		
Burma Corp.	7/6	7/6
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invest.	14/6	14/6
Randfontein Ests.	36/10½	36/10½
Sub-Nigel	210/-	211/3
Tanami Gold Min.	4½d.	4½d.
Western Holdings	11/4½	11/4½
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	75/-	75/-
Burmah	72/6	71/10½
Mexican Eagle	7/7½	7/6
Shell Trans. & Trad.	83/9	82/6
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£38	40
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	23	33
4½% Anglo-French Loan,	38	38
5% Crisp Loan, 1913	19½	19½
5% Reorg. Loans, 1913	28½	28½
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	12	12
5% Honan Rly., 1905	12	12
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	13	13
5% „ „ (Ger. Is.)	12	12
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	12	12
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	13	13
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	11	12
5% „ „ G.	11	12
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	11	12
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	11	12
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	12	12
S'hai Elec. Construction	22/6 N	22/6 N
S'hai Waterworks "A"	19½ N	19½ N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	26⅞ N	26⅞ N
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	6½	6½
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	76	76½
„ „ (Col.) Reg.)	80	77½
Chinese Eng. & Min.	17/6	16/9
Chosen Corp.	4/9	4/9
Pekin Syndicate	1/9 N	1/9 N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/10½	16/10½

N—Nominal.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, July 24.

Among commodities, cotton eased following the announcement of the United States export subsidy plan, but prices steadied towards the close.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 8⅜ unc; sellers 8 7/16 unc; August delivery, buyers 8⅜ unc; sellers 8 7/16 unc.

London Sugar (buyers): August 7/1 +1; Dec. 6/2 unc; March 6/2½ —¼.

Liverpool Wheat: July 3/5¼ —¾; Oct. 3/8⅜ —⅞; Dec. 3/10¾ —¾.

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: July 4.74 —6; Sept. 4.32 —7; Oct. 4.35 —6; Nov. 4.30 —5. Egyptian Futures: July 6.16 —1; Sept. 6.16 —1; Oct. 6.19 —1; Nov. 6.24 —1.

London Metals: Copper, Standard, cash, sellers £42 15/16 +3/16; 3 mths sellers £43¼ +3/16; Copper, Electrolytic, buyers £48¾ +¼; sellers £49½ +¼; Tin, Stan. cash, sellers £230 unc; 3 mths sellers £225¼ +¼; Lead, For. official price, sellers £14¾ +1/16; 3 mths del., official price, sellers £14⅞ +1/16; Spelter, Ord. official price, sellers £14¼ +⅛; 3 mths delivery, official price, sellers £14½ +⅛.—Reuter.

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, July 24.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended July 19 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal a decrease on total loans amounting to $15,000,000 compared with the previous week and of $92,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show increases of $17,000,000 over last week and of $1,499,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year. Total loans during the period under review amounted to $8,116,000,000 and investments $13,909,000,000.—Reuter.

New York Market Impressive

New York, July 24.

The New York Stock Exchange acted well under the pressure of corrective selling today. Prices retreated on profit-taking after last week's advance to new highs since March 16, but business and foreign news was favourable and experts predicted further advances.

Wall Street was impressed by the statements of experts who predicted yesterday that war did not appear probable in Europe this year.

The spurt in steel operations and the rise in automobile sales also encouraged traders. The Federal Reserve Board production index was up for June as compared with April and May.

Wall Street hears there is only negligible short interest in Loft despite its recent spectacular gain. Woolworth has been added to investment portfolios on prospects of record business this year. Western Union will come within a few hundred thousand dollars of earning full interest charges in the first half.

Most experts believe the advance will continue and chartists think the industrial average will reach the 150 zone before the rally is tested. This would be interpreted as the signal to drive a test of the year's high, 154.85.

The majority of traders are enthusiastic over last week's performance and most of them were signularly impressed by the leadership on the rise, particularly because capital goods shares were in the van.

Favourable market factors today included:

1. Steel operations hit a new high since November 28.
2. The Federal Reserve Board industrial production index for June was 97 per cent.
3. June retail automobile sales exceeded factory sales for the third consecutive month.
4. Continued good second quarter results.

Among the unfavourable factors were these:

1. Continuance of the General Motors strike.
2. The weakness of grains.
3. The belief that the market's technical position has been impaired.
4. The continued inability of Britain and France to reach an agreement with the Soviet Union.—United Press.

Paris Bourse

Paris, July 24.

Following favourable reports from foreign markets and the easing of the situation in the Far East, the Bourse opened firm amid light trading today. During the session, prices advanced slightly and closed at a little under the day's high.—Havas.

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Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. .. .. HK$20,000,000
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BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.
CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.
THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.
STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.
JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.
All Banking Transactions.
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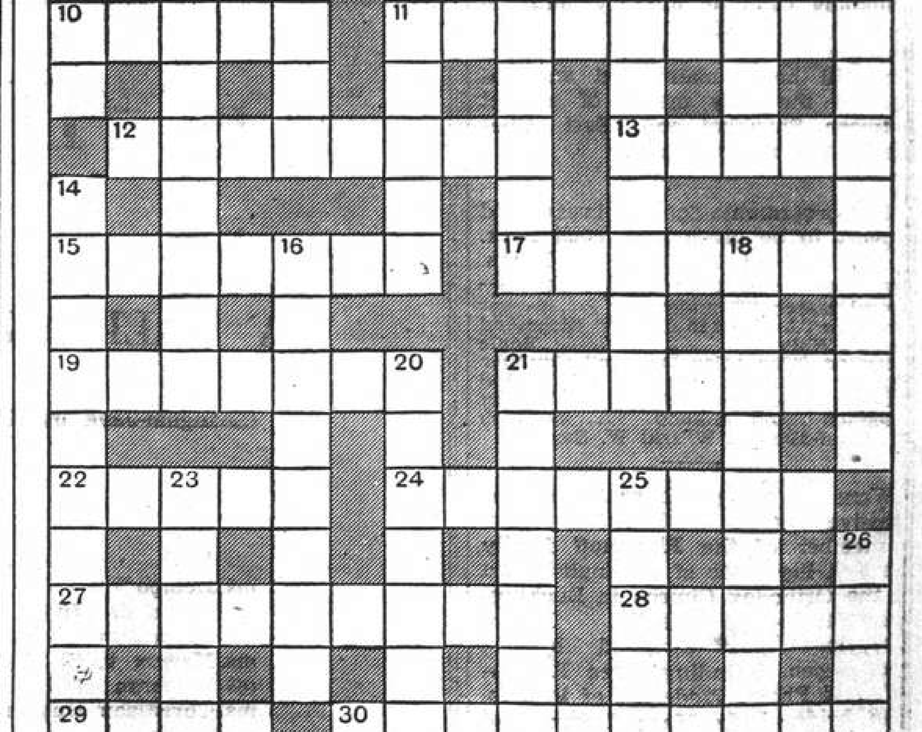
LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1873

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



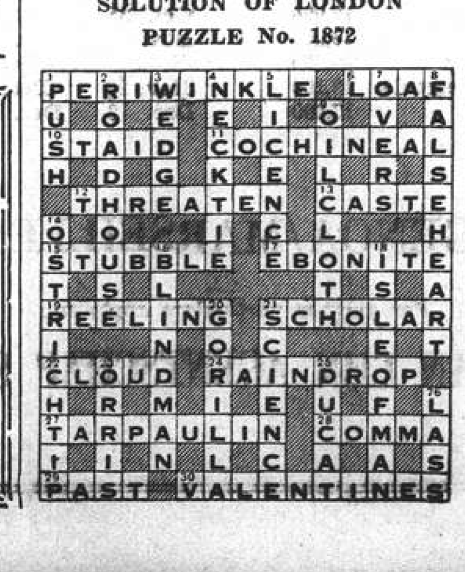
ACROSS

1 Said what barbers do for the use of carpenters
6 Refuse
10 Turner's daily associate
11 A sour corn turned virulent
12 This must be gone through to have a mouth with this curtailed
13 This figured in the first fruity story
15 To do so may lead to discovery
17 It's clear I'm not in order to bring back from vice
19 The age of this dwelling is not a first consideration
21 So says the host when the spirits are rising (two words)
22 A sheet folded once
24 Even the least tenacious of the feathered tribe may stick to it to its undoing
27 The yokel, who is accustomed to this, took some nourishment
28 Symbol of a curtailed animal
29 Part of a barrel
30 A cricketer of note, evidently (two words)

DOWN

1 Bathers often tread on this fish
2 Very handy—fatally so in the U.S. (three words)
3 Not lying, truly!
4 Fit mate for her brave head
5 It is often in a pickle
7 It is natural in a horse, but dangerous to children
8 Mother's expression in many is the directing intellect (two words)
9 To preserve it is Britain's sovereign rule
14 In future
16 Musical work initiated by a speaker
18 Time once set aside for a social occasion (two words)
20 Willingly adopt
21 Figures with 13 across in one of the earliest stories
23 A loop line, so to speak
25 Many an address has been given on this
26 Look like an equal

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1872



FROM DAY TO DAY

MEMBERS of the Shanghai Jewish Club will be entertained by Boris Sapiro tomorrow night, at a two-hour character recital in French, English and Yiddish.

THE ceremony of accepting a Scroll of the Law presented by the Union of Jewish Communities of Germany will take place on July 30 at 5.30 p.m. at the "Beth Aharon" Synagogue, 50 Museum Road. The service is open to the public.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt announced his intention to make a quick trip to San Francisco and Seattle late in September after a cruise in the north Atlantic, probably soon after Congress adjourns. The President said he had cancelled earlier plans to visit Alaska.

THE Shanghai Latvian May 15 Association is holding a farewell party on Saturday, July 29, at 86 Tifeng Road, in honour of Mr. George Timuska, special Latvian war correspondent of the "Jaunakas Zinas," who is leaving shortly for the Mongolian frontier.

EXTENSION of foreign language radio broadcasts by the B.B.C. to Hungary, Yugoslavia, Rumania, including also the Czech language, is now under consideration by the British Government, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated in the House of Commons.

THE Attaché for Press and Culture of the Royal Italian Embassy Dr. F. M. Apollonj came back to Shanghai on bord the Empress of Canada yesterday. He has been for some weeks in Japan, lecturing in the local universities on the Italian corporative state.

THE speaker at this week's meeting of the Rotary Club of Shanghai will be Dr. John Lyons Caughey, Pastor of the Community Church, his subject, "Light and Shadows in Shanghai." The meeting will be held as usual at the Metropole Hotel, 1st Floor, 12.15 p.m. tomorrow.

THE results of the World Bridge Olympic which was played in the Shanghai International Bridge Club on April 27, are at hand. Messrs. R. Bossuet and M. Guilly were top scorers in the North-South positions for Shanghai, while Messrs. M. Eisenstaedter and R. Weiss were top scorers for China in the East-West positions.

HEAVY shipments, totalling about 5,000 shih a day, have continued to arrive in Shanghai from inland areas, says a report to the "Chinese American Daily News." There is no justification for the current soaring of prices in the local rice market, which local rice merchant circles attribute to speculations, the report states.

SIR Lancelot Oliphant, Deputy Under-Secretary of State in the Foreign Office, has been appointed British Ambassador in Brussels and Minister in Luxembourg. Sir Lancelot will take up his duties at the end of this year when his predecessor, Sir Robert Clive, will retire upon reaching the age limit.

SIR Hugh Lucas-Tooth who is mentioned as the probable new "boss" of the Conservative Party in London, was created a baronet at 17, and entered Parliament at 21. The title, naturally, was not bestowed on his own merits. He was son of the eldest daughter of Sir Robert Lucas-Tooth, a New South Wales man, who received a baronetcy in 1906.

GENERAL Gamelin, the commander of the French armies, and Britain's guest recently, has a most penetrating mind. When he talks he means what he says, and he never speaks without careful forethought. This characteristic made him a most trusted Staff Officer during the war. The great Joffre would say: "What does Gamelin think?" And what Gamelin thought, the great Marshal pondered over.

MR. George Dallas, a sturdy, genial authority on agriculture, presides over the fateful Labour Party Conference at Southport. He is used to conducting big meetings, but he had one of the biggest tasks recently a conference chairman ever had, especially when the Popular Front and all its sensations was discussed. Mr. Dallas has almost a record of election defeats, but he once got in for Welingborough.

A REPLY in the negative to the petition sent by local shipping circles requesting that permission be granted for the immediate resumption of Shanghai-Wenchow shipping services, was received yesterday from the Chekiang Chinese military authorities, says the "Hwa Mei Wan Pao." Shanghai-Ningpo shipping services are still being maintained and represent the only means of contact between Shanghai and East Chekiang, the report states.

THE programme for the brass band concert to be given in French Park, today, July 26, from 5.30 to 7 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follows:—

Grand March "Tannhauser" .... Wagner
Overture "A Night in Algiers" Richmond
Valse "Eldorado" .... Royle
Selection "The Lilac Domino" Cuvillier
Caprice "Fairies Greeting" .... Heed
Serenade "La Paloma" .... Yradier
Selection "The Mikado" ...... Sullivan
Band-Master: Wilfrid W. Sayer.

WITH all the picturesque and impressive ritual of the Russian Church, a member of the Romanoff family married the sister of an English earl at the Orthodox Church in Buckingham Palace-road recently. Prince Vsevelode was attended by 12 groomsmen, including three Romanoffs and Prince Frederick of Prussia. The bride, Lady Mary Lygon, had two small nieces as attendants. She has adopted her Imperial bridegroom's religion and is to be raised to Romanoff rank.

THE qualities demanded of the H.M.S. Conway boy who was to receive the King's Gold Medal this year were cheerful submission to superiors; self-respect and independence of character; kindness to the weak; readiness to forgive offence; desire to conciliate the differences of others; fearless devotion to duty; and unflinching cheerfulness. The Medal was won by Cadet George Ogilvy, Cadet Robin Blakeney Hayward being second. They were selected by their youthful shipmates from a short list of five.

Admiral Hart Relieves Adm. Yarnell As C.-in-C.

Impressive Ceremony Takes Place on Board Augusta Before Assembled Officers and Men

TO the accompaniment of the heart-stirring strains of "Auld Lang Syne," played by the ship's band, and with the roars of lusty cheers from the throats of hundreds of sailors ringing in his ears, Admiral Harry E. Yarnell stepped over the side of the U.S.S. Augusta yesterday morning after he had turned over command of the United States Asiatic Fleet to his lifelong friend and classmate, Admiral Thomas Charles Hart, in a brief ceremony on board the flagship. As he sped away from the Augusta in the shiny, black Admiral's Barge, Admiral Yarnell turned for a last glimpse of the sleek 10,000 ton cruiser, in which he had served as Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet ever since 30 October, 1936.

In a brief ceremony which took place on the quarterdeck of the Augusta, Admiral Yarnell read his orders to the assembled officers and men and relinquished his command to Admiral Hart. At exactly 9.15 a.m., the commanding notes of the call to "quarters" was sounded by the ship's bugler and all divisions fell in at attention on their respective parades. A guard of marines formed athwartships on the quarterdeck, facing forward, with the ship's band on their right. Formed alongside the starboard side of the quarterdeck were all the ship's officers and visiting officers, while immediately forward of them stood Rear-Admiral William D. Glassford, Commander of the Yangtze Patrol, and his staff. Lined up athwartships on the quarterdeck, facing forward, were the staff officers of the Commander-in-Chief.

Admiral Yarnell's Message

At 9.30 a.m., Admiral Yarnell, followed by Admiral Hart, stepped out on to the quarterdeck from a passage on the starboard side of the ship. The two Admirals were accompanied by their respective Chiefs-of-Staff and Flag Lieutenants. As they stepped out on deck the band sounded four flourishes and the marine guard clashed up to present arms. Admiral Yarnell then read his orders detaching him from command of the fleet, orders which he had issued to himself as Commander-in-Chief. After he had head his orders he delivered his last message to the officers and men of the U.S. Navy and Marine Corps on the Asiatic Station, which was as follows.

"On this occasion of my detachment as Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet, I wish to express my sincere thanks and warm appreciation to the officers and men of the Navy and Marine Corps on this station for the able, efficient and loyal services which you have so cheerfully and unselfishly rendered during the past two years. No matter how delicate the situation or how difficult and hazardous the undertaking, you have always carried on with courage and efficiency, and have displayed a devotion to duty that has been in keeping with the highest traditions of our naval service.

"In taking my leave of you, I am filled with a sense of profound pride and admiration of your past achievements. I am proud to turn over this command to my lifelong friend and classmate, Admiral Hart, an officer of most distinguished service, and I am confident that under his able and experienced leadership you will continue to uphold the honour and prestige of the United States and of our Navy in the Far East. To all, a hearty 'Well Done.'"

Admiral Hart Reads Orders

When the retiring Commander-in-Chief had completed his message he turned to Admiral Hart and shook hands with him. Admiral Hart said "I relieve you" and proceeded to read his orders from the Secretary of the Navy directing him to relieve Admiral Yarnell. He then read the letter from President Franklin D. Roosevelt, which designated him as Commander-in-Chief with the rank of Admiral, as follows.

The White House,
Washington,
April 14, 1939.

SIR,—

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of Congress approved 22 May, 1917, you are hereby designated as Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet, with the rank of admiral, effective on the date of your taking over the command of the Asiatic Fleet.

In accordance with this designation you will assume the rank and hoist the flag of admiral on the above mantioned date.

Respectfully,
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

Flag Hauled Down

As Admiral Yarnell completed the reading of his orders, his flag was hauled down from the mainmast and the commission pennant hoisted in its place. When Admiral Hart had read his orders and assumed command, his flag, his first four star flag, was broken from the mainmast and the commission pennant lowered again. The Chief Quartermaster then presented the flag of the retiring Commander-in-Chief to Admiral Yarnell. Admiral Hart's first order to his new command was "all orders, instructions and policies, now in effect, will remain in effect."

Following the ceremony all the assembled officers filed past the two Admirals, saluted and shook hands. As a signal, perhaps, that the official change of commands was over, Jupiter Pluvius broke loose with a torrential salute in welcome to the new Commander-in-Chief.

The most heart-warming event of the entire morning occurred when Admiral Yarnell left the ship. As he prepared to leave the ship, clad in civilian clothes, he was paid a signal honour by the staff officers who acted as side boys. The officers formed two ranks, facing each other, leading to the gangway, and as Admiral Yarnell passed through they came to the salute.

Cheered by Men

As the Admiral stepped over the side the band struck up the tune of "Auld Lang Syne," but was practically drowned out by the volley of cheers which rang forth from the sailors and marines who crowded every inch of the quarterdeck to get a farewell glimpse of the beloved "Old Man" before he departed. Directed by a young lieutenant, the men gave three deafening hurrahs and followed it up with a hearty yell of "Yarnell! Yarnell! Yarnell!"

Present at the ceremony on the flagship yesterday morning, in addition to the staff and officers of the Augusta, were Rear-Admiral William D. Glassford, Colonel Joseph C. Fegan, Commanding Officer, Fourth Marines, Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, American Consul-General at Shanghai, and the commanding officers of all U.S. naval vessels in port. Mrs. Yarnell, Mrs. Hart and her two daughters, and Mrs. R. F. McConnell.

In addition to change in fleet commands this morning Captain P. L. Carroll relieved Captain Riley F. McConnell as Chief-of-Staff of the Asiatic Fleet and Lieutenant L. W. Nilon relieved Lieutenant J. H. Sylvester as Flag Lieutenant.

Admiral Yarnell To Retire

Former Commander-in-Chief To Sail for Home in Pres. Coolidge Next Tuesday

With two years and nine months of duty in the most trying assignment in the entire U.S. Navy behind him, Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, who was yesterday morning relieved as Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet by Admiral Thomas C. Hart, is going home to await retirement. Since he first assumed command of the fleet on October 30, 1936, Admiral Yarnell has earned the respect and admiration of people of every nationality in the Far East. During the hazardous times since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities in July, 1937, he has protected American rights in China with a firm hand, and his departure from China waters will be felt with regret by his multitude of friends.

Admiral and Mrs. Yarnell will depart in the President Coolidge on August 1 for San Francisco. Upon arrival in the United States they will proceed overland to Washington, D.C., where Admiral Yarnell will report to the Chief of Naval Operations in the Navy Department for temporary duty. With the completion of this temporary duty, the Yarnells will proceed to their home in Newport, Rhode Island, where the Admiral will await orders pending his retirement. Upon receipt of these orders he will be placed on the retired list of officers of the United States Navy and will be relieved of all active duty.

Philippine Post Doubtful

Although he has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the position of U.S. High Commissioner to the Philippines, recently vacated by Mr. Paul V. McNutt, Admiral Yarnell told a "North-China Daily News" reporter, immediately after he had been relieved as Commander-in-Chief yesterday morning, that he had received no information of such a possible selection. Asked whether or not he would accept the appointment if it was offered, the Admiral laughed and said, "I don't know." It is believed that Admiral Yarnell's experience and knowledge of Far Eastern affairs would make him an ideal appointee for the post.

Small Cotton Exports Forecast

New York, July 24.

Relatively small cotton exports under the subsidy are forecast by the trade, if the present crop forecasts are borne out and no provisions are made for the release of loan cotton.—Reuter.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tjisalak	Amoy	J.C.J.L.
Grootekerk	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Sirdhana	Hongkong	Mackenzie
Agnes	Hongkong	T.C.C.
Gold Star	Cruise	—
Hukuken M.	Keelung	O.S.K.
Levernbank	Hongkong	Y.K.K.
Kingyuan	Hongkong	B.&S.
Gran	Hongay	Wallem
Liwo	Sanhokong	Jardine
Wulin	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Nantung M.	Nantung	N.K.K.
U.S.S. Isabel	Cruise	—
Heini	C'yingsha	G.F.E.
Luise	Hsinkong	Keh Lee
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Sandro Sandri	C'yingsha	Tai Ping
Shuntien	Tientsin	B.&S.
Ursula R'mers	Hongkong	Rickmers
E. of Canada	Japan	C.P.R.
Taiyo M.	Japan	N.Y.K.

Australian Industrial Advisory Council

Canberra, July 25.

Creation of an industrial advisory panel, the duty of which it will be to assist the Government in the task of rearmament, was decided upon by the Federal Government yesterday. The Australian Government thus follows the example of the British Government which created a similar council at the end of last year.—Trans-Ocean.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Austvard	Nor.	O. Thosesn
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Liesel	Ger.	Chin Dah
Wasgenwald	Ger.	H.-A.L.
Shinkuang	Br.	G.L. Shaw
Talien	Jap.	Wan Woo
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Wilford	Nor.	Union S.S.
Wingsang	Br.	Jardine
Suiyang	Br.	B.&S.
Dairen M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dragonfly	Br.	—
Tawha	Ch.	Yat Shing
Anglo Canadian	Br.	Dodwell
Jenny Moller	Br.	Mollers'
Tai Yin	Nor.	Dodwell
Gneisenau	Ger.	Melchers

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Cricket	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Delight H. 38	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Ladybird	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Mantis	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Scorpion	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Pope 225	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B.
R. de Genouilly	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

By "DUTCH MAILS"

TO EUROPE

VIA BALI AND JAVA *or* VIA SINGAPORE

(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939	Leave Singapore 1939	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles 1939
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Sept. 7
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 13
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 26
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Oct. 3
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 17
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 24
ms. Oranje	20,000	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Nov. 5
ms. Dempo	17,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 27	Nov. 14
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 10	Nov. 28
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Dec. 5
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29	Dec. 2	Dec. 19
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Dec. 6	Dec. 8	Dec. 26

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES ... 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.

133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE 16247

Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

	Per		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, July 26.				
Tsingtao	Leesang		7.30	8.00
Amoy H'kong Java Ports	Tjisalak		12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	Emp. Canada		12.00	13.00
Hongkong and Canton	Emp. Canada		12.30	13.00
Amoy	Hengshan M.		13.30	14.00
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00
Ninghsien Yungkia etc. via Chinhai	Mohlenhof		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, July 27.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Shanghai M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Hoten M.		*20.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shuntien	x	*20.00	7.15
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Shuntien		*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	Hukuken M.		*20.00	7.30
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Hongkong	Kingyuan		19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, July 28.				
Tsingtao	Huashan M.		8.30	9.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Esang		9.00	9.30
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	Triton	AX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	Triton	X	15.30	16.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, Egypt, E-Soudan, Holland, Germany and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 28th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per ss. Empress of Canada, on July 26, at noon for registered and at 1 p.m. for ordinary due Marseilles Aug. 6, London Aug. 7.
Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco) per steamer to Hongkong.
Air France per ss. Corfu, on July 31, at 8 p.m. for registered and Aug. 1, at 7.15 a.m. for ordinary due Marseilles August 11, London August 12.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent to-day by air mail to Japan for connection with ss. Empress of Asia leaving Yokohama on July 29.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m.
Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Mar. Joffre, via Suez, July 31, due London Aug. 31.
P. Coolidge, via Pacific, July 31, due London Aug. 30.
Corfu, via Suez, Aug. 1, due London September 2.

Vessels Discharging

GLAUCUS. From New York arrived on July 23, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on August 2, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Saturday, July 29, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 27-7

SIRDHANA. The British-India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Sirdhana, from Calcutta and Ports.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Monday, July 31, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 27-7

WASGENWALD. From New Orleans, Port Arthur, Houston, Galveston, Yokohama and via Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo, at the Shanghai and Hongkew Pootung East Wharf, subject to the usual terms and conditions as shown on the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai, No. 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709 27-7

BURGENLAND. From Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Genoa, via Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo, at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, subject to the usual terms and conditions as shown on the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wharf on July 29, 1939, at 9.30 a.m., by the Surveyors, Tesdorff, Hannig & Co. No examination will be made after this date. All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen days after the vessel's arrival. Claims sent in after this period will not be recognized. No Insurance will be effected. Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai No. 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 27-7

GROOTEKERK. The H.E.A.L. s.s. Grootekerk from Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Amsterdam, Rotterdam and Genoa arrived on July 25, and is discharging her cargo at the Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within 10 days after arrival otherwise they will not be recognised. Damaged cargo will be examined at above Wharf by Messrs. Scurr, Tanner & Co., on Monday, July 31, at 9.30 a.m. It is necessary to produce Bills of Lading also Shippers Invoice at the examination. Java China Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Gengeral Agents: Holland-East Asia Line, 133 Szechuen Road. (Tel. Nos. 16247 (4) Lines). 26-7

URSULA RICKMERS. This steamer having arrived from Antwerp and Hamburg via Ports, is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are kindly requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their cargo. Damaged goods will be surveyed by our appointed surveyors on July 29, at 9 a.m., Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co. All claims against this steamer must be presented within fifteen days after vessels arrival, or they will not be recognized. No insurance effected. Rickmers-Linie, m.b.H., Hamburg, Zweigniederlassung Shanghai, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 83308. 29-7

THE CHINA YEAR BOOK 1939

No effort has been spared to make the new edition of the China Year Book of definite value as a work of reference. The Statistics and Documents included in this issue under one cover will undoubtedly save valuable time to those seeking reliable information respecting China. Its chapters on the Sino-Japanese Hostilities and China's War Finance are readable, complete and well documented.

Price $25. Postage: China 30 cts., abroad $1.40

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From NAGASAKI: Shanghai Maru, with mail, due 2.30 p.m. Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA		
Eurylochus	17/6	12/8
Perseus	27/6	18/8
Theseus	15/7	5/9
Philoctetes	25/7	15/9
From COPENHAGEN		
India	3/6	13/8
From OSLO		
Tricolor	17/6	12/8
Talleyrand	19/7	11/9
From HAMBURG		
Regensburg	24/6	31/7
Augsburg	10/6	3/8
Elbe	22/7	27/8
From BREMEN		
Oldenburg	13/6	3/8
Ramses	27/6	22/8
Kulmerland	11/7	2/9
Nordmark	25/7	14/9
From ROTTERDAM		
Saarland	24/6	9/8
Scharnhorst	12/7	10/8
Formosa	8/7	19/8
Kulmerland	20/7	2/9
Talleyrand	25/7	11/9
From ANTWERP		
Glenogle	27/5	31/7
Glenbeg	10/6	8/8
Gaasterkerk	19/6	12/8
Glenaffaric	24/6	19/8
Glenapp	8/7	4/9
Meerkerk	24/7	16/9
Denbighshire	22/7	16/9
From GLASGOW		
Ajax	17/6	7/8
Hector	1/7	17/8
Menestheus	15/7	1/9
From LIVERPOOL		
Mentor	17/6	30/7
Ajax	24/6	7/8
Tantalus	6/7	16/8
Teiresias	15/7	2/9
Menestheus	22/7	1/9
From LONDON		
Hakozaki M.	23/6	31/7
Somali	24/6	6/8
Carthage	30/6	6/8
Suwa M.	7/7	15/8
Rajputana	14/7	20/8
Terukuni M.	21/7	25/8
Bangalore	22/7	4/9
Glenapp	21/7	4/9

From MARSEILLES		
P. Doumer	8/7	5/8
Aramis	21/7	18/8
From TRIESTE		
Fusijama	20/6	14/8
From GENOA		
Victoria	13/7	7/8
From PORT SAID		
Scharnhorst	21/7	10/8
Hector	19/7	17/8
Aramis	25/7	18/8
Glenaffaric	19/7	19/8
Rajputana	26/7	20/8
From SUEZ		
Suwa M.	21/7	15/8
Perseus	18/7	18/8
Ramses	21/7	22/8
From KARACHI		
Fusijama	13/7	14/8
From BOMBAY		
Nagpore	7/7	30/7
Victoria	24/7	7/8
From COLOMBO		
P. Doumer	22/7	5/8
Carthage	23/7	6/8
Saarland	19/7	9/8
Tricolar	24/7	12/8
Gaasterkerk	23/7	12/8
From CALCUTTA		
Shirala	13/7	6/8
From PENANG		
Shirala	22/7	6/8
Somali	26/7	6/8
Eurylochus	25/7	12/8
From SINGAPORE		
Nagpore	17/7	30/7
Hakozaki M.	23/7	31/7
Regensburg	23/7	31/7
Augsburg	22/7	3/8
Oldenburg	23/7	3/8
Glenbeg	25/7	8/8
From SOERABAIA		
Tjinegara	14/7	31/7
From MANILA		
Grete Maersk	24/7	31/7
P. Coolidge	26/7	31/7
Thurland C.	21/7	3/8
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Tweedbank	6/6	27/7
Robinhood	9/6	30/7
Thurland C.	13/6	3/8
Lexa Maersk	24/6	7/8
Silverlaurel	23/6	11/8
Tai Ping Yang	30/6	12/8
C. of E'ville	16/6	13/8
Adrastus	28/6	19/8
Anna Maersk	10/7	25/8
C. Prince	11/7	26/8
Irisbank	6/7	27/8
Steel Trader	10/7	6/9
Silverteak	22/7	6/9
Sophocles	25/7	13/9
C. of Lille	17/7	14/9
From SAVANNAH		
Anna Maersk	15/7	25/8
C. Prince	14/7	26/8
Silverteak	25/7	6/9
From LOS ANGELES		
Pres. Taft	10/7	2/8
Asama M.	7/7	7/8
Lexa Maersk	15/7	7/8
Tai Ping Yang	17/7	12/8
P. Cleveland	24/7	16/8
Tatuta M.	24/7	23/8

From SAN FRANCISCO		
Silverlaurel	12/7	11/8
Adrastus	20/7	19/8
From VANCOUVER		
Talthybius	12/7	6/8
Emp. Russia	22/7	7/8
From HONOLULU		
Pres. Taft	20/7	2/8
Asama M.	15/7	7/8
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		
From YOKOHAMA		
Corfu	25/7	1/8
Rheinland	26/7	2/8
From KOBE		
Africa	28/6	27/7
Triton	14/7	29/7
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	29/7	30/7
From KEELUNG (Formosa)		
Tyosa M.	31/7	2/8

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN		
Ruys	19/7	26/8
From DURBAN		
Ruys	15/7	26/8
From MELBOURNE		
Tanda	5/7	10/8
From RABAUL		
Tanda	23/7	10/8

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Tsingtao M.	26/7	28/7
From TIENTSIN		
Esang	21/7	27/7
Shengking	24/7	27/7
Taksang	23/7	28/7
Taiseunhong	23/7	28/7
Yatshing	28/7	1/8
Wingsang	30/7	3/8

From HONGKONG		
Hunan	23/7	27/7
Tweedbank	23/7	27/7
Kaying	24/7	27/7
Yochow	27/7	30/7
Mentor	25/7	30/7
Fausang	27/7	30/7
Tjinegara	26/7	31/7
Kiangsu	27/7	31/7
Yusang	27/7	31/7
Glenogle	21/7	31/7
Wosang	31/7	3/8
India	24/7	13/8

Passenger Lists

DEPARTURES

Per Gneisenau, July 25, for **Hongkong:** Dr. P. E. Beeck, Mrs. L. F. Cecil, Mr. B. S. Chang, Miss J Chow, Mr. G. L. Churchwell, Mr. L. Deckert, Mr. Gauther, Mr. L. W. King, Mr. Ch. Morganti, Dr. & Mrs. E. L. Opei, Mr. F. B. Pope, Mr. A. W. Raymong, Mr. & Mrs. E. Schmerler, Mr. W. Shculze, Mr. E. Schetz, Mr. Y. T. Shen, Mr. E. Wilkening, Mr. K. C. Wong, Mr. H. M Botelho, Mr. K. Y. Cheng, Mr. S. C. Chiang, Mr. Tseting Liu, Mr. Yam Hui Louie, Mr. W. U. Mansukhani, Mr. H. C. Peh, Mr. J. J. G. Walle, Mr. E. T. Wang, for **Singapore:** Mr. D. L. McEacharan, for **Port Said:** Mr. W. Weber, for **Genoa:** Mrs. H. Crosnier, Mr. R. Ising, Mr H. Jacobi, Baron von Marlzan, Mr. & Mrs. L. Pander and 1 child, Miss L. Vorotilova, Mr. H. E. Wolff, Miss R Dsirne, Mr. F. Lindenau, Mrs. G. J. Netter and 1 child, Prof. Dr. H. Oettel, for **Southampton:** Mr. & Mrs. F. C. Stubbings and 2 children, Mr. & Mrs H. Wilding and 1 child, for **Bremen:** Dr. K. Haedenkamp, Mr. & Mrs. Th. Litterst, Mr. M. Litterst Jr., Mrs. M. Eickhoff, Mr. W. Gundelach, Mrs. V. Obermaier, Mr. E. Voigt.

Per Sinkiang, July 26, for **Hongkong:** Capt. and Mrs. F. C. Larmour and inf., 2nd. Lt. J. Low, 2nd. Lt. J. V. Collingwood.

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

LEESANG July 26. TSINGTAO.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, July 26, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 26-7

SHUNTIEN July 27. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Thursday, July 27, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-7

SHENGKING July 29. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Saturday, July 29, at 10 a.m. Calls at Tsingtao for passengers only. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 29-7

FAUSANG Aug. 1. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, Aug. 1, at 11 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 1-8

HUNAN Aug. 1. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Tuesday, August 1, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 1-8

YOCHOW Aug. 1. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Tuesday, Aug. 1, at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 1-8

YUSANG Aug. 2. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, Aug. 2, at 11.30 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 2-8

WOSANG Aug. 5. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, Aug. 5, at 5.30 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 4-8

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJISALAK July 27. AMOY, HONGKONG and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. steamer Tjisalak sails from K.M.A. Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, July 27, at 9 a.m., taking cargo to Hongkong and Java ports. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 8 a.m. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 27-7

ESANG July 28. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, July 28, at 11.30 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 28-7

KINGYUAN July 28. HONGKONG, KWONGCHOW-WAN and SINGAPORE.—From French Bund on Friday, July 28, at 8.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-7

TAKSANG July 29. HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, July 29, at 9.30 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 29-7

KAYING July 30. HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Sunday, July 30, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 30-7

TAISEUNHONG July 30. HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, July 30, at 10 a.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 30-7

KIANGSU Aug. 1. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, August 1, at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 1-8

TJINEGARA Aug. 3. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, August 3, at 2 p.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 2-8

YATSHING Aug. 3. HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, Aug. 3. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 3-8

WINGSANG Aug. 5. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, Aug. 5, at 5 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 4-8

STRAITS AND EUROPE

AFRIKA July 27. PORT SAID, JAFFA, HAIFA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and COPENHAGEN via HONGKONG and SINGAPORE.—The East Asiatic Co.'s Motorship Afrika, Captain E. Broholm-Jensen, will be despatched from here on or about July 27, for the abovementioned ports. Cargo accepted on through Bills of Lading to All Continental, Baltic and Scandinavian ports. Optional Bills of Lading issued to U.K. Ports. For freight and passage apply to Agency of The East Asiatic Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 15055. 27-7

ANADYR July 28. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Quai de France. Tel. 82034. 28-7

TRITON July 28. MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, CASABLANCA, BORDEAUX, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and PORT SAID.—Motor vessel Triton of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai on or about July 28, for the abovementioned ports. Through Bills of Lading issued for all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. For freight or passage please apply to: Dodwell and Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 28-7

PEIPING July 30. ALGIERS, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO and GOTHENBURG.—The Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.'s m.s. Peiping will leave Shanghai on or about July 30, for the above mentioned ports. Through Bills of Lading to all Scandinavian and Baltic Ports. Cargo for U.K. ports accepted on Optional Bills of Lading. For freight and passage please apply to The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd., Hamilton House, Foochow Road Entrance. Tel. 11330. 30-7

CORFU Aug. 1. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender leaves Customs Jetty 9 a.m. Tuesday, August 1. Hand packages only will be accepted by the Tender. Passengers Heavy Baggage must be at the Customs Jetty ready for shipment into P. & O. Co.'s Lighter not later than 3 p.m. on Monday, July 31. Customs Permit required for any nailed cases. For Freight and Passage apply to:—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 1-8

MARECHAL JOFFRE Aug. 1. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT-SAID.—For particulars, apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 French Bund. Tel. 82034. 1-8

RHEINLAND Aug. 4. MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain J. Rohlfs), on or about August 4, 1939. For freight please apply to Hamburg-Amerika-Linie, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 4-8

MEMNON Aug. 5. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW. For Freight and Passage apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 5-8

MIN Aug. 7. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Quai de France. Tel. 82034. 7-8

VICTORIA Aug. 10. NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 10-8

AMERICA

KIYOKAWA Maru July 28 NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES.—For Freight please apply to Showa Shipping Company, Ltd., 130 Hankow Road. Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 28-7

GRETE MAERSK Aug. 1. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 1-8

AUSTRALASIA

NELLORE Aug. 4. (From Hongkong) SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. 11428. 4-8

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, July 26, 1939 (10th day of 6th moon)	SICCAWEI July 24 16.00	July 24 21.00	July 25 4.00	July 25 9.00
Barometer inches	29.54	29.60	29.59	29.63
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.03	+0.01	+0.02	+0.03
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.03	0.00	+0.05	+0.03
Wind (direction)	SSW	S	Calme	SE
„ (miles per hour)	1.9	0.6	0.0	0.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	83.1°	73.8°	74.8°	79.9°
Humidity %	78	99	100	89
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	10	8	9
Rainfall inches	0.00	0.52	0.03	0.01

Siccawei Abridged Report July 24	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.58	—0.02	29.67
Temp. Min. 70.°9 Max. 86.°9	78.°9	—3.°0	81.°7
Total rainfall January to 1 midnight before last (inches)	28.95	0.55	27.22

Time and Tide	26/7	27/7	28/7	29/7	30/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.05	5.06	5.07	5.08	5.09
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.55	18.54	18.53	18.53	18.52
Moon rises at Shanghai	14.49	15.42	16.31	17.17	17.57
Moon sets at Shanghai	0.47	1.34	2.23	3.15	4.07
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	6.13	7.15	8.13	9.05	9.50
Ebb makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.39	11.2[illegible]	12.57	13.30	14.15
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	8.00	9.05	10.04	10.55	11.25
Ht. above LTW. (feet)	7.20	7.00	8.13	8.90	11.[illegible]2

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TAIYO MARU ..... Aug. 7
ASAMA MARU ..... Aug. 14

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIYE MARU ..... July 31

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NARUTO MARU .... July 28
NAGARA MARU .... Aug. 25

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... July 29

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg and Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
*HAKONE MARU .... Aug. 8
§HUSIMI MARU .... Aug. 22
*Special call at Casablanca.
§Special call at Lisbon.

Kobe Express Service
KATORI MARU ..... Aug. 4
KATORI MARU .... Aug. 18

Nagasaki Express Service
SHANGHAI MARU .. July 27
SHANGHAI MARU .. July 31
SHANGHAI MARU .. Aug. 4
NAGASAKI MARU .. Aug. 6
SHANGHAI MARU .. Aug. 9

Shanghai-Yokohama Service
HAKOZAKI MARU .. Aug. 1
SUWA MARU ..... Aug. 16

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Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

C MEMNON Aug. 5 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A ANTENOR Aug. 19 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
TEUCER Aug. 18 Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.
C AJAX Sept. 2 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A HECTOR Sept. 16 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
CYCLOPS Sept. 17 Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Agents: **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, 21-23 French Bund, Tel. 82020

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports

ms. Tricolor left Hamburg June 30 due Shanghai Aug. 12
ms. Talleyrand leaves Hamburg July 29 due Shanghai Sept. 11
ms. Tricolor leaves Hamburg Aug. 30, due Shanghai Oct. 11

Homewards
For Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong Singapore and Port Said

ms. Triton loads Shanghai .. .. July 28
ms. Tarn loads Shanghai .. .. Aug. 24
ms. Tricolor loads Shanghai .. .. Sept. 19

For Freight or Passage apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
GENERAL AGENTS
17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings
For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU ..... July 27
HUKUKEN MARU ..... Aug. 11
For Keelung
TYOSA MARU ..... Aug. 3
TYOSA MARU ..... Aug. 14

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Aug. 12
LA PLATA MARU ..... Oct. 5
For South America via E. & S. Africa
HAWAII MARU ..... Aug. 2
ARIZONA MARU ..... Sept. 3
For Bombay
*LONDON MARU ..... Aug. 19
*MELBOURNE MARU ... Sept. 2

Keelung & Nagasaki Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Aug. 3

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
SANYO MARU ..... Aug. 21.
For European Ports via New York
*NANKAI MARU ..... July 25
For Australia and New Zealand
*CANBERRA MARU .... July 31
*SYDNEY MARU ..... Aug. 31
For West Africa
TOA MARU ..... Aug. 24

*Cargo only

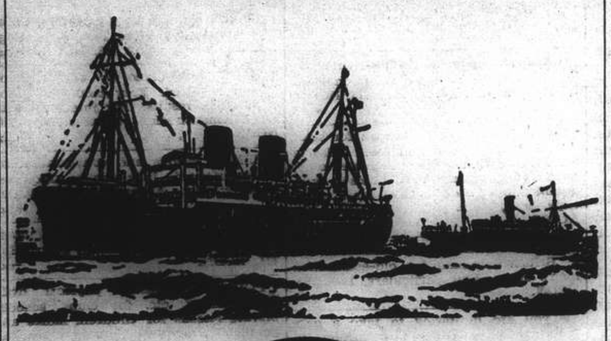
OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road (OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA) Telephone 15324

The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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To BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
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		From Shanghai	Tonnage
Aug.	1	CORFU	15,000
	8	*BURDWAN	6,100
	15	CANTON	16,000
	29	CARTHAGE	15,000
Sept.	5	*SOMALI	7,000
	12	RAJPUTANA ..	17,000
	26	RANCHI	17,000
Oct.	3	*BANGALORE	6,100
	10	RANPURA	17,000
	24	RAWALPINDI	17,000

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
‡Calls at Port Sudan

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
TO CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai for Japan	Leave Hongkong
TALMA	—	July 29
SIRDHANA	July 26	Aug. 12

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Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	—	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	Aug. 11	Sept. 2	Sept. 21
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Sept. 8	Sept. 30	Oct. 19

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9 Quai de France

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SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
July 21	July 24	July 26	MAREC. JOFFRE	July 29	July 31	Aug. 1
Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Pre. Doumer	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 15
Aug. 18	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aramis	Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Aug. 29
Sept. 1	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Jean Laborde	Sept. 9	Sept. 11	Sept. 12
Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	ATHOS II	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Sept. 26

FREIGHT SERVICE
S.S. ANADYR will sail for Europe on July 28

Glen and Shire Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent, etc.

INWARDS: Due at Shanghai
GLENOGLE, July 31
HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai
GLENOGLE, August 3
London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp, via Manila and Straits
Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice

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Metropole Hotel, News Stand.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LLOYD TRIESTINO

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ss. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 3	Aug. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 6	Aug. 8 at 9 a.m.
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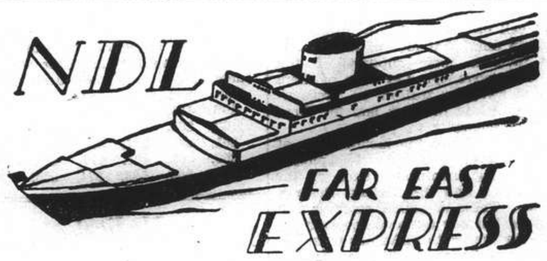

Homewards:
ms. REGENSBURG for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Aug. 16
ss. SCHARNHORST for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Aug. 21
ms. ELBE for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Sept. 14
ss. POTSDAM for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Hamburg .. .. .. Sept. 20

Outwards:

ms. REGENSBURG	Left Singapore	July 23	Due S'hai July 31
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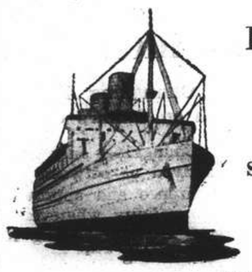

EMPRESS OF CANADA

WILL SAIL FOR
HONGKONG and MANILA
SHANGHAI & HONGKEW WHARF —SHANGHAI SIDE
4 p.m., WEDNESDAY, JULY 26

TENDER SERVICE

Leave Customs Jetty		Leave Ship
8.30 a.m.	Wednesday, July 26	9.00 a.m.
Noon	„ „	1.45 p.m.
2.30 p.m. (Last Tender)	„ „	

	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	Honolulu Leave	Victoria-Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Canada	Aug. 7	—	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 23
Empress of Russia	Aug. 20	Aug. 22	Aug. 24	Aug. 26	Sept. 2	Sept. 9
Empress of Japan	Sept. 2	—	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 14	Sept. 19
Empress of Asia	Sept. 17	Sept. 19	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	Sept. 30	Oct. 6

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Pres. Coolidge	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Pres Coolidge	Sept. 26	Sept. 28
Pres. Taft	Aug. 15	Aug. 17	Pres. Taft	—	Oct. 11
Pres. Cleveland	Aug. 29	Aug. 31	Pres. Cleveland	—	Oct. 25
Pres. Pierce	—	Sept. 13	Pres. Pierce	—	Nov. 8

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
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PRES. CLEVELAND	Aug. 17	PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	Sept. 13

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Generalissimo Denounces Hope Of "Far Eastern Munich"

Tokyo Accord Requires Chungking Approval; Solemn Assurance Given on China's Currency

Chungking, July 25.

ANY understanding affecting China arrived at between Great Britain and Japan without the cognizance and approval of the Chinese Government "could have no validity whatever and could, in fact, never be put into effect," General Chiang Kai-shek emphasized at the Weekly Memorial Meeting here yesterday.

The Generalissimo expressed confidence that Great Britain, much as she desired a peaceful settlement of the Anglo-Japanese dispute at Tientsin, "could only make concessions such as would not conflict with China's interests, or with the provisions of the Nine-Power Pact" (which guarantees the territorial and administrative integrity of China). He expressed confidence in China's ultimate victory, no matter what difficulties might arise. "Today," he asserted, "our military strength and our ability to exercise it are steadily improving."

China, he said, was in no way alarmed by the attempts of her enemy to make use of traitors and to seek her isolation from nations friendly to her.

"There can be absolutely no talk of our being isolated," he declared, "while the vast majority of the peoples of the world uphold justice and fair-dealing."

No Far Eastern Munich

General Chiang Kai-shek went on to express his conviction that there could be no Far Eastern Munich, but emphasized that, whatever happened, "our camp is absolutely undivided in its opinion, and the will of the people is impregnably firm. We are of the opinion that a Power making for justice is now in process of gathering strength and, when a fitting moment comes, it will make itself felt in a very effective manner."

China, he said, relied on the precept that heaven helps those who help themselves. She depended in all spheres, military, economic and diplomatic, on her own unaided exertions.

China, the Generalissimo emphasized, could not give credence to any possibility of Great Britain really compromising with Japan. "It is unthinkable," he said, "that Great Britain should faithlessly associate herself with Japanese aggression.... We refuse to pay any attention to Japanese propaganda which suggests that this unbelievable change of face has taken place."

China Currency Firm

General Chiang Kai-shek then referred to the currency situation.

"The foundation of our national currency," he contended, "is in fact as firm as that of our military machine....I wish solemnly to assure everybody that the Government will certainly maintain the value of our national currency, supply foreign exchange for purposes of legitimate transactions, and take appropriate measures to meet the situation. The recent fall in the exchange value of the national dollar will not in any way impair our ability to continue resistance. We have long ago laid up adequate stores of military material and put aside foreign exchange to meet the need of replenishment. There will be no necessity of converting our gold reserves to this use."

Full Text of Address

The full text of General Chiang's address follows:—

"Since the entry of resistance into the third year, our people have shown the will to be firmer and stronger than ever. The schemes of the enemy and of traitors now serve only to stimulate our revolutionary spirit and to invigorate us. I wish once again to impress upon you that if we but maintain our firm determination and press forward, the future of our resistance will grow progressively brighter and, no matter in what circumstances or difficulty, there will ever be grounds for calm confidence in victory.

"What I have first to say is that, at the present moment, there is greater stability in the situation both in regard to military operations and home affairs. Today our military strength, and our ability to exercise it, are steadily improving.

Consummation of Revolution

"Meanwhile, our internal solidarity has been enhanced since the departure from our ranks of Wang Ching-wei.

"These two factors will enable us to smash a way through all difficulties, and will only rouse us to greater heights of enthusiasm. It has been so with all revolutionary countries in the world—witness the severity of the privations endured by Turkey and Russia.

"I have, on several occasions in the past, said that our present difficulties are nothing to what we have yet to encounter, but it is out of the very midst of extreme dangers and difficulties that we shall snatch victory.

"I meant to remind you that this war of resistance is a struggle for the consummation of our revolution which i adventitious circumstances can influence.

"The enemy are, on one hand, making use of traitors against us, and, on the other, are seeking to procure our isolation from nations friendly to us. We are in no way alarmed by these tricks. There can be absolutely no talk of our being isolated while the vast majority of the peoples of the world uphold justice and fair-dealing, and therefore sympathize with our cause.

Spiritual Strength

"In the past, our revolution rested upon no material support. Previous to 1924 we fought our way with bare fists. The enemy shows little comprehension, indeed, of the spirit that fills us if they hope to secure our submission by threatening the Powers into compromise with them, or instigating traitors to upset our economy.

"There are now many organs of public opinion abroad which speak of the Japanese hope of bringing about 'a Far Eastern Munich.' This is a mere guess at the Japanese militarists' motives. I hold that, in fact, there can be no question of any parallel.

"First, our friends among the nations are too sensible of their obligations and too well-informed of the realities for them to follow the line of conduct suggested in this phrase of abandoning their bounden duty and their legal position in a manner as injurious to their honour as to their common interests.

"Secondly, China is not to be spoken of in the same breath with Czecho-Slovakia, for while our revolution is a product of our own unaided efforts, the nationhood of Czecho-Slovakia was born of the European war and the treaty which concluded it.

"Our Camp Undivided"

"After two years of war and the falling away of a few traitors, our camp is absolutely undivided in its opinion, and the will of the people is impregnably firm: no embarrassments of whatever kind can cause us to abandon our sacred duty. The world is fully aware of this. When people are subjected to external aggression, if they cannot exert their strength and stand up to resist the attacker with courage, they cannot hope other countries will make unavailing sacrifices on their behalf. The tragedy of Czecho-Slovakia came about in this way.

"From the standpoint afforded by more than two years of independent struggle, we are of the opinion that a Power making for justice is now in process of gathering energy and that, when a fitting moment comes, it will make itself felt in a very effective manner.

Self-Help Towards Victory

"As far as we ourselves are concerned, we have consistently followed the precept that heaven helps those who help themselves, by relying ultimately in all spheres, military, economic and diplomatic, upon our own unaided exertions.

"We believe no friends will abandon or betray us while we ourselves remain sound and upright. No nation will be led by the enemy to change the fundamental policy it has always pursued towards China. The crooked-thinking propaganda of the enemy is really beneath our contempt. For, if we put aside all moral considerations and speak only in terms of gain and loss, we still cannot give credence to any possibility of Great Britain really conpromising with Japan.

"Great Britain is even better acquainted with Japan than we: she knows well enough that Japan is no longer her Far Eastern ally of twenty years ago, but rather a madman turning against his former benefactors. How could Great Britain abandon her standpoint and genuinely yield to Japan?

Britain Cannot Concede Anything

"Much as Great Britain desires a peaceful solution, she can only make concessions such as will not conflict with China's interests and with the provisions of the Nine-Power Pact. Otherwise, she would be assisting Japanese aggression and, moreover, helping Japan destroy the Nine-Power Pact.

"It would be equivalent to attacking China on Japan's behalf and, likewise, on her behalf making enemies of all the other signatories of that Pact. Great Britain herself is a signatory of the Pact, and America has been a still more prominent and consistent supporter of it.

"It is unthinkable that Great Britain should faithlessly associate herself with Japanese aggression and sacrifice her long-established relations with China, and, at the same time, cast aside here partner. America. We refuse to pay any attention to Japanese propaganda which suggests that this unbelievable change of face has taken place.

"We place our confidence not only in the governments of friendly nations, but also in the influence exerted on the side of justice by public opinion.

Chinese Must Approve First

"Moreover, in both theory and practice, any understanding arrived at with regard to China by two Powers acting without the cognizance and approval of the Chinese Government, especially such as the Anglo-Japanese agreement now rumoured by the Japanese, can have no validity whatever, and could, in fact, never be put into effect.

"I do not hesitate to affirm my belief that the future will see a rapid improvement in the international situation. We must not be thrown off our balance by ill-founded rumours. Above all, we must never forget that our own courage, indomitable in the face of all hardships, will ultimately remain a decisive factor.

"There is no room for the slightest dependence upon others. Conception of dependence is incompatible with our revolutionary spirit.

National Currency Sound

"Next, a word on the subject of our economy and currency. The foundation of our national currency is, in fact, as firm as that of our military machine. Intensified manipulations on the part of the enemy and their puppets have resulted in the dragging down of the exchange rate by speculators. A temporary state of uncertainty has ensued, but I wish solemnly to assure everybody that the Government will certainly maintain the value of our national currency, supply foreign exchange for purposes of legitimate transactions, and take appropriate measures to meet the situation.

"In regard to foreign exchange, the Government has already devised a sounder and more rational method of control, by the exercise of which it intends to take advantage of the circumstances now prevailing to procure a final and thorough solution of the problem. I shall make myself personally responsible for carrying into effect this method.

"As far as the concessions are concerned, I have never been in favour of an indiscriminate supply of foreign exchange to those who do business there, for this exposes our wartime currency to the injurious manoeuvre of enemy-actuated and unprincipled speculators.

"In the interior, however, the Government will unreservedly maintain the stability of the national currency and its exchange rate. Commercial transactions will undoubtedly go on as usual under conditions prescribed by Government decree. Likewise, circulation of the national currency in the occupied areas will unquestionably be maintained.

"No bad effect upon the livelihood of the people will be tolerated. In short, in regard to the maintenance of the national currency and the supply of foreign currency, the Government has definitely a policy it can pursue to the advantage of resistance and the benefit of the people's livelihood.

Shanghai Exchange

"The method of managing foreign exchange in Shanghai in the past was not only of no advantage to Chinese merchants, but was also tantamount to bolstering up the enemy and puppet currency systems. If no change were made in this matter, we should be furnishing the Japanese with an ever more convenient instrument with which to work destruction of the economic foundation of our resistance.

"When such a new policy as I have conceived is put into practice, it will, on the contrary, be reinforced. My fellow countrymen must realize that they must support the Government by aiding realization of the new policy by all means in their power.

"I am in a position to reassure my comrades that the recent fall in the exchange value of the national currency will not in any way impair our ability to continue resistance.

"We have long ago laid up adequate stores of military material, and put aside foreign exchange to meet the need of replenishment. There will will be no necessity of converting our gold reserves to this use.

"There has this year been a good harvest in all provinces, with the result that exports can be increased, and a supply of the necessities of life is assured.

"As for imports, the very fact of the fall in the exchange rate enables us to exclude many unnecessary articles of luxury formerly coming into the country, thus putting an end to considerable wastage. This natural form of thrift will have nothing but a favourable effect upon our wartime economy.

"Puppet-Money" Denounced

"I call on all my fellow citizens to bear in mind that love of their country involves their support of the national currency. Let none of them be led away by traitors or irresponsible talk into the trap laid for them by the enemy.

"Let all realize the insufficiency of the reserves possessed by puppet note-issuing institutions such as the Hua Hsing and the Federal Reserve banks. These so-called reserves are nothing but our national currency itself, together with pilferings from our foreign exchange stabilization fund.

"Those in Shanghai and Nanking who have made use of the notes of these puppet banks have taken the first step towards selling themselves as traitors to the enemy.

"In conclusion, in our resistance we rely upon none other than our own exertions. Meanwhile, we must strive to compass victory through our revolutionary spirit breaking down material obstacles by unflinching tenacity of purpose.

The real dangers of our cause are past. Having borne up during the past two years, we now find that the ground is firmer beneath our feet, both in the field at home, and abroad. There is matter for satisfaction that the difficulties that have arisen are only such as might have been expected.—Reuter.

Chinese Demarche Made in London

Dr. Quo Protests at Any Possible North China Concession

London, July 24.

A protest against a possible concession in North China prejudicial to the Chinese cause was made by Dr. Quo Tai-chi, Chinese Ambassador in London, when he called on Lord Halifax, British Foreign Secretary, this afternoon to seek information in regard to the Anglo-Japanese Agreement.

The Ambassador also enquired concerning the exact situation.

On behalf of the China Committee of the House of Commons, Sir John Wardlaw-Milne and Mr. Adrian Charles Moreing, Conservative M.P.'s, today addressed a letter to Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, drawing his attention to the many attacks on British interests in the Far East by the Japanese, and suggesting that they be taken up with the Japanese Government. They state state in their letter that there are many more complaints against Japan than the latter has against Great Britain.

"A Betrayal of China"

The China Campaign Committee issued a statement today "denouncing as an undeniable betrayal of China, who is now heroically defending her national independence and territorial integrity, the formula agreed upon with the Japanese Government, as announced by the Prime Minister (Mr. Neville Chamberlain) in his statement made in the House of Commons."

"Great Britain's word," it adds, "is pledged to observe the terms and obligations of the Nine-Power Treaty and the resolution of the League of Nations, which calls on its member States to give material assistance to China, to take no action which will weaken her power of resistance and not to recognise any situation brought about by force. Only by standing by these obligations can Great Britain preserve her honour and avoid becoming and accomplice in aggression."

The China Association met yesterday to consider whether the British Government should be asked to replenish the Stabilization Fund, now believed to be virtually exhausted, declares the "Financial News." No agreement on policy, it adds, was reached, and the meeting adjourned to consider Mr. Neville Chamberlain's statement on the Tokyo talks. —Reuter.

Japanese Plan Census In Occupied Areas

Chinese to Be Reassured As to Objects

Japanese naval authorities will carry out census of all residents in the Japanese Special Naval Landing Party's defence sector in the north and east areas of Shanghai beginning on August 1, the local Japanese press reported yesterday. This is believed to be the first attempt to carry out an individual count of inhabitants in any Chinese city.

Applicable principally to Chinese who outnumber any national group, the census will be carried out with the co-operation of the local Japanese Ex-Servicemen's Association, volunteer Japanese residents and Japanese university students spending their summer vacation in Shanghai. Forms will be distributed on August 1 to be collected on August 10 by census takers who will check the filled-in forms. All Chinese who have lived in the defence sector for more than three months will be required to fill in census forms. An effort will be made to make all Chinese intending to live in the area fill in such forms in the future.

The co-operation of third party nationals will be sought to bring the census to success, the papers said.

Special admonitions against causing panic among Chinese being investigated will be made to the census takers. Each house that has complied with census requirements will be marked with a sticker.

In order to prevent misunderstandings among the Chinese population as to the purpose of the census, pamphlets in Chinese and Japanese will oe distributed in the defence sector. A radio broadcast will also be made outlining the purpose of the check-up.

Thetis Salvage Efforts To Continue

Conference of Experts to Be Held Tomorrow

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 24.

As long as there was a reasonable possibility of salvaging the submarine Thetis, he thought that it would be generally agreed that operations should continue in order that the fullest information might be available as to the cause of the accident, declared Captain A.U.M. Hudson, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons today.

A conference between the Admiralty and salvage experts, to discuss the next stage of the salvage of the Thetis, will be held at the Admiralty on July 27.—Reuter.

Man Arrested for Old Larceny

Mau Ah-toung, former bar boy at the Bubbling Well Police Station, drew six months from the First Special District Court yesterday on a charge of larceny, which crime he committed about three years ago in the officers' quarters at the station. He stole clothes and pens belonging to Trooper Sub-Inspector Goldsmith, who has since resigned. Shortly after the crime another man was arrested and sentenced to a prison term, but Mau, who was mentioned by the sentenced man as the instigator, escaped. Mau was only recently picked up by the police on an assault charge and careful investigations revealed that he was also a thief.

Extortioners Sentenced

Charged with attempted extortion Sung Chi-keng and his accomplice Wong Ma-pi were sentenced to 14 months' and six months' imprisonment respectively yesterday by the First Special District Court. The latter was ordered by the judge to serve his prison term after a period of incarceration at the reformatory, for he is only 17 years old.

The sentenced men pinned a threatening note written in verse on the door of the Chang Yuen Restaurant at 176 Alcock Road some time ago demanding $50. They also adopted a novel way of extortion apart from showing that they are poets. They put a small coffin in front of the restaurant by way of intimidation. The manager refused to give in and reported the matter to the police, resulting in their arrests later.

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before July 29, after which date they will be destroyed.

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Lost

LOST, sub-order No. 20268, covering a balance of (45) forty five packages of palm leaf fan coarse (65 minus 20 already delivered) marked WY in triangle, ex. ss/ Tak Sang, arr. 8/6/39, Mft. 31/4. The loss has been reported to the Roosevelt Terminal and the public is hereby notified same is declared null and void. Jui Dah Leather Company. -1318

HUNGJAO Area Association Member's Pass No. 36189 in the name of Mrs. H. Maitland has been lost and is now invalid. 10479

TWO godown orders issued by Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, No. 106 and No. 107 for 1,600 pieces and by Mitsubushi Shoji Kaisha No. 144 and No. 145 for 1,000 pieces of bean cakes, respectively, were lost and are hereby declared null and void. Nih Shing & Co., Ltd. -1331

LOST, Guarantee Letter No. 131, dated October 14, 1936, issued to us by the Central Bank of China, Nanking Branch, for payment of contract price of £1,800. As the said payment has been fully paid up, the guarantee letter is to be considered null and void. Chien Hsin Engineering Co., Ltd., Shanghai. 10411

PASSBOOK No. 2385, issued by Chase Bank in the name of A. V. and J. W. Warrior, lost in Nanking Road. -1237

BILL of Lading No. 1097, 231 packages of Saigon rice, date June 14, 1939, stored in Akron Mercantile & Transportation Co., No. C. godown (安慎洋行三棧) which is hereby declared null and void. Sin Shong Rice Hong (新順米行). -1263

LOST or stolen, Zeiss-Ikon Contax III camera. Lens No. 2231299. Reward for return to G. H. Greene, 41 Kiukiang Road. 10459

DELIVERY Order stamped by Customs covering 12 casks acetate of lead ex s.s."Gneisenau," arrived July 15, marked: R. B. & Co., 9374, No. 1/12 Shanghai, lost and is declared null and void. Reuter, Brockelmann & Co. -1277

CUSTOMS stamped Triplicate for 5865 pcs. cedar small squares B/L No. 129 marked end green, per ss. Lima Maru, Voyage No. 35 from Japan, has been lost and is declared null and void. Higuchi & Co. -1027

TWO godown orders issued by Ewo Press Packing Co. Nos. 5535 and 5536 for 80 and 122 bales of raw cotton respectively were lost and besides cancelled the same from the godown, are declared null and void. Hung Zung Cotton Co. -1221

Miscellaneous

OUR 1,300 customers are cordially advised that orders for shirts, pyjamas, undershorts, blouses, gowns, etc. accepted. Frayed underwear skilfully renovated. Shanghai Shirt Pyjama Hospital (Foreign), 749 Bubbling Well, Flat 329. -1293

WANTED to hire by responsible Briton, electric refrigerator, in good condition. Address Box 761, NCDN. -1285

SUBSCRIBE to the Magazine Library for the latest issues of American and British magazines at a moderate fee. Apply for list. The First Shanghai Reading Circle, 131 Museum Road, Telephone 14640. -1194

TYPEWRITERS, bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt, Hermes-Baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -1167

Educational

BRITISH-Chinese lady (speaking Chinese fluently) gives lessons in English and music. Box 783, NCDN. -1320

LEARN Jazz piano by ear. Reading not required. Easy modern method with quick results. For interview with free demonstration, address Box 776, NCDN. 10477

FRENCH lessons and conversation by experienced lady-teacher required. Twice weekly. Address Box 774, NCDN. -1305

LESSONS in Shanghai dialect, Mandarin, given by Chinese lady. Box 771, NCDN. -1302

SPORTS, gymnastic, physical drill, swimming, etc. for clubs, schools, private lessons for children, ladies and gentlemen, by young foreign teacher, excellent certificates, best Shanghai references, speaks English, French, German. Box 705, NCDN. -1195

GENTLEMAN, M.D., desires English lessons conversation with English/American lady. Address Box 764, NCDN. -1289

FRENCH lessons required by Englishman at his home central district one hour daily. Reply Box 724 NCDN. 10448

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Pitman/Gregg Shorthand, Typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10064

Personal

REFINED Chinese lady wishes meet serious people, age between 42-48, with good position, to exchange knowledge. Box 772, NCDN. -1302

AMERICAN, 28, good position, wishes to meet well-educated lady for friendship. Answers strictly confidential. Reply Box 788, NCDN. -1326

YOUNG Japanese wishes to meet well-educated foreign or Chinese lady, 22-28, to exchange Japanese for English lessons. Shanghai Yoko, Broadway Mansions, first floor. -1290

INDEPENDENT middle-aged lady, keen dancer, vivacious, wishes to meet serious foreign gentleman (Gentile). View friendship. Box 752, NCDN. -1258

ELDERLY widower, British, no encumbrances, wishes to meet independent lady for companionship. Box 719, NCDN. -1213

FOREIGNER, 36, not refugee, wishes to meet nice looking Chinese lady from good family. View friendship. Address Box 643, NCDN. -1117

AMERICAN, 25 years old, desires to meet independent Chinese girl, aged 20-25, English-speaking. View close friendship and exchange of language. Address Box 742, NCDN. -1264

Wanted to Purchase

RUDOLF Mosse Code, used, English and Spanish, selling cheaply. Telephone 11929. -1327

PERAMBULATOR. Wanted second-hand imported perambulator. State make and price. Address Box 787, NCDN. -1325

IMPORTED bed wanted for child of 4 years Telephone 73801 between 10 and 12 noon and 4 to 6 p.m. -1253

WANTED to buy, one second-hand piano, will pay best price. Apply Telephone 73606. -1127

WANTED to buy, good second-hand Singer sewing machine. Telephone 17510 or address Box 746, NCDN. -1268

Business Opportunities

RAINCOAT manufacturers. It pays to get in touch with us. We have a stock of rain-coatings; going cheap. Address Box 784, NCDN. -1322

WOULD two Portuguese care to go into good, profitable business, with $400 cach? Box 786, NCDN. -1324

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ONE G. E. Co., Mercury Arc Amplifier, a.c., 200 volts, d.c., 76-110 volts, 30 amps.; complete with tubes. Address Box 777, NCDN. -1311

FOR SALE by private individual, Olivetti Simplex typewriter, as new. Address Box 756, NCDN. -1280

SILK slips $2.15, lace gloves (25 colours) 35 cents, embroidered pillow-cases 70 cents, grass-linen handbag $1. Only latest things in stock. Priced lowest in town. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10440

SIX cubic feet Zerozone refrigerator, reducoed and overhauled. Twelve months guarantee. Box 682, NCDN. or Telephone 13692. -1160

DINING room teakwood wardrobe, dressing table, for sale. 737 Broadway Lane, House 4. Telephone 50542. -1189

BEAUTIFUL crystal glassware, wine-glasses, porcelain coffee and tea-sets; bronze statues. 421 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -1165

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road, Carter Road east), Telephone 37024. -810

OVER 50 per cent saving in postage by using our special air-mail paper. K. G. Nair, 131 Museum, Telephone 12164 or Anderson Brothers, 12377. -1125

BEST English and American novels beautifully printed on excellent paper, $2.90 per copy. French Bookshop, 357 Szechuen Road. 10277

ONE leather bevelling machine (Lederschaerfmaschine); one leather quilting machine (can be used also sewing machine). Schwab, 599 Tongshan Road, House 19. -1245

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -905

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -555

Animals

PEDIGREED wire-haired fox terrier puppies for sale. C.K.C. registered. Good home primary consideration. Telephone Mrs. Baxter 22067. -1203

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 10087

Rooms Without Board

WELL-furnished room to let for single person. Apply 14 Gresham Apartment, 1228 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 75126, from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. -1306

LARGE quiet south room with screened vernadah. Route Magniny. Board optional. Telephone 75370. -1314

LARGE, fine, furnished rooms, private bath, verandah, garden. All conveniences. 7 Columbia Road, corner Great Western. Bus 2-14 stops. -1249

WELL-furnished room to let with all conveniences, piano, ice-box, use of kitchen, bath. French Concession. Telephone 82813 or address Box 762, NCDN. -1286

COOL rooms in quiet, clean house for transient guests available. Daily terms $3 to $5. Telephone 74982. -25

LARGE, well-furnished room, all conveniences. Telephone 81670. 455 Rue Lafayette, 304 Park Apartments. -1171

Rooms with Board

LARGE, double, south facing room. Private bathroom in English owned house. Large garden. Mrs. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi. Telephone 78219. 10465

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534, Lupton. -1261

NICE, single/double rooms, suitable foreign families. Full board. Opposite Picardie. Beginning August. Box 726, NCDN. -1234

Unfurnished Houses

BEGINNING August, six-roomed modern house, garden, garage. Inside Settlement. Emigrants not desired. Inquire 750/2 Hart Road. -882

Radios

PLAY safe! Entrust your radio repairs to the largest service organization in town, the Radio Corporation of Asia, leading authorised RCA-Victor Service Station. Telephone 86964. -286

PURCHASE of second-hand radios. Radio repairing with guarantee. Hahn Radio Service, 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109. -1236

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, 1931 Ford coupe, always owner-driven. Everything in good condition. Good mileage. US$170 or nearest offer. Apply 111 Szechuen Road. -1310

FOR SALE, Ford coupe 1929, $650. Chevrolet convertible coupe, 1933, $1,700. Auto Trading Co., Telephone 19351 or 17289. -1328

WANTED used medium or small-sized car, must be economical and in good running order. State price and where can be viewed to Box 789, NCDN. 10481

1931 Whippet four-door; engine, body, paint, tyres and battery as good as new. $850. Telephone 33479. Address 87 Gordon Road. -1313

1939 STUDEBAKER in excellent condition, used only little over two months. Owner leaving town. For sale at US$1,000. Telephone 75547 from 9-11 a.m. -1149

1930 Ford two-door sedan. Excellent condition. $1,000. Address Box 743, NCDN. 10450

1934 Ford, 8 h.p. two-door saloon. Perfect condition. 28 m. p. g. Bargain $2,550. Address Box 744, NCDN. 10450

FOR HIRE, 5 passenger sedan to responsible party. Further particulars address Box 739, NCDN. -1257

HUMBER SNIPE Landaulette sedan de luxe, little used and in excellent condition; new tyres and battery. Owner retired. £100. Apply C.C. King, Harrisons, King & Irwin, Ltd., Telephone 15510. 10461

FOR SALE, 1933/4, 10 h.p. Fiat, four-door sedan. £40. Address Box 750, NCDN. 10458

1933 Opel two door sedan excellent condition, address Post Office Box 1733. -1228

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -1230

Office Cars

LIFT required three times daily. Avenue Joffre/Route Potier to Kiangse Road. Office hours 8-12 and 2-4.30. Please state terms Box 753, NCDN. -1265

Chinese Servants

GOOD cook-boy seeks employment, excellent cook, hard working and honest. Best references Box 779, NCDN. -1315

NO. 1 house-boy, can cook, many years with British and American families, best references. Good recommendations. Box 778, NCDN. -1312

EXCELLENT cook-boy and coolie with good references and very honest. Address Box 755, NCDN. -1279

HIGHLY recommended, excellent cook-boy, clean, honest, speaks English well, seeks position. Address Box 765, NCDN. -1291

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -553

COOK-boy and amah, excellent cook, hardworking and honest, recommended by English family. Address Box 737, NCDN. -1254

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -1007

84196 FOR really good cooks, coolies, amahs, with best references, also chauffeurs, tailors. American Employment Agency. -1223

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given, readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30 Second Floor. -1015

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, from 11-8. 304 Kiangse Road, First floor, Flat 5. -870

LADY gives massage from 9 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. -179

Houses and Land

FOR SALE or 20/5 year lease. Building just commenced. Five 3-storied terrace house, corner Dupleix/Ferguson. De Becker Law and Estate Offices, Hamilton House. 10442

ADVERTISER requires from 1 to 2 mow vacant land in French Concession or western district. Reply giving price and full particulars to Box 747, NCDN. 10454

FOR SALE or 20-year lease. Construction beginning on 12 attractive semi-detached Spanish-style house, Route culty near Ferguson. Prices US$1,000-1,250, payable during construction. Plans, scale model, etc. may be seen. De Becker Law & Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House. Telephone 16660. 10441

Holiday Resorts

VILLA Miami, Tsingtao, next to Strand Beach. Rooms with board, also one flat of four rooms with or without board. For particulars telephone 29488, Mrs. Heller, from 9-12. -1303

GOING on Home leave? Feel comfortable and at home at 58 Perham Road, West Kensington, London, W.14. Excellent location, good cuisine, very reasonable rates. For particulars, write Mrs. Davis, proprietress. -724

ILTIS Hydro and Hotel, Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. Large garden, tennis; near to Golf Course. One minute from Beach. All rooms with lavatory basin, running hot and cold water. Excellent cuisine. Proprietress, Mrs. E. Rawson. Telegrams: Iltishydro, Tsingtao, Post Office Box 221. 10139

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk, Bel-Air. Best French hostelry. Best food. Wonderful surroundings. Apply to Mme Desroches, Bel-Air, Tsingtao. -1109

Furnished Apartments

ATTRACTIVE three-roomed apartment, best locality French Concession, furniture and fittings etc. to be taken over. Foreigners only. Address Box 782, NCDN. -1319

FURNISHED two single rooms or flat, all modern conveniences. 125 Verdun Terrace, Rue Albert, House 3. -1299

TO LET, well-furnished two-roomed comfortable apartment with bathroom, kitchen, gas-stove, central-heating, in Concession; rent $115; $1,900 for furniture and key money. Apply to 268 Route Vallon. New China Trading Co., Telephone 79128. -1298

TWO large, well-furnished rooms, verandah, all comfort best Concession district. 1831 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3. -1323

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WHICH physician would share office for one to two hours daily? Address Box 768, NCDN. -1299

WANTED to rent or sub-let factory or godown for manufacturing. 4,000 to 7,000 sq. feet. Settlement or Concession. Willing pay good rental. Write full details Box 718, NCDN. -1297

2,500 sq. ft. office space available corner Peking/Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. For further particulars apply Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10008

TO LET, godown space, 5,700 sq. feet comprising the second floor of Chin Yuen Li Godown. A modern godown having cargo lift, staircase and slideway, and situated immediately behind Embankment Building at corner of North Kiangse and Tiendong Roads. Apply E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., Property Department, Telephone 11430. -10189

TO LET modern offices in central district, One 3500 sq. ft. on ground floor. Apply Eric Davies 214, Chartered Bank Building, Telephone 15874. 10063

Wanted to Rent

WANTED to rent clean, large, furnished double-room with bath and use of kitchen or board. Central position. Address Box 794, NCDN.

TO RENT for month of August, cool, well-furnished three-roomed apartment. Address Box 780, NCDN. 10476

FLAT, unfurnished, six/eight rooms, fit for boarding house, wanted. Address Box 792, NCDN. -1332

WANTED by responsible Swiss family for immediate or later occupation, four/four and a half-roomed flat in modern apartment building, preferably near Public Boys' School. Unfurnished or willing to take over furniture at reasonable price. Address, stating terms and particulars Box 759, NCDN. -1283

RESPONSIBLE person wishes to rent three/four-roomed apartment (or small house). Furnished or unfurnished, preferably International Settlement. Address Box 760, NCDN. -1284

WELL-educated gentleman, retiring nature, A1 references, immediately requires board-residence near town, served by bus 14, 9 or 2. Not liable to floods. Address Box 758, NCDN. -1281

WANTED well-furnished, medium, south-facing, cool, quiet room, cold/hot water, bath, balcony preferable, English/American family. Moderate price. For Jewish bookseller, 43, single. Box 757, NCDN. -1281

WANTED by office lady, one room. Address stating price, locality, Box 769, NCDN. -1300

PHYSICIAN for skin diseases wants to rent office, Bubbling Well or other business district; or a flat of four/five rooms. Box 766, NCDN. -1294

GERMAN teacher wants lodging in exchange for lessons. Address Box 763, NCDN. -1287

WANTED by married couple, 2-4 roomed flat, with all conveniences in modern apartment house, preferably unfurnished or part-furniture at reasonable price. Offers with complete details to Box 754, NCDN. 10467

ONE-roomed apartment or house, with private bath, wanted by quiet lady (vicinity French Club). Telephone 77813. -1278

REQUIRED apartment or house. Willing pay the best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -748

RESPONSIBLE English couple require to rent well-furnished three-roomed, modern flat with all conveniences, Concession/Settlement. Address stating terms and particulars. Box 734, NCDN. -1247

SUITABLE houses required for families of members of British Army in good locality in International Settlement. Each should consist of at least one living room, kitchen, bathroom, one two or three bedrooms. The taking over of a complete block of approximately 40 flats for a period of three years would be considered. Reply to Officer Commanding, R. A. S. C., Ash Camp, Great Western Road, giving particulars of locality, size, monthly rental and date available. 10482